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Cotton and Wool Outlook

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Global Cotton Stocks Continue Decline in 2009/10

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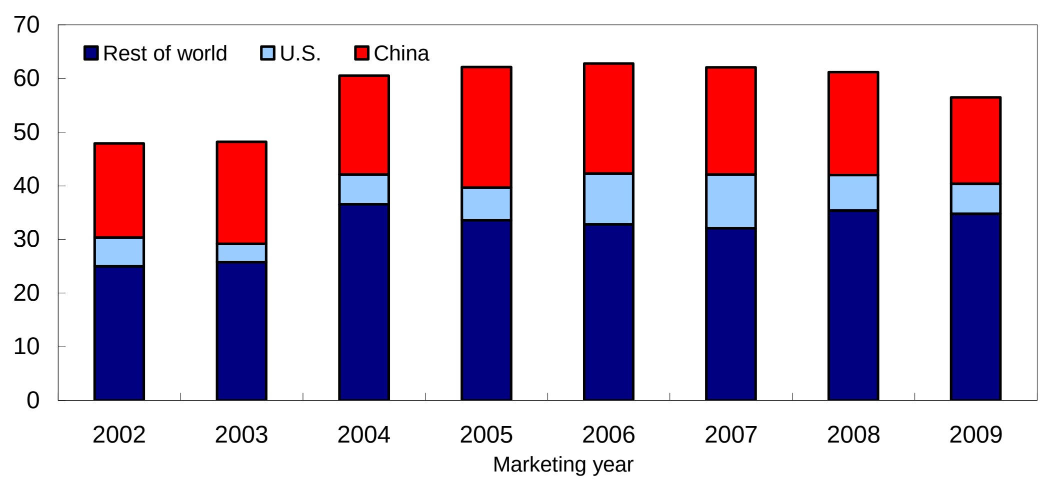
The next release is July 13, 2009

Approved by the World Agricultural Outlook Board

The latest U.S. Department of Agriculture (USDA) projections for 2009/10 indicate that global cotton stocks are projected to decrease for the third consecutive season and drop below 60 million bales for the first time in 6 seasons. World ending stocks are currently forecast at 56.5 million bales for 2009/10, nearly 8 percent (4.6 million bales) below 2008/09 and the lowest since 2003/04's 48.1 million bales (fig. 1).

The 2009/10 world stock reductions are forecast to come largely from China and the United States, which together account for 89 percent of the projected decline. The balance is spread over a number of countries with several countries—including India and Australia—expected to have higher stocks at the end of 2009/10. Cotton stock declines in China of 3.1 million bales are projected for 2009/10, as stocks are forecast to fall to 16.1 million bales, the lowest in 15 years. U.S. ending stocks are expected at 5.6 million bales next season, a one-million-bale reduction and the lowest in 5 years. Meanwhile, foreign stocks outside of China are expected to remain one of the highest on record.

Figure 1
U.S. and world cotton ending stocks
Million bales



Source: *World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates* reports, USDA.

Domestic Outlook

2009 U.S. Cotton Progress Near Normal

U.S. planting of the 2009 cotton crop was complete or nearly complete in all but a few States across the Cotton Belt in early June. As of June 7th, 89 percent of the expected U.S. cotton crop had been planted, compared with 90 percent for both last season and the 5-year average. However, planting was lagging this year in Georgia and Oklahoma as progress in these States was more than 10 percentage points below 2008 and/or the 5-year average. As of early June, Georgia plantings had reached only 75 percent, while those in Oklahoma had reached only 70 percent.

June 2009 Crop Estimate Unchanged; Exports and Stocks Revised

The U.S. cotton production estimate for 2009 was unchanged this month at 13.25 million bales, or 3 percent above the final 2008 crop and based on area reported in USDA's *Prospective Plantings*. An update to cotton area will be issued at the end of June in the *Acreage* report, which will combine actual plantings as of early June with estimates for any remaining cotton to be planted.

Beginning stocks and thus total supply, however, were reduced 200,000 bales in June as the 2008/09 export projection was raised by the same amount as a result of recent shipment volume. Cotton supply for 2009/10 is now forecast at 19.9 million bales, the lowest since 1998/99. Total estimated demand for next season was reduced this month by 200,000 bales—a shift in exports from the 2009/10 marketing year to 2008/09. Exports for 2009/10 are now forecast at 10.8 million bales, while mill use is estimated at 3.5 million.

The United States remains an export-dominated market, with 2009/10 shipments expected to account for at least 75 percent of the demand for U.S. cotton; this would be the third consecutive year for exports to account for such a large share. Meanwhile, U.S. demand as a share of world consumption is forecast to decline in 2009/10. With global cotton consumption expected to rebound next season and U.S. demand decreasing, the 2009/10 U.S. share is projected to fall from about 15 percent over the last three seasons to below 13 percent, the lowest since 1985/86.

Based on the latest revisions, U.S. ending stocks are forecast at 5.6 million bales, 1 million below the beginning level and the lowest in 5 years. In addition, the stocks-to-use ratio is expected to decrease to 39 percent, its lowest in 3 years. With demand for U.S. cotton forecast to exceed production, 2009/10 farm prices are likely to exceed the current season's estimate. Upland farm prices are projected to range between 48 and 60 cents per pound in 2009/10, compared with a 49-cent average estimated for 2008/09.

U.S. Textile Trade and Trade Deficit Drops in First-Quarter 2009

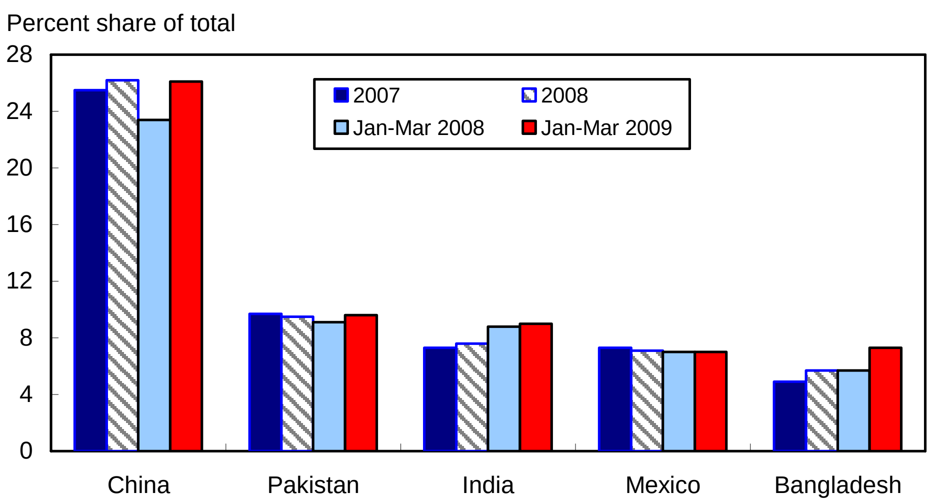
U.S. textile trade has declined considerably during first-quarter 2009 as the global economy continues to struggle. Total imports during the first three months of 2009 reached only 3.6 billion (raw-fiber equivalent) pounds, 15 percent below a year ago. During the same period, textile exports totaled about 746 million pounds, 24-percent lower than the first three months of 2008. As a result, the textile trade deficit for January-March 2009 was approximately 2.9 billion pounds or 12 percent below a year earlier.

Cotton products continue to account for most of the U.S. textile and apparel trade. During January-March 2009, cotton product imports reached 2 billion (raw-fiber equivalent) pounds, down 15 percent from 2.4 billion for the corresponding period in 2008. Likewise, cotton textile and apparel exports declined to 385 million pounds, or 20 percent below the first three months of 2008. Consequently, the cotton product trade deficit for first-quarter 2009 was 1.7 billion pounds or 14 percent less than a year ago. Cotton products accounted for 58 percent of the deficit during January-March 2009, compared with 59 percent for the same period in 2008.

Looking at the leading trading partners, first-quarter 2009 data indicate increased concentration. While the U.S. recession has reduced the volume of both cotton product imports and exports, the top five countries are accounting for a larger share of the total. For U.S. imports, the top five suppliers combined for 59 percent of the total during January-March 2009, compared with 54 percent a year earlier and 56 percent for calendar year 2008 (fig. 2). Of the top five suppliers, actual imports were higher from only Bangladesh during the first three months of 2009.

U.S. exports of cotton products are even more concentrated. The top five destinations for U.S. cotton products surpassed 86 percent during January-March 2009, slightly above both first-quarter 2008 as well as the entire calendar year. Like imports, only one country—Dominican Republic—from the top five destinations showed an increase from year ago levels.

Figure 2
Leading suppliers of U.S. cotton textile imports



Source: Complied by USDA from Census Bureau reports.

International Outlook

World 2008/09 Cotton Production Estimate Dwindles; 2009/10 Crop Slightly Lower

Global cotton production in 2008/09 is estimated at 107.1 million bales, declining 11 percent from the previous year. The production decline derives mainly from India and Brazil, where the crops are estimated at 22.5 million bales and 5.5 million bales, respectively. In India, output is 9 percent below a year ago, while in Brazil, the 2008/09 crop estimate is a 25-percent reduction from a year ago. Arrivals from Gujarat, India's largest cotton-growing state, continue below last year's pace due mainly to the smaller crop.

Bahia, Brazil's second largest cotton-producing state after Mato Grosso, suffered excessive precipitation in April and May 2009 that damaged opened bolls. Whereas normal monthly average rainfall in western Bahia is around 95mm in April and 25mm in May, data show that recent rainfall in the region was approximately 270mm in April and 115mm in May. In the past two years on average, Bahia has accounted for at least 30 percent of total cotton output in Brazil. The unusually wet weather in the northeastern state prompted Brazil's National Company of Food Supply (CONAB) to reduce its 2008/09 Bahia crop estimate to 1.78 million bales, compared with 2.04 million bales in May 2009. Mato Grosso, Brazil's top cotton-producing state, is on track to produce an estimated 2.70 million bales, a 49-percent share of the nation's 2008/09 estimated total production.

World cotton production in 2009/10 is forecast at 106.3 million bales, down less than 1 percent from the 2008/09 estimate and the lowest output in six years. Total acreage in 2009/10 is expected to decline to 30.1 million hectares, down 547,000 hectares (2 percent) from the estimated 2008/09 harvested area. World cotton area continues to give way to more profitable alternative crops and to an uncertain economic outlook.

2008/09 Global Cotton Trade Declines Further; Trade to Rise in 2009/10

World 2008/09 cotton exports are estimated to decline 27 percent to 28.3 million bales from the previous year. Reductions in trade are seen across the major cotton exporting countries, including the United States, India, and Uzbekistan. U.S. exports are estimated at 12.7 million bales (down 7 percent from a year ago), while in India and Uzbekistan, 2008/09 cotton exports are estimated to decline 70 percent and 41 percent to 2.1 million bales and 2.6 million bales, respectively. Among major exporters, only Brazil is expected to see an export increase rising 12 percent to 2.5 million bales. World 2009/10 exports are forecast at 32.7 million bales, a 15-percent rebound from the 2008/09 estimate, with India accounting for the bulk of the increase.

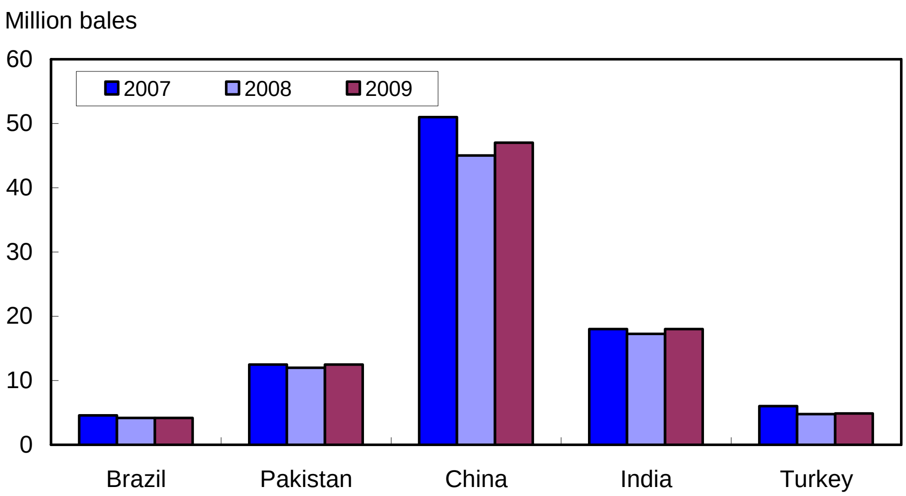
Of the 28.3 million bales of 2008/09 global cotton imports, China will account for an estimated 6.5 million bales (23 percent). China's expected 2008/09 cotton imports are a 44-percent decline from a year ago. In Turkey, 2008/09 cotton imports are estimated at 2.3 million bales, down 30 percent from the previous year, while Pakistan's imports are estimated to decline to 2.3 million bales, a 41-percent reduction from a year earlier. The slide in 2008/09 trade is due primarily to a reduction in cotton consumption resulting from the global financial crisis. In 2009/10, world cotton imports are expected to rebound 15 percent from the 2008/09 slump. Imports are expected to rise among the major importing countries, including China, Pakistan, Bangladesh, and Turkey; these countries combined are expected to account for 55 percent of global cotton imports in 2009/10.

Weak Cotton Consumption in 2008/09 but Rebound Expected in 2009/10

World mill use in 2008/09 is estimated at 110.5 million bales, representing a 10-percent decline from the previous year. In China, the world's largest cotton consumer, 2008/09 mill use is estimated at 45.5 million bales, a 12-percent decrease from a year ago. For India, 2008/09 cotton consumption is estimated at 17.3 million bales, down 6 percent from the preceding year, while mill use in Pakistan is estimated to fall 4 percent to 12 million bales.

Global consumption in 2009/10 is forecast at 113.4 million bales, less than 3 percent above 2008/09. As the world economies begin to recover, cotton consumption is expected to improve, albeit at levels below the pre-financial-crisis era. Most major cotton-consuming countries, as shown in figure 3, are expected to have higher mill use in 2009/10. China's 2009/10 mill use is projected to rebound to 47 million bales as economic conditions, especially the credit crisis, improve. Similarly, India's cotton consumption is forecast higher at 18 million bales, while Pakistan's mill use is expected to rebound to 12.5 million bales. China, India, and Pakistan together are expected to account for 68 percent of total world consumption in 2009/10.

Figure 3
Major cotton consuming countries



Source: *World Agricultural Supply and Demand Estimates* reports, USDA.

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Data

Monthly tables from ***Cotton and Wool Outlook*** are available in Excel (.xls) spreadsheets at http://www.ers.usda.gov/briefing/cotton/Data/data.htm. These tables contain the latest data on the production, use, imports, exports, prices, and textile trade of cotton and other fibers.

Related Websites

WASDE
http://usda.mannlib.cornell.edu/MannUsda/viewDocumentInfo.do?documentID=1194

Cotton Briefing Room
http://www.ers.usda.gov/briefing/cotton/

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Table 1--U.S. cotton supply and use estimates

Item	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10 May	2009/10 June
		Million acres		
Upland:				
Planted	10.535	9.297	8.668	8.668
Harvested	10.201	7.400	7.760	7.760
		Pounds		
Yield/harvested acre	864	803	796	796
		Million 480-lb. bales		
Beginning stocks	9.338	9.905	6.468	6.230
Production	18.355	12.384	12.876	12.876
Total supply 1/	27.699	22.292	19.347	19.122
Mill use	4.553	3.520	3.470	3.470
Exports	12.820	12.525	10.500	10.300
Total use	17.373	16.045	13.970	13.770
Ending stocks 2/	9.905	6.243	5.422	5.397
		Percent		
Stocks-to-use ratio	57.0	38.9	38.8	39.2
		1,000 acres		
Extra-long staple:				
Planted	292.2	174.0	144.0	144.0
Harvested	288.1	168.7	142.0	142.0
		Pounds		
Yield/harvested acre	1,419	1,226	1,265	1,265
		1,000 480-lb. bales		
Beginning stocks	141	139	332	357
Production	852	431	374	374
Total supply 1/	999	572	708	733
Mill use	36	30	30	30
Exports	833	175	500	500
Total use	869	205	530	530
Ending stocks 2/	139	357	178	203
		Percent		
Stocks-to-use ratio	16.0	174.1	33.6	38.3

1/ Includes imports. 2/ Includes unaccounted.

Last update: 06/11/09.

Sources: USDA, World Agricultural Outlook Board; and USDC, U.S. Census Bureau.

Table 2--World cotton supply and use estimates

Item	2007/08	2008/09	2009/10 May	2009/10 June
		Million 480-lb. bales		
Supply:				
Beginning stocks--				
World	62.78	62.08	62.31	61.16
Foreign	53.30	52.04	55.51	54.56
Production--				
World	120.53	107.09	106.46	106.26
Foreign	101.32	94.28	93.21	93.01
Imports--				
World	37.99	28.34	32.80	32.65
Foreign	37.98	28.33	32.79	32.65
Use:				
Mill use--				
World	122.67	110.50	113.54	113.42
Foreign	118.08	106.95	110.04	109.92
Exports--				
World	38.61	28.34	32.80	32.65
Foreign	24.96	15.64	21.80	21.85
Ending stocks--				
World	62.08	61.16	57.77	56.54
Foreign	52.04	54.56	52.17	50.94
		Percent		
Stocks-to-use ratio:				
World	50.6	55.3	50.9	49.9
Foreign	44.1	51.0	47.7	46.3

Last update: 06/11/09.

Source: USDA, World Agricultural Outlook Board.

Table 3--U.S. fiber supply

Item	2009 Feb.	2009 Mar.	2009 Apr.	2008 Apr.
	1,000 480-lb. bales			
Cotton:				
Ginnings	118	0	0	0
Imports since August 1	0.0	0.0	NA	9.2
Stocks, beginning	14,878	13,959	12,588	17,246
At mills	161	154	150	181
Public storage	13,678	12,908	11,585	15,267
CCC stocks	7,212	7,375	4,194	10,055
	Million pounds			
Manmade:				
Production	419.6	454.8	454.0	573.2
Noncellulosic	419.6	454.8	454.0	573.2
Cellulosic	NA	NA	NA	NA
Total since January 1	844.2	1,299.0	1,753.0	2,343.4

	2009 Jan.	2009 Feb.	2009 Mar.	2008 Mar.
	Million pounds			
Raw fiber imports:	125.0	110.6	125.6	165.0
Noncellulosic	113.6	98.6	112.6	147.3
Cellulosic	11.4	12.0	12.9	17.7
Total since January 1	125.0	235.6	361.2	498.3
	1,000 pounds			
Wool and mohair:				
Raw wool imports, clean	1,061.7	982.9	1,043.0	1,405.6
48s-and-finer	276.2	218.3	344.3	593.5
Not-finer-than-46s	785.5	764.6	698.8	812.1
Total since January 1	1,061.7	2,044.6	3,087.6	4,047.7
Wool top imports	126.1	149.9	229.1	156.4
Total since January 1	126.1	276.0	505.1	497.0
Mohair imports, clean	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total since January 1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

NA = Not available.

Last update: 06/11/09.

Sources: USDA, National Agricultural Statistics Service; USDC, U.S. Census Bureau; and *Fiber Organon.*

Table 4--U.S. cotton system fiber consumption

Item		2009 Feb.	2009 Mar.	2009 Apr.	2008 Apr.
		1,000 480-lb. bales			
Cotton:					
All consumed by mills 1/		239	276	262	388
Total since August 1	1/	2,188	2,464	2,726	3,445
SA annual rate 2/		3,094	3,191	3,096	4,560
SA daily rate 2/		11.9	12.2	11.9	17.4
Daily rate		11.9	12.5	11.9	17.7
Upland consumed by mills 1/		237	273	260	385
Total since August 1	1/	2,171	2,444	2,704	3,418
Daily rate		11.8	12.4	11.8	17.5
		1,000 spindles/hours			
Spindles in place		1,218	1,182	1,090	1,339
Active spindles		1,147	1,105	1,029	1,282
Spindle hours (1,000)		502	603	457	701
		Percent			
Cotton's share of fibers		83.3	84.3	83.2	86.4
		1,000 pounds			
Manmade:					
Total consumed by mills 1/		22,962	24,575	25,449	29,228
Total since August 1	1/	176,633	201,208	226,657	272,562
Daily rate		1,148	1,117	1,157	1,329
Noncellulosic staple		1,140	1,100	1,143	1,302
Cellulosic staple		8	17	14	27

1/ Adjusted to calendar month. 2/ SA = Seasonally adjusted.

Last update: 06/11/09.

Source: USDC, U.S. Census Bureau.

Table 5--U.S. fiber exports

Item	2009 Jan.	2009 Feb.	2009 Mar.	2008 Mar.
	1,000 480-lb. bales			
Cotton:				
Upland exports	784	774	1,075	1,013
Total since August 1	5,865	6,639	7,714	7,802
Sales for next season	28	32	185	19
Total since August 1	128	160	345	459
Extra-long staple exports	7.1	24.9	21.0	113.2
Total since August 1	48.1	73.0	94.0	588.9
Sales for next season	0.0	0.1	0.8	9.5
Total since August 1	0.0	0.1	0.9	20.3
	Million pounds			
Manmade:				
Raw fiber exports	35.4	37.7	38.4	64.3
Noncellulosic	34.8	37.1	37.9	63.3
Cellulosic	0.6	0.5	0.5	1.0
Total since January 1	35.4	73.1	111.5	188.2
	1,000 pounds			
Wool and mohair:				
Raw wool exports, clean	419.9	287.3	874.0	1,092.6
Total since January 1	419.9	707.2	1,581.2	3,093.6
Wool top exports	87.9	95.1	154.9	0.0
Total since January 1	87.9	182.9	337.8	45.8
Mohair exports, clean	115.7	0.0	101.8	33.3
Total since January 1	115.7	115.7	217.5	102.3

Last update: 06/11/09.

Sources: USDA, *Export Sales;* USDC, U.S. Census Bureau; and *Fiber Organon.*

Table 6--U.S. and world fiber prices

Item	2009 Mar.	2009 Apr.	2009 May	2008 May
	Cents per pound			
Domestic cotton prices:				
Adjusted world price	32.80	38.52	44.75	59.00
Upland spot 41-34	38.53	45.11	52.92	60.67
Pima spot 03-46	103.27	101.86	96.60	89.00
Avg. price received by upland producers	41.00	45.30	43.90	64.60
Far Eastern cotton quotes:				
A Index	51.28	56.77	61.99	73.91
Memphis/Eastern	51.44	58.45	65.56	74.50
Memphis/Orleans/Texas	49.88	57.20	64.31	73.30
California/Arizona	56.13	61.80	67.06	76.15
	Dollars per pound			
Wool prices (clean):				
U.S. 56s	NQ	NQ	1.37	1.97
Australian 56s 1/	1.83	2.05	2.28	2.73
U.S. 60s	NQ	1.32	1.73	2.78
Australian 60s 1/	2.22	2.39	2.72	3.44
U.S. 64s	NQ	1.57	2.15	3.33
Australian 64s 1/	2.30	2.50	2.87	3.78

NQ = No quote.

1/ In bond, Charleston, SC.

Last update: 06/11/09.

Sources: USDA, *Cotton Price Statistics*; Cotlook Ltd., *Cotton Outlook*; and trade reports.

Table 7--U.S. textile imports, by fiber

Item	2009 Jan.	2009 Feb.	2009 Mar.	2008 Mar.
	1,000 pounds 1/			
Yarn, thread, and fabric	204,626	174,654	199,354	232,154
Cotton	52,114	41,677	48,065	64,383
Linen	24,091	16,202	15,576	24,494
Wool	2,940	2,558	2,946	3,585
Silk	734	500	569	1,069
Manmade	124,747	113,717	132,198	138,623
Apparel	830,871	752,671	746,440	822,524
Cotton	525,339	486,101	486,408	545,991
Linen	12,966	10,547	9,785	11,712
Wool	12,678	10,785	10,423	10,909
Silk	12,198	9,635	9,515	11,038
Manmade	267,690	235,604	230,309	242,874
Home furnishings	200,395	179,430	167,941	195,531
Cotton	129,828	124,054	114,512	136,208
Linen	848	607	502	1,023
Wool	349	252	322	354
Silk	229	113	143	570
Manmade	69,141	54,404	52,463	57,376
Floor coverings	49,793	42,951	43,500	56,439
Cotton	8,454	7,100	6,180	8,229
Linen	9,148	8,312	10,884	12,469
Wool	9,737	7,600	7,782	11,337
Silk	1,723	1,647	1,413	1,682
Manmade	20,730	18,292	17,242	22,722
Total imports 2/	1,295,734	1,157,021	1,164,569	1,314,841
Cotton	720,742	662,486	658,954	759,322
Linen	47,809	36,137	37,247	50,327
Wool	25,901	21,439	21,629	26,337
Silk	14,885	11,895	11,640	14,359
Manmade	486,396	425,064	435,100	464,496

1/ Raw-fiber equivalent. 2/ Includes headgear.

Last update: 06/11/09.

Sources: USDA, Economic Research Service; and USDC, U.S. Census Bureau.

Table 8--U.S. textile exports, by fiber

Item	2009 Jan.	2009 Feb.	2009 Mar.	2008 Mar.
	1,000 pounds 1/			
Yarn, thread, and fabric	198,699	191,165	209,130	266,132
Cotton	115,374	105,905	118,395	139,467
Linen	4,393	5,511	5,841	7,269
Wool	2,264	2,711	2,848	3,192
Silk	1,167	1,417	1,376	2,383
Manmade	75,501	75,620	80,670	113,821
Apparel	22,711	24,314	25,337	30,925
Cotton	10,849	11,937	12,069	14,881
Linen	396	433	453	596
Wool	1,503	1,582	1,789	2,131
Silk	949	981	1,189	1,290
Manmade	9,014	9,382	9,836	12,027
Home furnishings	2,808	3,358	4,172	4,656
Cotton	1,381	1,614	2,000	2,577
Linen	87	127	163	206
Wool	50	63	61	66
Silk	28	38	68	101
Manmade	1,262	1,517	1,881	1,706
Floor coverings	19,507	21,138	22,845	33,051
Cotton	1,498	1,639	1,906	2,133
Linen	757	857	904	1,075
Wool	1,018	1,347	1,363	2,775
Silk	42	36	37	31
Manmade	16,193	17,259	18,635	27,037
Total exports 2/	244,015	240,207	261,691	335,120
Cotton	129,193	121,209	134,434	159,184
Linen	5,634	6,931	7,363	9,153
Wool	4,839	5,709	6,066	8,177
Silk	2,185	2,472	2,670	3,805
Manmade	102,163	103,887	111,158	154,801

1/ Raw-fiber equivalent. 2/ Includes headgear.

Last update: 06/11/09.

Sources: USDA, Economic Research Service; and USDC, U.S. Census Bureau.

Table 9--U.S. cotton textile imports, by country of origin

Region/country	2009 Jan.	2009 Feb.	2009 Mar.	2008 Mar.
	1,000 pounds 1/			
North America	121,356	150,691	153,371	185,282
Canada	3,297	3,531	3,792	4,657
Costa Rica	1,283	1,925	2,353	4,740
Dominican Republic	2,649	5,320	6,111	7,619
El Salvador	15,175	21,338	18,873	24,063
Guatemala	9,855	9,461	10,753	14,065
Haiti	7,050	13,881	12,997	11,649
Honduras	26,560	34,793	35,387	44,732
Mexico	45,514	47,479	50,795	56,057
Nicaragua	9,876	12,893	12,276	17,403
South America	8,750	7,259	6,869	11,839
Brazil	4,001	2,892	2,421	5,206
Colombia	1,358	1,318	1,435	2,108
Peru	3,217	2,886	2,885	4,276
Europe	11,225	9,011	9,348	18,474
Italy	2,484	1,515	1,938	3,010
Portugal	1,529	920	1,007	2,205
Turkey	3,663	3,260	3,067	7,579
Asia	554,636	475,635	467,999	517,390
Bahrain	1,682	2,709	1,824	2,689
Bangladesh	51,207	45,972	51,253	48,309
Cambodia	20,604	16,398	20,755	28,399
China	213,105	170,286	149,554	134,084
Hong Kong	4,442	2,510	1,992	7,642
India	63,104	56,732	63,175	72,392
Indonesia	31,543	24,974	28,348	30,382
Israel	1,821	1,284	1,366	2,006
Jordan	7,455	5,430	5,500	7,173
Macao	2,959	1,668	1,253	5,204
Malaysia	3,769	2,946	2,888	5,661
Pakistan	64,267	66,664	65,008	78,778
Philippines	7,187	7,317	6,980	10,903
South Korea	6,485	6,751	6,367	9,215
Sri Lanka	10,751	8,800	9,245	12,310
Taiwan	4,579	3,582	4,320	5,603
Thailand	12,424	11,560	12,229	18,306
Vietnam	43,254	36,455	32,469	31,475
Oceania	64	89	64	85
Africa	24,709	19,798	21,294	26,246
Egypt	11,493	11,321	9,914	12,378
Kenya	3,040	1,732	2,502	2,974
Lesotho	4,175	2,726	3,765	5,188
Madagascar	2,624	1,814	2,205	2,715
World 2/	720,742	662,486	658,954	759,322

1/ Raw-fiber equivalent. 2/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

Last update: 06/11/09.

Sources: USDA, Economic Research Service; and USDC, U.S. Census Bureau.

Table 10--U.S. cotton textile exports, by destination country

Region/country	2009 Jan.	2009 Feb.	2009 Mar.	2008 Mar.
	1,000 pounds 1/			
North America	118,599	109,381	122,206	144,578
Bahamas	111	101	76	94
Canada	7,990	9,161	9,628	12,197
Costa Rica	416	587	418	1,363
Dominican Republic	22,483	15,854	19,857	16,128
El Salvador	9,635	12,404	11,127	16,155
Guatemala	2,046	3,536	4,037	5,134
Haiti	393	394	690	1,032
Honduras	46,122	39,035	46,172	57,270
Jamaica	194	81	120	122
Mexico	27,696	26,000	28,081	32,824
Nicaragua	1,040	1,527	1,498	1,703
Panama	79	319	170	107
South America	2,825	2,747	2,550	3,545
Brazil	578	336	526	449
Chile	79	136	126	173
Colombia	540	703	583	1,320
Peru	111	141	98	221
Venezuela	1,302	1,029	951	1,063
Europe	2,852	3,550	3,896	4,163
Belgium	252	419	386	442
France	230	138	247	219
Germany	635	762	804	726
Italy	197	190	166	264
Netherlands	339	407	548	460
Turkey	38	128	84	135
United Kingdom	642	886	903	1,071
Asia	4,189	4,760	4,881	5,790
China	442	857	776	847
Hong Kong	573	440	354	406
India	321	184	292	311
Israel	250	112	194	137
Japan	676	1,083	995	1,242
Philippines	13	184	56	127
Saudi Arabia	150	133	116	470
Singapore	198	73	116	262
South Korea	460	546	790	591
Sri Lanka	35	57	140	135
Taiwan	344	81	85	535
Thailand	45	78	60	120
United Arab Emirates	235	262	323	181
Oceania	456	481	550	647
Australia	349	385	461	500
Africa	271	290	347	460
Egypt	11	10	36	11
World 2/	129,193	121,209	134,434	159,184

1/ Raw-fiber equivalent. 2/ Totals may not add due to rounding.

Last update: 06/11/09.

Sources: USDA, Economic Research Service; and USDC, U.S. Census Bureau.