

# Crop Production

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December 10, 1969  
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DECEMBER 1, 1969

The Crop Reporting Board of the Statistical Reporting Service makes the following report for the United States from data furnished by crop correspondents, field statisticians, and cooperating State agencies.

## CITRUS FRUITS 1/

CROP	PRODUCTION		
	1967-68	1968-69	Indicated 1969-70
	----- 1,000 boxes -----		
Oranges .....	124,570	183,880	190,100
Grapefruit .....	44,058	54,170	53,300
Lemons .....	16,850	15,810	17,800

1/ Season begins with the bloom of the first year shown and ends with the completion of harvest the following year.

## POTATOES, IRISH

Seasonal group	ACREAGE HARVESTED			YIELD HARVESTED PER ACRE			PRODUCTION			
	1967	1968	1969	1967	1968	1969	1967	1968	1969	
	- 1,000 acres -			- Cwt. -			- 1,000 cwt. -			
Fall .....	1,088.6	1,030.3	1,059.0	212	214	221	231,224	220,024	233,637	
	1968	1969	1970	1968	1969	1970	1968	1969	1970	
Winter ....	21.9	19.8	19.3	177	193	194	3,885	3,828	3,748	
	Acreage planted			Inten- tions			Yield per planted acre			Production
E. Spring ..	34.4	33.0	30.8	146	172	---	5,019	5,687	April 10	

## MONTHLY MILK AND EGG PRODUCTION

MONTH	MILK			EGGS		
	1967	1968	1969	1967	1968	1969
	----- Million pounds -----			----- Millions -----		
October .....	9,169	9,120	9,150	5,831	5,682	5,732
November .....	8,781	8,721	8,688	5,696	5,531	5,592
Jan.-Nov. Incl. .:	109,510	108,090	106,999	64,089	63,623	62,927

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Statistical Reporting Service  
CrPr 2-2 (12-69)

Crop Reporting Board  
Washington, D. C. 20250

## CROP REPORT SUMMARY AS OF DECEMBER 1, 1969

Fall harvest was well along across most of the country on December 1, according to the Crop Reporting Board. Although corn harvest lagged in parts of the Corn Belt, delays were not considered serious. Fall-seeded small grains were entering winter in fair to excellent condition.

The U. S. 1969-70 citrus crop is expected to be record high, 1 percent more than the previous record crop in 1966-67. Output of winter potatoes is expected to be less than last year, but production of vegetables for winter consumption is expected to be up. Egg production during November was 1 percent above a year earlier, but milk production was down slightly from last November.

### Record Citrus Production

The Nation's 1969-70 citrus crop is expected to be the largest of record, 1 percent more than the previous record set in 1966-67. Of the 11.6 million tons expected this season, 70 percent are oranges, 19 percent grapefruit, and 6 percent lemons. The remaining 5 percent are temples, tangerines and tangelos. Only grapefruit and tangerines are expected to fall below last season. Florida continues as the Nation's major supplier of citrus fruit, accounting for 70 percent of 1969-70 tonnage. California accounts for 21 percent; Arizona and Texas, the remaining 9 percent.

### Harvest Progressing Well Most Areas

Fall harvest operations progressed well in most States in November, and neared completion in many areas.

In the important North Central States, November weather generally favored harvest, compared to intermittent rains and poor drying conditions in October. Progress in many areas was near normal by Thanksgiving. Combining soybeans was virtually complete except in parts of Missouri and Kansas. Harvest of corn neared 90 percent in most North Central States, despite some problems. Heavy rains in Indiana on the 18th and 19th virtually halted field work until the last few days of the month. Above normal precipitation slowed corn picking in Ohio and Michigan. Despite well below normal rainfall in the remaining North Central States, moisture content of corn was often high, requiring artificial drying before storage. High moisture and lack of drying facilities delayed harvest to some extent, especially in Iowa and Nebraska.

Weather continued to favor fall harvesting in most South Atlantic and South Central States, but heavy rains November 16-20 interrupted field work in Arkansas, Louisiana and the southern half of Texas. Picking cotton was virtually complete except in Oklahoma and Texas, and corn harvest was nearly complete in most of

this area. Combining soybeans ranged from about three-fourths complete to wind-up.

Conditions generally favored fall harvesting in most of the West.

#### November Generally Dry

November precipitation was below normal over much of the country, except from western Ohio northeastward through New England, and in the southwestern half of Texas. Precipitation was also above normal in scattered local areas in Rocky Mountain States, in a strip across northern Florida, and along the Georgia-Carolina coast. Most of the western Corn Belt had less than half normal precipitation. November continued a 2 to 3 month below normal rainfall in parts of the South Atlantic and South Central States. Much of this area needed more moisture on November 1 for growth of pastures and small grains. And small grains in the Pacific Northwest needed more moisture.

November temperatures generally averaged above normal in the area roughly west of northern Michigan to southwestern Texas. To the East, temperatures generally averaged below normal, except in New England and in New York. Parts of the northern Great Plains averaged from 3° to 6° above normal. In parts of the East, the last week of November marked the 7th consecutive cold week. A hard freeze about mid-month caused some damage to sugarcane in Louisiana and some winter vegetables in Louisiana and Texas.

#### Winter Wheat Progressing Well

Fall-seeded small grains are entering the winter in fair to excellent condition. Precipitation was well below normal in the Great Plains during November, but favorable growing weather combined with October rains produced excellent growth in such major States as Kansas, Nebraska, Oklahoma, and Texas. Topsoil moisture is becoming short in parts of the Great Plains, where general rain would be welcome. Winter wheat condition is good to excellent in Colorado and soil moisture ample. South Dakota acreage is in fair condition, but some stands are spotty and poor because of dry soils at seeding time. Winter wheat is good to excellent in the Corn Belt, and has adequate soil moisture.

Winter wheat is fair in the Northwest. Montana wheat is short and stands spotty in some areas. Planting was late and soil moisture limited. Washington wheat is growing slowly and needs more precipitation. Much of the Pacific Northwest wheat is entering winter with short and uneven stands.

Seeding fall small grains is nearly complete in the South Central and Southeastern States with a few delays because of dry soils. Early seeded grains are in fair to good condition. Small grains are supplying limited pasture feed in the South and considerable grazing in the Central and Southern Great Plains.

#### Pastures Fair to Good

Fall seeded small grains were furnishing fair to good grazing for livestock in the Central and Southern Great Plains. Grazing of wheat was limited in Central and Eastern Kansas because of short top growth. However, volunteer wheat and crop residues were providing excellent grazing. In Oklahoma, grazing of small grains was increasing although limited, some, by loose soils, where a good rain was needed to settle the soil. Texas wheat in the High Plains was furnishing excellent grazing. Pasture feed was short in eastern Texas but was expected to improve following heavy rains November 16-20.

Pastures were holding up very well in most of the Corn Belt because of ample moisture in October and relatively mild weather in November. Lack of severe storms or snow cover also permitted full use of stalk fields and other crop residues.

The condition of pastures and winter grazing crops varied highly in the South Atlantic and eastern South Central States. Pastures were generally in good condition for this time of year across the northern parts of this area. However, dry soils limited growth of small grains and winter grazing crops across much of the South.

November weather conditions in the West favored cattle and sheep because temperatures averaged above normal and precipitation below normal in most areas. Ranges and pastures remained open most of the month.

#### Less Winter Potatoes--More Fresh Vegetables

Production of 1970 winter potatoes is expected to be 2 percent less than last year.

Winter production of lettuce, artichokes and broccoli is expected to be above last year, more than offsetting declines in production of cauliflower, celery and spinach.

CITRUS: The Nation's 1969-70 orange crop is forecast at 190.1 million boxes, 3 percent above last season and 53 percent above the short 1967-68 crop. All citrus States expect larger orange crops than last year. California's forecast is almost 2 percent above last season, Florida's 3 percent, Texas 22 percent, and Arizona 4 percent.

Prospective production of oranges in Florida as of December 1 is 6 percent below the November 1 forecast. Heavy droppage was anticipated in earlier forecasts but droppage to date has exceeded original projections. Fruit droppage since October was unusually heavy. High soil moisture conditions prevalent in late summer and early fall are considered to be a primary cause. Bacterial rot is taking its toll of oranges. Based on recent field observations, rate of droppage appeared to be moderating.

The 1969-70 grapefruit crop is expected to be 53.3 million boxes -- 2 percent below last year but 21 percent above 1967-68. Florida growers expect smaller crops than last year, but Arizona, California, and Texas growers expect to exceed last year's production.

Lemon production is expected to be slightly less than forecast last month, but 13 percent above last year and 6 percent above the previous year. Reduced prospects in Arizona caused the decline from last month.

Tangerines are expected to be 9 percent below the 1968-69 crop but exceed 1967-68 production by 9 percent.

Florida tangelo prospects remain at a record 2.9 million boxes -- up from 1.8 last season and 1.7 million boxes in the two previous years.

Florida Temple production is expected to be one-third larger than last year and to set a new record at 6 million boxes forecast.

Florida citrus trees continued in excellent condition. Rain was much less frequent the last half of November and standing water dried out. Cold nights and cool days helped induce dormancy. Groves have been cultivated and heaters set up and checked in preparation for cold temperatures that may occur in coming months.

In California, weather generally favored fruit development. Harvest of Navel oranges continues in the Desert Valleys, is increasing in central districts but has not started in southern California. Valencia trees recovered well from last year's freeze damage and set a good fruit crop. Picking will begin in desert areas at the end of February. Light grapefruit harvest is underway in the desert valleys.

In Texas, citrus sized well in November where groves received adequate irrigation, fruit sizes are small where water is short. Freezing temperatures November 20 and 21 caused only minor leaf damage. Harvest of grapefruit and early and mid-season oranges was moderately active in the Lower Rio Grande Valley in November.

In Arizona, harvest of Navel oranges and early tangerines is in full swing in the Salt River Valley. Limited harvest of sweet oranges and early tangelos is just getting started. Grapefruit picking is near peak volume in the Yuma area, but is very limited in the Salt River Valley where fruit sizes are considerably smaller than normal. Recent rains have benefited new growth, and citrus groves are in good condition.

POTATOES: The 1970 crop of winter potatoes is forecast at 3,748,000 cwt., 2 percent less than the 1969 crop of 3,828,000 cwt. Production in Florida is estimated at 1,836,000 cwt., 7 percent below the 1969 outturn of 1,980,000 cwt. California's production is forecast at 1,912,000 cwt., 3 percent above the 1969 crop of 1,848,000.

Harvest is underway in California in the early areas of Riverside, Madera and Kern Counties. Movement in good volume is expected by late December and continuing through January. The Everglades area of Florida should start digging in late December.

Intended 1970 plantings of early spring potatoes are estimated at 30,800 acres, 7 percent less than last year's planted acreage. The Hastings, Florida growers expect to plant 25,000 acres this year, compared with 1969 plantings of 26,500 acres. Other Florida area growers intend to plant 2,500 acres for 1970, compared with 3,200 acres in 1969. But southern Texas growers expect to plant 3,300 acres in 1970, same as in 1969. About three-fourths of Texas plantings are expected to be red potatoes for fresh market and one-fourth whites for processing.

The 1969 U. S. production of fall potatoes is estimated at 233,637,000 cwt., 6 percent more than in 1968 and 1 percent above 1967. Production is defined as the quantities hauled from the field. Freezing temperatures occurred in many areas during October prior to the completion of harvest.

Estimated production and comments for all seasonal groups of the 1969 potato crop will be carried in the Crop Production Annual Summary on December 19, 1969. The report of December 1, 1969 stocks of fall potatoes will be released at 3:00 p.m., EST, December 12, 1969.

POULTRY AND EGGS: The Nations's laying flock produced 5,592 million eggs in November, down 2 percent from a month earlier but 1 percent above a year earlier. Layers on hand in November averaged 318.9 million, 1 percent above October and slightly more than a year earlier.

Egg production was up 8 percent from a year earlier in the South Atlantic Region and up 1 percent in the West North Central. It was down 2 percent in the West and down 1 percent each in the North Atlantic and East North Central. Production in the South Central Region was about the same as a year earlier.

Layers on farms December 1 totaled 320.6 million, compared to 317.2 on November 1 and 318.2 on December 1, 1968. Increases from a year earlier of 6 percent in the South Atlantic Region and 1 percent in the South Central more than offset moderate declines in all other regions.

Rate of lay on December 1 averaged 58.3 eggs per 100 layers, down from the 58.6 a month earlier but up from the 57.9 a year earlier. Rate of lay was higher than a year earlier in the West North Central, South Atlantic, and South Central regions but lower in the North Atlantic, East North Central and West.

Potential layers (hens and pullets of laying age plus pullets 3 months old and older not of laying age) on December 1 totaled 372.4

million, up 1 percent from the 367.7 million a year earlier. The increase from a year earlier was 7 percent in the South Atlantic region and 1 percent each in the West North Central and South Central regions. Decreases were 2 percent in the West and 1 percent in the North Atlantic region. The East North Central had about the same number as a year earlier. Pullets 3 months and older but not of laying age on December 1 totaled 51.8 million, compared with 49.5 million a year earlier.

HENS AND PULLETS OF LAYING AGE, PLUS PULLETS 3 MONTHS OLD AND OLDER NOT OF LAYING AGE, POTENTIAL LAYERS AND EGGS LAID PER 100 LAYERS ON FARMS, DECEMBER 1

Year	North Atlantic	E. North Central	W. North Central	South Atlantic	South Central	Western	48 States	United States 1/
HENS AND PULLETS OF LAYING AGE ON FARMS, DECEMBER 1								
----- Thousands -----								
1967	45,451	45,277	50,431	62,907	69,471	52,875	326,412	327,372
1968	44,876	43,831	45,362	63,816	67,334	52,020	317,239	318,226
1969	44,236	43,784	44,783	67,791	67,809	51,211	319,614	320,618
PULLETS 3 MONTHS OLD AND OLDER NOT OF LAYING AGE								
1967	5,210	7,020	5,190	11,320	11,480	7,810	48,030	48,215
1968	5,130	6,540	4,410	13,030	12,440	7,720	49,270	49,470
1969	5,180	6,540	5,290	14,200	12,810	7,560	51,580	51,778
POTENTIAL LAYERS ON FARMS, DECEMBER 1 2/								
1967	50,661	52,297	55,621	74,227	80,951	60,685	374,442	375,587
1968	50,006	50,371	49,772	76,846	79,774	59,740	366,509	367,696
1969	49,416	50,324	50,073	81,991	80,619	58,771	371,194	372,396
EGGS LAID PER 100 LAYERS ON FARMS								
----- Number -----								
1967	59.0	59.6	56.4	59.2	56.2	59.0	58.1	58.1
1968	59.1	59.5	55.5	58.1	56.2	60.0	57.9	57.9
1969	59.0	59.2	57.4	59.5	56.7	58.5	58.3	58.3

1/ Includes Alaska and Hawaii.

2/ Hens and pullets of laying age plus pullets 3 months old and older not of laying age.

**MILK PRODUCTION:** November milk production is estimated at 8,688 million pounds, 0.4 percent less than a year earlier. November daily production was down 2 percent from a month earlier, compared with a 1-percent decrease a year earlier. Daily average production January through November 1969 was 0.7 percent less than a year earlier.

Monthly milk production, November 1969 with comparisons  
(In millions of pounds)

State	Nov. 1967	Nov. 1968	Oct. 1969	Nov. 1969	State	Nov. 1967	Nov. 1968	Oct. 1969	Nov. 1969
Maine	46	45	50	47	S. C.	41	42	44	42
N.H.	28	28	30	29	Ga.	85	85	95	93
Vt.	136	140	159	145	Fla.	125	119	124	120
Mass.	56	54	57	55	Ky.	175	173	201	172
R.I.	6.5	6.0	6.3	6.0	Tenn.	154	153	176	159
Conn.	54	54	57	54	Ala.	67	66	67	67
N.Y.	772	768	816	769	Miss.	86	85	86	83
N.J.	65	61	61	59	Ark.	53	53	56	51
Pa.	526	537	584	551	La.	82	83	89	87
Ohio	348	343	367	344	Okla.	104	102	107	105
Ind.	186	182	191	180	Texas	244	232	249	242
Ill.	233	228	232	222	Mont.	28	26	27	26
Mich.	353	359	394	356	Idaho	106	108	112	105
Wis.	1,303	1,271	1,340	1,246	Wyo.	12.4	12.1	12.6	12.4
Minn.	717	699	664	695	Colo.	66	67	72	69
Iowa	385	371	363	342	N. Mex.	26	26	27	25
Mo.	230	225	224	218	Ariz.	44	45	48	46
N. Dak.	75	69	67	63	Utah	57	60	66	62
S. Dak.	108	107	114	103	Nev.	10.3	10.9	11.7	10.9
Nebr.	121	118	119	116	Wash.	146	148	164	149
Kans.	133	134	134	130	Oreg.	71	71	76	70
Del.	10.9	10.8	10.6	10.4	Calif.	679	715	744	717
Md.	119	127	132	128	Alaska	1.36	1.34	1.43	1.35
Va.	139	135	151	136	Hawaii	11.8	10.8	11.0	11.0
W. Va.	34	33	35	33	U. S.	8,781	8,721	9,150	8,688
N. C.	122	122	125	125					

CROP REPORTING BOARD



CITRUS FRUITS, PRODUCTION <sup>1/</sup>

Crop and State	1967-68	1968-69	Indicated: 1969-70	1967-68	1968-69	Indicated 1969-70
	1,000 boxes <sup>2/</sup>			Equivalent tons		
<b>ORANGES:</b>						
<b>EARLY, MIDSEASON &amp; NAVEL VARIETIES:<sup>3/</sup></b>						
Calif.	9,150	18,600	22,000	343,000	698,000	825,000
Fla.	51,400	69,700	75,000	2,313,000	3,136,000	3,375,000
Texas	970	2,800	3,400	43,600	126,000	153,000
Ariz.	880	1,270	1,300	33,000	47,600	48,800
<b>Total Above</b>	<b>62,400</b>	<b>92,370</b>	<b>101,700</b>	<b>2,732,600</b>	<b>4,007,600</b>	<b>4,401,800</b>
<b>VALENCIAS:</b>						
Calif.	10,000	25,700	23,000	375,000	964,000	862,000
Fla.	49,100	60,000	59,000	2,210,000	2,700,000	2,655,000
Texas	830	1,700	2,100	37,400	76,500	94,500
Ariz.	2,240	4,110	4,300	84,000	154,000	161,000
<b>Total Valencias</b>	<b>62,170</b>	<b>91,510</b>	<b>88,400</b>	<b>2,706,400</b>	<b>3,894,500</b>	<b>3,772,500</b>
<b>ALL ORANGES:</b>						
Calif.	19,150	44,300	45,000	718,000	1,662,000	1,687,000
Fla.	100,500	129,700	134,000	4,523,000	5,836,000	6,030,000
Texas	1,800	4,500	5,500	81,000	202,500	247,500
Ariz.	3,120	5,380	5,600	117,000	201,600	209,800
<b>U.S., All Oranges</b>	<b>124,570</b>	<b>183,880</b>	<b>190,100</b>	<b>5,439,000</b>	<b>7,902,100</b>	<b>8,174,300</b>
<b>GRAPEFRUIT:</b>						
Fla., All	32,900	39,900	37,000	1,399,000	1,695,000	1,572,000
Seedless	23,700	27,700	27,000	1,008,000	1,177,000	1,147,000
Pink	9,400	10,700	10,000	400,000	455,000	425,000
White	14,300	17,000	17,000	608,000	722,000	722,000
Other	9,200	12,200	10,000	391,000	518,000	425,000
Texas	2,800	6,700	8,000	112,000	268,000	320,000
Ariz.	3,740	2,510	3,000	120,000	80,300	96,000
Calif., All	4,618	5,060	5,300	150,400	165,300	172,400
Desert Valleys	2,918	3,260	3,200	93,400	105,000	102,000
Other Areas	1,700	1,800	2,100	57,000	60,300	70,400
<b>U. S., All</b>	<b>44,058</b>	<b>54,170</b>	<b>53,300</b>	<b>1,781,400</b>	<b>2,208,600</b>	<b>2,160,400</b>
<b>LEMONS:</b>						
Calif.	13,600	12,300	14,500	517,000	468,000	551,000
Ariz.	3,250	3,510	3,300	124,000	134,000	125,000
<b>U. S. Lemons</b>	<b>16,850</b>	<b>15,810</b>	<b>17,800</b>	<b>641,000</b>	<b>602,000</b>	<b>676,000</b>
<b>TANGELOS: Fla.</b>	<b>1,700</b>	<b>1,800</b>	<b>2,900</b>	<b>76,500</b>	<b>81,000</b>	<b>130,000</b>
<b>TANGERINES:</b>						
Fla.	2,800	3,400	2,700	133,000	162,000	128,000
Ariz.	150	170	220	5,620	6,380	8,250
Calif.	560	640	900	21,000	24,000	33,800
<b>Total Tangerines</b>	<b>3,510</b>	<b>4,210</b>	<b>3,820</b>	<b>159,620</b>	<b>192,380</b>	<b>170,050</b>
<b>TEMPLES: Fla.</b>	<b>4,500</b>	<b>4,500</b>	<b>6,000</b>	<b>202,000</b>	<b>202,000</b>	<b>270,000</b>

<sup>1/</sup> The crop year begins with the bloom of the first year shown and ends with completion of harvest the following year. <sup>2/</sup> Net content of box varies. Approximate averages are as follows: Oranges - California and Arizona, 75 lbs.; Florida and other States, 90 lbs.; Grapefruit - California, Desert Valleys, and Arizona, 64 lbs.; other California areas, 67 lbs.; Florida, 85 lbs., and Texas, 80 lbs.; Lemons - 76 lbs.; Tangelos - 90 lbs.; Tangerines - California and Arizona, 75 lbs.; Florida, 95 lbs.; and Temples - 90 lbs. <sup>3/</sup> Navel and Miscellaneous varieties in California and Arizona. Early and Midseason varieties in Florida and Texas, including small quantities of tangerines in Texas.

POTATOES, IRISH 1970 CROP

Seasonal group and State	Acreage			Yield per harv. acre			Production		
	Harvested	For harvest	Indicated	1968	1969	1970	1968	1969	1970
	1968	1969	1970						
	1,000 acres			Cwt.			1,000 cwt.		
Winter:									
Florida	11.4	11.0	10.8	175	180	170	1,995	1,980	1,836
California	10.5	8.8	8.5	180	210	225	1,890	1,848	1,912
Total	21.9	19.8	19.3	177	193	194	3,885	3,828	3,748

POTATOES, IRISH 1970 CROP - Continued

Seasonal group and State	Acreage			Indicated	Yield per planted acre			Production		
	planted				1968	1969	1970	1968	1969	1970
	1968	1969	1970							
	1,000 acres				Cwt.			1,000 cwt.		
E. Spring:										
Florida										
Hastings	28.3	26.5	25.0	155	184	---	4,384	4,866	Apr. 10	
Other	3.3	3.2	2.5	118	131	---	388	418	"	
Texas	2.8	3.3	3.3	88	122	---	247	403	"	
Total	34.4	33.0	30.8	146	172	---	5,019	5,687	"	

POTATOES, IRISH

Seasonal group and State	Acreage			Yield per harv. acre			Production			
	Harvested		1969	1967		1968	1969		1968	1969
	1967	1968	1/	1967	1968	1968	1967	1968	1/	
	1,000 acres			Cwt.			1,000 cwt.			
<b>FALL:</b>										
Maine	158.0	155.0	156.0	238	235	225	37,604	36,425	35,100	
N. H.	1.2	1.0	.9	210	230	195	252	230	176	
Vt.	1.6	1.5	1.3	180	190	195	288	285	254	
Mass.	6.4	5.6	5.0	190	185	190	1,216	1,036	950	
R. I.	6.0	5.6	5.2	190	225	255	1,140	1,260	1,326	
Conn.	6.3	5.7	5.4	215	220	225	1,354	1,254	1,215	
N. Y.-L. I.	31.6	27.7	26.2	235	265	260	7,426	7,340	6,812	
-Upstate	36.0	35.5	35.5	245	235	235	8,820	8,342	8,342	
Pa.	38.0	37.0	35.5	240	205	220	9,120	7,585	7,810	
8 Eastern-Fall	285.1	274.6	271.0	236	232	229	67,220	63,757	61,985	
Ohio	12.3	12.3	11.0	205	210	175	2,522	2,583	1,925	
Ind.	6.5	5.8	5.7	300	235	245	1,950	1,363	1,396	
Mich.	33.0	29.0	28.7	215	225	235	7,095	6,525	6,744	
Wis.	39.5	38.5	37.0	238	230	240	9,401	8,855	8,880	
Minn.	98.0	87.0	90.0	120	140	150	11,760	12,180	13,500	
N. Dak.	120.0	108.0	110.0	119	145	140	14,280	15,660	15,400	
S. Dak.	5.9	5.4	5.1	100	115	110	590	621	561	
Nebr.	7.8	7.0	6.9	230	260	260	1,794	1,820	1,794	
8 Central-Fall	323.0	293.0	294.4	153	169	171	49,392	49,607	50,200	
Mont.	8.4	8.1	7.5	180	185	185	1,512	1,498	1,388	
Idaho-S.W. Co.	31.0	29.0	30.0	300	270	320	9,300	7,830	9,600	
-Other Co.	273.0	265.0	280.0	200	195	205	54,600	51,675	57,400	
Wyo.	3.4	3.8	3.4	170	160	170	578	608	578	
Colo.	33.6	34.5	37.0	275	240	235	9,240	8,280	8,695	
Utah	7.7	6.7	7.4	190	160	180	1,463	1,072	1,332	
Nev.	.7	.5	2/	275	275	2/	192	138	2/	
Wash.	43.0	41.5	51.0	355	390	420	15,265	16,185	21,420	
Oreg.-Malheur Co.	20.5	16.5	15.0	285	255	285	5,842	4,208	4,275	
-Other Co.	28.5	30.0	34.0	260	260	260	7,410	7,800	8,840	
Calif.	30.7	27.1	28.3	300	305	280	9,210	8,266	7,924	
9 Western-Fall	480.5	462.7	493.6	239	232	246	114,612	107,560	121,452	
Total-Fall	1,088.6	1,030.3	1,059.0	212	214	221	231,224	220,924		

1/ Estimates revised. Same data will be published in Crop Production Annual Summary to be released December 19, 1969.

2/ Estimates discontinued.

NOVEMBER EGG PRODUCTION

State and division	Number of Layers		Eggs per 100 Layers		Total eggs produced			
	on hand during Nov. 1968	1969	1968	1969	During Nov. 1968	1969	Jan.-Nov. incl. 1968	1969
	Thousands		Number		Millions			
Maine	5,538	6,105	1,872	1,848	104	113	1,113	1,202
N. H.	1,744	1,606	1,848	1,788	33	29	342	337
Vt.	584	596	1,848	1,830	10.8	10.9	111	121
Mass.	2,386	2,340	1,797	1,854	43	43	466	480
R. I.	363	362	1,800	1,746	6.5	6.3	69	68
Conn.	3,995	4,169	1,764	1,743	70	73	763	818
N. Y.	10,840	10,724	1,782	1,779	193	191	2,210	2,095
N. J.	4,574	3,841	1,539	1,593	70	61	858	787
Pa.	14,672	14,560	1,752	1,749	257	255	2,873	2,998
N. Atl.	44,696	44,303	1,761	1,765	787	782	8,805	8,906
Ohio	9,624	10,106	1,806	1,806	174	183	2,030	2,006
Ind.	13,826	13,117	1,740	1,722	241	226	2,691	2,547
Ill.	8,348	8,717	1,764	1,770	147	154	1,700	1,656
Mich.	6,640	6,514	1,809	1,854	120	121	1,396	1,332
Wis.	5,388	4,840	1,758	1,764	95	85	1,158	1,043
E.N.Cent.	43,826	43,294	1,773	1,776	777	769	8,975	8,584
Minn.	9,811	9,254	1,761	1,782	173	165	2,080	1,945
Iowa	13,434	13,517	1,680	1,740	226	235	2,854	2,605
Mo.	6,486	6,576	1,575	1,587	102	104	1,238	1,198
N. Dak.	1,290	1,147	1,395	1,440	18	17	256	216
S. Dak.	4,878	4,877	1,584	1,632	77	80	1,036	903
Nebr.	5,055	5,037	1,578	1,629	80	82	1,047	956
Kans.	4,298	3,930	1,659	1,764	71	69	817	820
W.N.Cent.	45,252	44,338	1,651	1,696	747	752	9,328	8,643
Del.	590	570	1,674	1,653	9.9	9.4	117	114
Md.	1,605	1,548	1,605	1,650	26	26	317	304
Va.	5,248	5,064	1,725	1,782	91	90	1,025	1,032
W. Va.	1,574	1,478	1,635	1,716	26	25	303	296
N. C.	13,678	16,776	1,776	1,812	243	304	2,794	3,095
S. C.	5,438	5,091	1,752	1,794	95	91	1,088	1,016
Ga.	24,485	25,736	1,710	1,749	419	450	4,542	4,939
Fla.	10,786	10,960	1,845	1,896	199	208	2,206	2,293
S. Atl.	63,404	67,223	1,749	1,790	1,109	1,203	12,392	13,089
Ky.	3,376	3,358	1,614	1,530	54	51	643	640
Tenn.	5,911	5,625	1,548	1,554	92	87	1,078	1,003
Ala.	12,212	12,188	1,752	1,758	214	214	2,442	2,397
Miss.	11,302	11,096	1,758	1,734	199	192	2,371	2,183
Ark.	15,358	15,512	1,776	1,794	273	278	3,021	3,127
La.	3,902	4,000	1,650	1,734	64	69	751	768
Okla.	2,635	2,866	1,602	1,617	42	46	479	520
Texas	12,942	12,806	1,656	1,662	214	213	2,711	2,429
S. Cent.	67,638	67,451	1,703	1,705	1,152	1,150	13,496	13,067
Mont.	1,028	1,035	1,614	1,746	16.6	18.1	193	202
Idaho	900	817	1,812	1,860	17	15	193	168
Wyo.	202	202	1,470	1,605	3.0	3.2	38	38
Colo.	1,590	1,604	1,626	1,668	26	27	282	292
N. Mex.	744	1,016	1,740	1,635	12.9	16.6	146	177
Ariz.	1,134	1,076	1,698	1,704	19	18	224	207
Utah	1,310	1,274	1,755	1,710	23	22	256	258
Nev.	29	22	1,134	1,410	0.3	0.3	6	4
Wash.	4,614	4,430	1,794	1,827	83	81	981	915
Oreg.	2,462	2,302	1,842	1,869	45	43	515	481
Calif.	37,930	37,524	1,836	1,800	696	675	7,598	7,707
West.	51,943	51,302	1,814	1,791	942	919	10,432	10,449
48 States	316,759	317,911	1,741	1,754	5,514	5,575	63,428	62,738
Alaska	32	30	1,812	1,500	0.6	0.4	7	5
Hawaii	955	964	1,728	1,698	16.5	16.4	188	184
U. S.	317,746	318,905	1,741	1,754	5,531	5,592	63,623	62,921

1/ Cumulative State total based on unrounded data.

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