

# crop production



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## HIGHLIGHTS

Cotton production for 1974 is now estimated at 11.7 million bales, down 1 percent from a month ago and 10 percent below the 1973 crop. Yield per acre is now placed at 443 pounds compared with 520 pounds a year earlier.

Citrus production is expected to total a record 14.1 million tons, 6 percent above last season and up 2 percent from the 1972-73 crop.

Orange production is forecast at a record 233.9 million boxes, unchanged from the December 1 forecast, but 8 percent (17.4 million boxes) more than last season.

Grapefruit production is forecast at 59.7 million boxes, unchanged from December 1 but 8 percent (5.4 million boxes) less than a year ago.

Lemon crop prospects at a record 25.0 million boxes, are up 2 percent (0.5 million boxes) from December 1 and 43 percent (7.5 million boxes) above the previous season.

Potatoes--Winter production is forecast at 2.8 million cwt, 3 percent (84 thousand cwt) below the 1974 crop. Intended plantings for the 1975 spring potato crop are estimated at 86,200 acres, 14 percent (14,500 acres) below last year.

Hay stocks on farms January 1 totaled 85.2 million tons, a decrease of 9 percent from a year earlier.

**UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE**

STATISTICAL REPORTING SERVICE CROP REPORTING BOARD

GrPr 2-2 (1-75).

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20250

**UNITED STATES CROP SUMMARY  
(DOMESTIC UNITS)  
CITRUS FRUITS, PRODUCTION 1/**

CROP	1973-74	INDICATED 1974-75	
		DEC 1, 1974	JAN 1, 1975
		1,000 BOXES	
ORANGES	216,510	233,900	233,900
GRAPEFRUIT	65,100	59,700	59,700
LEMONS	17,500	24,500	25,000

1/ SEASON BEGINS WITH BLOOM OF THE FIRST YEAR SHOWN AND ENDS WITH THE COMPLETION OF HARVEST THE FOLLOWING YEAR.

**COTTON**

CROP	ACREAGE		LINT YIELD PER		PRODUCTION 480 LB.	
	HARVESTED		HARVESTED ACRE		NET WEIGHT BALES	
	1973	1974	1973	1974	1973	1974
	1,000 ACRES		POUNDS		1,000 BALES	
ALL COTTON	11,970.2	12,669.6	520	443	12,974.0	11,701.8

**IRISH POTATOES**

SEASONAL GROUP	ACREAGE			
	PLANTED	INDICATED	HARVESTED	FOR HARVEST
	1974	1975	1974	1975
	1,000 ACRES		1,000 ACRES	
WINTER	13.9	14.6	13.7	14.6
SPRING	100.7	86.2	99.8	MAR 11
	YIELD PER ACRE		PRODUCTION	
	1974	INDICATED	1974	INDICATED
	CWT.		1,000 CWT.	
WINTER	214	195	2,933	2,849
SPRING	243	APR 9	24,297	APR 9

**HAY: STOCKS ON FARMS**

CROP	1974	1975
	1,000 TONS	
JAN 1	93,561	85,249
MAY 1	25,475	

The CROP PRODUCTION report contains State and National estimates with related information on selected agricultural commodities. These data were prepared and adopted by the Crop Reporting Board which consists of commodity statisticians from the Statistical Reporting Service's field offices and Washington headquarters.

APPROVED:

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UNITED STATES CROP SUMMARY  
(METRIC UNITS)  
CITRUS FRUIT PRODUCTION 1/

CROP	1973-74	INDICATED 1974-1975	
		DEC 1, 1974	JAN 1, 1975
1,000 METRIC TONS			
ORANGES	8,524	9,166	9,166
GRAPEFRUIT	2,428	2,213	2,213
LEMONS	603	845	862

1/ SEASON BEGINS WITH BLOOM OF THE FIRST YEAR SHOWN AND ENDS WITH THE COMPLETION OF HARVEST THE FOLLOWING YEAR.

COTTON

CROP	AREA		YIELD PER HECTARE		PRODUCTION	
	HARVESTED		1973	1974	1973	1974
	1973	1974				
		HECTARES		QUINTALS		1,000 METRIC TONS
ALL COTTON	4,844.2	5,127.3	583	497	2,824.7	2,547.8

IRISH POTATOES

SEASONAL GROUP	AREA				
	PLANTED	INDICATED	HARVESTED	FOR HARVEST	
	1974	1975	1974	1975	
HECTARES					
WINTER	5.6	5.9	5.5	5.9	
SPRING	40.8	34.9	34.9	Mar 11	
		YIELD PER HECTARE		PRODUCTION	
		1974	INDI-CATED 1975	1974	INDI-CATED 1975
		QUINTALS		1,000 METRIC TONS	
WINTER	242	219	133	129	
SPRING	316	APR 9	1,102	APR 9	

HAY: STOCKS ON FARMS

CROP	1974	1975
1,000 METRIC TONS		
JAN 1	84,877	77,337
MAY 1	23,111	

### December Weather and Crop Progress

Farmers in most States generally finished harvesting their corn and soybean crops by the end of December. However, poor drying conditions in Indiana and some areas of Illinois had farmers still struggling to complete their harvest. In Indiana, the corn harvest was 6 weeks behind and the soybean harvest 8 weeks behind the 1973 progress. Soybean harvest was continuing on January 1 in Arkansas, Mississippi, Oklahoma, and scattered fields in South Carolina. Cotton picking was delayed by wet field conditions in several States during the month. Harvest continued active in Arkansas, Mississippi, Oklahoma, and Texas in early January but was nearly complete in Arizona, New Mexico and South Carolina.

December temperatures averaged warmer than normal throughout most of the northern half of the Nation and east of the Mississippi River. Temperatures in northern Montana, North Dakota, Minnesota and Wisconsin averaged 4 to 10 degrees above normal. In the Southwest, temperatures were 4 to 6 degrees below normal in Colorado, New Mexico, and Arizona.

Temperature departures varied widely during the month with the first week much colder than usual over the eastern half of the Country and warm in the Western States. During the second week, the northern half of the Nation was well above normal as temperatures in North Dakota and Minnesota averaged 6 to 12 degrees above normal. Parts of Arizona and New Mexico averaged 6 to 9 degrees below normal. Except for the Southeast, most of the Nation was warmer than normal during the week ending the 22nd. Temperatures during the final week of December were much warmer than usual over the eastern half of the Country while the far West temperatures were below normal.

Total precipitation for the month was highly variable, ranging from nothing in areas of the Southwest to over 19 inches at Quillayute, Washington. Areas well above normal included the New England Coast, southwest Texas and southern California. The northern Great Plains generally remained dry.

A vigorous storm lashed the Great Lakes and New England area during the first week of December. When the weather cleared, Detroit, Michigan and Toledo, Ohio had received 18 inches of snow, while 2 feet of snow remained in many parts of West Virginia, the worst storm since 1968. A complex storm system also dumped heavy rains over most of Mississippi and Louisiana. Considerable snow fell during the second week in various parts of the Country. On the 11th, heavy snow fell over Kansas and Oklahoma while rain and thundershowers occurred over the lower Mississippi Valley. By the 15th, nearly 11 inches of snow blanketed parts of Nebraska and Kansas. Heavy rain during the week ending the 22nd caused local flooding in the mid-Atlantic States. During the final week, heaviest precipitation fell in the deep South as 2 to 4 inches of rain fell over several States.

WINTER WHEAT prospects varied considerably on January 1 and the overall condition was rated good in most major winter wheat States.

In the southern Great Plains, wheat made good top growth early in December, but growth was slowed by bitter cold weather toward the end of the month. Soil moisture was abundant except in central Kansas and the Oklahoma Panhandle where supplies were generally short. Elsewhere in Oklahoma and the northern half of Texas, grazing was limited by cold weather and wet muddy fields. Grazing was generally above average in the southern half of Texas.

Wheat in the northern Great Plains was without a protective snow cover during most of December; however, temperatures remained above normal much of the time and sub-zero weather was minimal. Very little wind damage has occurred. Dry weather continued over much of the area during the month.

In the Pacific Northwest, Washington's winter wheat area finally accumulated a protective snow cover, while most of eastern Oregon had below normal precipitation during December.

Wheat in the eastern Corn Belt and Missouri was without snow cover on January 1, but soil moisture supplies were generally adequate or better. In other States east of the Mississippi River cool temperatures slowed growth while wet conditions limited grazing. The fall seedings remain in generally good condition.

COTTON: All cotton is forecast at 11.7 million bales, down 1 percent from December 1 and down 10 percent from 1973. Harvest progressed moderately during the month and is nearing completion except in Texas and Oklahoma.

Expected production consists of 11.6 million bales of Upland cotton and 86,300 bales of American-Pima. Cottonseed production, based on a 3-year average lint-seed ratio, is estimated at 4.7 million tons, 6 percent below 1973. Average lint yield per acre is forecast at 443 pounds, 77 pounds less than 1973.

In the Delta States -- Arkansas, Louisiana, Mississippi, and Tennessee -- 3.7 million bales are forecast, down 4 percent from December 1, and off 8 percent from 1973. Yields are disappointing.

Texas and Oklahoma Upland cotton production is forecast at 2.9 million bales, off 43 percent from 1973 and 5 percent below December 1. Yields are well below 1973 on the High Plains of Texas and Oklahoma.

In California, Arizona, and New Mexico Upland cotton is expected to total 3.7 million bales, up 46 percent from 1973 and 4 percent above December 1. Harvest is nearing completion and a large crop is being ginned.

The Southeastern States -- Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina, and South Carolina -- expect production to be 1.4 million bales, up slightly from December 1, and 5 percent above 1973.

The Bureau of the Census reports 10.6 million bales ginned to January 1, 1.0 million bales below that ginned by this date a year earlier.

HAY STOCKS ON FARMS: Stocks of hay on farms January 1 are estimated at 85.2 million tons, down 9 percent from the 93.6 million tons a year earlier, due mainly to reduced production. The Northwest was the only area that had more hay on hand this January. Other areas, with the exception of scattered States, were down from last year.

Disappearance from May 1, 1974 through December 31, 1974 totaled 67.2 million tons compared with 65.5 million tons a year earlier.

#### CALIFORNIA FREEZE DAMAGE

Citrus areas in the San Joaquin Valley experienced subfreezing temperatures that reached as low as 22 degrees during two four-day periods of December 23-26 and December 30-January 2. In the important citrus counties of Tulare, Fresno and Kern where most of the Navel oranges are produced, temperatures were at or below 27 degrees up to 11 hours. In most instances, however, the duration at or below 23 degrees was less than 1 hour. Damage was variable but more serious in orchards without frost protection devices. With a large Navel orange crop in prospect this year, the supply for fresh market is expected to be adequate in spite of the diversion of damaged fruit to processing. There does not appear to be any significant damage in Southern California.

ORANGES: U. S. orange production is forecast at 233.9 million boxes for 1974-75, unchanged from last month but 8 percent above last season and 4 percent above the previous record set in 1972-73. In Florida prospects are for a record crop of 174.0 million boxes, unchanged from December 1 but 5 percent above last season. Early and mid-season oranges are expected to total 97.0 million boxes, up 5 percent from the previous record set last season. Florida Valencia oranges at 77.0 million boxes are up 4 percent from last year but 3 percent below the previous record set in 1972-73.

In California, orange prospects remain unchanged from December 1 at 50.0 million boxes, the largest crop since 1946-47. Recent cold weather is not expected to affect the quantity of fruit but a higher proportion will have to be diverted into processed products. Navel orange production is forecast at 25.0 million boxes, 14 percent above last season. California Valencia oranges at 25.0 million boxes are up 33 percent from a year ago. Prospects for orange production at 5.5 million boxes in Texas and 4.4 million boxes in Arizona are unchanged from last month. The Texas crop is down 17 percent from last season while Arizona production is up 29 percent from a year ago.

Changes in U. S. production between the January 1 forecast and final production have averaged 7.0 million boxes over the past 10 seasons, ranging from 1.9 million boxes in 1971-72 to 16.2 million boxes in 1970-71.

FLORIDA FROZEN CONCENTRATED JUICE YIELD: The all orange juice yield for 1974-75 is projected at 1.29 gallons of 45 degree brix concentrate per box. Final yield from the 1973-74 crop was 1.30 gallons per box.

**GRAPEFRUIT:** U.S. crop prospects at 59.7 million boxes remain unchanged from last month but are 8 percent less than last season. Florida's grapefruit crop is expected to total 44.0 million boxes, 9 percent less than a year ago. The Texas crop at 7.8 million boxes is 27 percent below last season. The small Texas crop this year is the result of bloom damage from the freeze of December 20, 1973. In California, prospects remain unchanged from last month at 5.5 million boxes, 29 percent above last year. Approximately 10 percent of the Desert Valleys grapefruit crop has now been harvested. Fruit quality has been good. Although temperatures during the week of December 23, 1974 were as low as 25 degrees in the Coachella Valley, it is still too early to appraise the extent of damage, if any, from these low temperatures. Harvest of the Other Area grapefruit crop will begin the middle of March to the middle of April. Temperatures in Corona and Santa Barbara were 29 degrees during the week of December 23. In Arizona, harvest is started. Damage from low temperatures in Arizona was light and heaters and wind machines were effectively used.

**LEMONS:** Prospects in California increased from last month and are now 34 percent above last season at a record 19.5 million boxes. Low temperatures have not been a problem in the major California lemon area around Ventura County. The California desert and San Joaquin Valley received some frost damage however, with much of the crop in this area already harvested and the damaged fruit to be recovered for making products, the low temperature will have little effect on total production. Size, color and quality vary by area but with a large crop and selective grading, a good supply of quality fruit will be available for fresh market.

In Arizona a record crop of 5.5 million boxes is expected, unchanged from last month and up 90 percent from last year's light set. Harvest is active and should be completed in February. Much of the fruit is being utilized for processing.

**TANGELOS:** Florida's tangelo crop is now expected to total 4.4 million boxes, up 5 percent from last month and 19 percent above last year's record. Reflecting the larger crop this year, shipments are ahead of last year with 2.7 million boxes moved through December 29 compared with 1.8 million boxes a year ago. Harvest is about two-thirds complete.

**TANGERINES:** The U.S. tangerine crop is expected to total 4.6 million boxes, unchanged from last month but 4 percent less than last season. Prospects in Florida are for a crop of 2.5 million boxes of fruit of size 210 or larger. In California most of the Satsumas have been picked. Harvest is about half done in Central California, which accounts for one-third of the California tangerine acreage. It is too early to appraise the extent of damage from cold temperatures but it is expected that damaged fruit will be used for processed products. In southern California which accounts for approximately two-thirds of the California crop, low temperatures are expected to have little adverse effect.

**TEMPLES:** Florida temple production is forecast at 5.3 million boxes, unchanged from last month and equal to the record set in both the 1973-74 and 1971-72 seasons.

**POTATOES:** The first forecast of production for the 1975 winter potato crop at 2.8 million cwt. is down 3 percent from last year's production of 2.9 million cwt. Lower yields in both California and Florida more than offset increases in acreage this year. Harvest is now underway in the Kern County area of California. Cullage is running higher than normal due to cool weather at time of harvest. Excessive rain in the Dade County area of Florida during early December caused minor damage to the crop. The crop has made satisfactory recovery with only slight yield reductions expected. Light harvest is underway in the Everglades with increased volume expected in late January.

Intended plantings of spring potatoes for 1975 are estimated at 86,200 acres, 14 percent less than the 100,700 acres planted last year.

Planting intentions for all spring crop states except Louisiana and Mississippi are down from last year. Alabama intentions are estimated at 10,600 acres compared with 12,500 acres planted last year. In California intentions at 32,000 are down 3,500 acres from 1974. In the Hastings area of Florida intended plantings at 15,800 acres are down 17 percent from last year's plantings of 19,000.

COTTON

STATE	ACREAGE HARVESTED			LINT YIELD PER HARVESTED ACRE			PRODUCTION 1/ 480-LB. NET WEIGHT BALES		
	1972	1973	1974	1972	1973	1974	1972	1973	1974
	1,000 ACRES			POUNDS			1,000 BALES		
UPLAND									
ALA	580	510	590	470	423	431	567	449	530
ARIZ	271	276	390	1,067	1,063	1,188	603	611	965
ARK	1,410	975	1,200	488	513	368	1,435	1,041	920
CALIF	863	942	1,238	982	891	989	1,765	1,749	2,550
FLA	11.3	11.5	11.5	572	522	501	13.5	12.5	12.0
GA	430	375	410	395	499	480	354	390	410
ILL	1.1	0	.4	256	0	360	.6	0	.3
KY	5.0	.3	3.5	397	486	233	4.1	.3	1.7
LA	665	520	615	509	481	445	705	521	570
MISS	1,606	1,340	1,715	599	2/651	459	2,007	2/1,816	1,640
MO	405	173	310	520	501	356	439	180	230
NEV	2.1	1.9	1.8	607	477	533	2.7	1.9	2.0
N MEX	131	127	135	581	514	498	158	136	140
N C	170	173	145	337	455	440	119	164	133
OKLA	510	526	530	313	390	272	332	427	300
S C	340	294	295	435	473	456	308	290	280
TENN	485	440	500	543	472	298	548	432	310
TEX	5,000	5,200	4,500	408	431	279	4,246	4,673	2,620
VA	2.5	2.4	1.6	265	440	450	1.4	2.2	1.5
U S UPLAND	12,888.0	11,887.1	12,591.8	507	521	443	13,606.3	12,895.9	11,615.5
AMER-PIMA									
ARIZ	39.9	34.0	35.0	587	597	658	48.8	42.3	48.0
CALIF	.3	.2	.3	385	480	480	.2	.2	.3
N MEX	21.1	17.7	14.0	349	265	377	15.4	9.8	11.0
TEX	34.5	31.2	28.5	437	397	455	31.4	25.8	27.0
U S AMER-PIMA	95.8	83.1	77.8	480	451	532	95.8	78.1	86.3
U S ALL COTTON	12,983.8	11,970.2	12,669.6	507	520	443	13,702.1	12,974.0	11,701.8

1/ PRODUCTION GINNED AND TO BE GINNED.  
 2/ REVISED.

HAY STOCKS ON FARMS - JANUARY 1

STATE	1973	1974	1975
1,000 TONS			
ALA	521	645	668
ARIZ	206	304	227
ARK	777	1,067	796
CALIF	1,632	1,809	1,693
COLO	1,810	1,988	1,800
CONN	93	125	118
DEL	33	35	26
FLA	208	261	261
GA	593	757	673
IDAHO	2,340	2,602	2,878
ILL	2,494	2,294	2,113
IND	1,362	1,463	1,210
IOWA	6,083	5,960	4,930
KANS	3,574	4,115	2,749
KY	2,273	2,619	2,547
LA	360	536	474
MAINE	235	252	223
MD	358	405	342
MASS	113	154	128
MICH	1,840	2,104	1,685
MINN	5,600	5,285	4,573
MISS	707	966	790
MO	4,482	4,996	4,722
MONT	4,013	3,854	3,963
NEBR	5,569	5,682	4,782
NEV	609	624	548
N H	103	108	94
N J	114	158	136
N MEX	326	300	339
N Y	2,837	3,279	3,253
N C	406	384	371
N DAK	4,326	3,493	3,710
OHIO	2,006	2,201	2,048
OKLA	1,884	2,724	2,315
OREG	1,481	1,246	1,644
PA	2,401	2,847	2,661
R I	9	11	9
S C	299	346	229
S DAK	7,038	5,465	4,665
TENN	1,407	1,517	1,364
TEX	2,612	4,356	3,217
UTAH	968	1,145	1,153
VT	485	571	523
VA	1,345	1,440	1,337
WASH	1,159	1,196	1,752
W VA	755	796	830
WIS	7,346	7,435	7,102
WYO	1,643	1,641	1,578
U S	88,835	93,561	85,249



CITRUS FRUITS, PRODUCTION 1/

CROP AND STATE	1972-73	1973-74	INDICATED	1972-73	1973-74	INDICATED
	1,000 BOXES 2/			EQUIVALENT TONS		
	1974-75		1974-75			1974-75
<b>ORANGES:</b>						
<b>EARLY, MIDSEASON &amp; NAVAL VARIETIES: 3/</b>						
ARIZ	1,060	450	1,000	39,800	16,900	37,500
CALIF	18,700	21,900	25,000	701,000	821,300	937,500
FLA	90,000	92,100	97,000	4,050,000	4,144,500	4,365,000
TEX	5,300	4,200	3,600	225,300	178,500	153,000
<b>TOTAL ABOVE VARIETIES</b>	<b>115,060</b>	<b>118,650</b>	<b>126,600</b>	<b>5,016,100</b>	<b>5,161,200</b>	<b>5,493,000</b>
<b>VALENCIAS:</b>						
ARIZ	4,000	2,960	3,400	150,000	111,000	127,500
CALIF	23,400	18,800	25,000	878,000	705,000	937,500
FLA	79,700	73,700	77,000	3,587,000	3,316,500	3,465,000
TEX	2,500	2,400	1,900	106,300	102,000	80,800
<b>TOTAL VALENCIAS</b>	<b>109,600</b>	<b>97,860</b>	<b>107,300</b>	<b>4,721,300</b>	<b>4,234,500</b>	<b>4,610,800</b>
<b>ALL ORANGES:</b>						
ARIZ	5,060	3,410	4,400	189,800	127,900	165,000
CALIF	42,100	40,700	50,000	1,579,000	1,526,300	1,875,000
FLA	169,700	165,800	174,000	7,637,000	7,461,000	7,830,000
TEX	7,800	6,600	5,500	331,600	280,500	233,800
<b>U S ALL ORANGES</b>	<b>224,660</b>	<b>216,510</b>	<b>233,900</b>	<b>9,737,400</b>	<b>9,395,700</b>	<b>10,103,800</b>
<b>GRAPEFRUIT:</b>						
ARIZ	2,640	2,050	2,400	84,500	65,600	76,800
CALIF, ALL	5,800	4,250	5,500	189,800	138,900	180,100
DESERT VALLEYS	3,000	2,350	2,800	96,000	75,200	89,600
OTHER AREAS	2,800	1,900	2,700	93,800	63,700	90,500
FLA, ALL	45,400	48,100	44,000	1,930,000	2,044,300	1,870,100
PINK SEEDLESS	11,700	12,200	11,500	497,000	518,500	488,800
WHITE SEEDLESS	23,500	25,900	23,500	999,000	1,100,800	998,800
OTHER	10,200	10,000	9,000	434,000	425,000	382,500
TEX	11,800	10,700	7,800	472,000	428,000	312,000
<b>U S, ALL GRAPEFRUIT</b>	<b>65,640</b>	<b>65,100</b>	<b>59,700</b>	<b>2,676,300</b>	<b>2,676,800</b>	<b>2,439,000</b>
<b>LEMONS:</b>						
ARIZ	4,600	2,900	5,500	175,000	110,200	209,000
CALIF	17,600	14,600	19,500	669,000	554,800	741,000
<b>US LEMONS</b>	<b>22,200</b>	<b>17,500</b>	<b>25,000</b>	<b>844,000</b>	<b>665,000</b>	<b>950,000</b>
<b>TANGELOS: 4/</b>						
FLA	3,100	3,700	4,400	139,500	166,500	198,000
<b>TANGERINES:</b>						
ARIZ	530	680	700	19,900	25,500	26,300
CALIF	1,600	1,310	1,400	60,000	49,100	52,500
FLA	3,000	2,800	2,500	143,000	133,000	118,800
<b>TOTAL TANGERINES</b>	<b>5,130</b>	<b>4,790</b>	<b>4,600</b>	<b>222,900</b>	<b>207,600</b>	<b>197,600</b>
<b>TEMPLES:</b>						
FLA	5,100	5,300	5,300	230,000	238,500	238,500

1/ THE CROP YEAR BEGINS WITH THE BLOOM OF THE FIRST YEAR SHOWN AND ENDS WITH COMPLETION OF HARVEST THE FOLLOWING YEAR. 2/ NET CONTENT OF BOX VARIES. APPROXIMATE AVERAGES ARE AS FOLLOWS: ORANGES - CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA, 75 LBS.; FLORIDA, 90 LBS.; AND TEXAS, 85 LBS.; GRAPEFRUIT - CALIFORNIA DESERT VALLEYS, AND ARIZONA, 64 LBS.; OTHER CALIFORNIA AREAS, 67 LBS.; FLORIDA, 85 LBS.; AND TEXAS, 80 LBS.; LEMONS - 76 LBS.; TANGELOS - 90 LBS.; TANGERINES - CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA, 75 LBS.; FLORIDA, 95 LBS.; AND TEMPLES - 90 LBS. 3/ NAVAL AND MISCELLANEOUS VARIETIES IN CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA. EARLY AND MIDSEASON VARIETIES IN FLORIDA AND TEXAS, INCLUDING SMALL QUANTITIES OF TANGERINES IN TEXAS. 4/ EXCLUDES K - EARLY CITRUS FRUITS.

IRISH POTATOES 1975 CROP

SEASONAL GROUP AND STATE	ACREAGE			YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	HARVESTED	FOR	INDI-	1973	1974	CATED	1973	1974	INDI-
	1973	1974	1975	1973	1974	1975	1973	1974	1975
	1,000 ACRES			CWT.			1,000 CWT.		
WINTER:									
CALIF	4.9	4.4	4.9	220	265	225	1,078	1,166	1,103
FLA	9.1	9.3	9.7	195	190	180	1,775	1,767	1,746
TOTAL	14.0	13.7	14.6	204	214	195	2,853	2,933	2,849

SEASONAL GROUP AND STATE	ACREAGE					
	PLANTED			HARVESTED		FOR
	1973	1974 1/	INDICATED	1973	1974 1/	HARVESTED
	1,000 ACRES					
SPRING:						
ALA	11.0	12.5	10.6	11.0	12.5	MAR. 11
ARIZ	9.9	8.6	6.5	9.9	8.6	"
CALIF	34.7	35.5	32.0	34.7	35.5	"
FLA-HASTINGS	19.0	19.0	15.8	19.0	18.8	"
FLA-OTHER	2.1	2.8	1.9	2.1	2.8	"
LA	2.7	3.0	3.3	2.3	2.8	"
MISS	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	"
N C	11.4	9.5	8.5	11.2	9.4	"
TEX	7.1	7.8	5.6	6.7	7.4	"
TOTAL	99.9	100.7	86.2	98.9	99.8	"

SEASONAL GROUP AND STATE	YIELD PER ACRE			PRODUCTION		
	1973	1974 1/	INDICATED	1973	1974 1/	INDICATED
			1975			1975
	CWT.			1,000 CWT.		
SPRING:						
ALA	118	145	APR. 9	1,298	1,813	APR. 9
ARIZ	210	260	"	2,079	2,236	"
CALIF	325	385	"	11,278	13,668	"
FLA-HASTINGS	180	175	"	3,420	3,290	"
FLA-OTHER	150	170	"	315	476	"
LA	83	90	"	191	252	"
MISS	85	95	"	170	190	"
N C	145	150	"	1,624	1,410	"
TEX	125	130	"	838	962	"
TOTAL	214	243	"	21,213	24,297	"

1/ .REVISED.

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