

CROP PRODUCTION



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HIGHLIGHTS

CITRUS production forecast, at 13.5 million tons (12.2 million metric tons), 13 percent above last season.

ORANGE production forecast, at 222 million boxes (8.55 million metric tons), 25 percent above last season, 9 percent less than 1980-81.

GRAPEFRUIT production forecast, (excluding California "other areas"), at 60.1 million boxes (2.23 million metric tons), 4 percent less than February 1, 11 percent below last season.

LEMON production, at 26.8 million boxes (924 thousand metric tons), 8 percent above last season, 14 percent less than record high 1980-81 season.

WINTER POTATO production forecast at 2.23 million cwt (101 thousand metric tons), down 1 percent from 1982 but 1 percent above the record low set in 1981.

SPRING POTATO planted area estimated at 80.3 thousand acres (32.5 thousand hectares), up 2 percent from last two years.

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UNITED STATES CROP SUMMARY
(DOMESTIC UNITS)
CITRUS FRUITS, PRODUCTION 1/

| CROP | 1981-82 | INDICATED 1982-83 | |
|-------------|---------|-------------------|---------|
| | | FEB 1 | MAR 1 |
| 1,000 BOXES | | | |
| ORANGES | 177,790 | 224,450 | 221,600 |
| LEMONS | 24,800 | 30,000 | 26,800 |

1/ SEASON BEGINS WITH BLOOM OF THE FIRST YEAR SHOWN AND ENDS WITH THE COMPLETION OF HARVEST THE FOLLOWING YEAR.

POTATOES

| SEASONAL GROUP | AREA PLANTED | | AREA HARVESTED | | |
|----------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 1982 | INDICATED 1983 | 1982 | INDICATED 1983 | |
| 1,000 ACRES | | | | | |
| WINTER | 11.3 | 11.5 | 11.0 | 11.0 | |
| SPRING | 79.1 | 80.3 | 78.0 | 78.7 | |
| | | YIELD PER ACRE | | PRODUCTION | |
| | | 1982 | INDICATED 1983 | 1982 | INDICATED 1983 |
| | | | | FEB 1 | MAR 1 |
| | | CWT | | 1,000 CWT | |
| WINTER | 206 | 203 | 2,263 | 2,325 | 2,230 |
| SPRING | 264 | APR 11 | 20,559 | APR 11 | |

The CROP PRODUCTION report contains State and National estimates with related information on selected agricultural commodities. These data were prepared and adopted by the Crop Reporting Board which consists of commodity statisticians from the field offices and Washington headquarters.

A P P R O V E D:

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UNITED STATES CROP SUMMARY
(METRIC UNITS)
CITRUS FRUITS, PRODUCTION 1/

| CROP | 1981-82 | INDICATED 1982-83 | |
|-------------|-----------|-------------------|-----------|
| | | FEB 1 | MAR 1 |
| METRIC TONS | | | |
| ORANGES | 6 930 890 | 8 663 610 | 8 554 750 |
| LEMONS | 854 570 | 1 034 190 | 923 510 |

1/ SEASON BEGINS WITH BLOOM OF THE FIRST YEAR SHOWN AND ENDS WITH THE COMPLETION OF HARVEST THE FOLLOWING YEAR.

POTATOES

| SEASONAL GROUP | AREA PLANTED | | AREA HARVESTED | |
|-------------------|--------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 1982 | INDICATED 1983 | 1982 | INDICATED 1983 |
| HECTARES | | | | |
| WINTER | 4 570 | 4 650 | 4 450 | 4 450 |
| SPRING | 32 010 | 32 500 | 31 570 | 31 850 |
| YIELD PER HECTARE | | | | |
| | 1982 | INDICATED 1983 | 1982 | INDICATED 1983 |
| | | | FEB 1 | MAR 1 |
| METRIC TONS | | | | |
| WINTER | 23.07 | 22.73 | 102 650 | 105 460 |
| SPRING | 29.54 | APR 11 | 932 540 | APR 11 |

FEBRUARY WEATHER SUMMARY

A series of storms, originating in the Gulf of Mexico, triggered heavy rain from southern Texas to southeastern Oklahoma, eastward to the Atlantic Ocean and along most of the east coast. Heavy, persistent rain caused local flooding. Some parts of southern Florida measured over 10 inches of rain. A storm intensified off the North Carolina coast during the second week of the month, causing one of the worst snowstorms of the century in the mid-Atlantic States and southern New England. The picture was much the same in the West. A large low-pressure system off the west coast spawned storms that moved onto the coast with high winds, heavy rain, thunderstorms, and even tornadoes. Each successive storm seemed more intense than its predecessor. Average temperatures for the month were warmer than normal over most of the Nation. Parts of the northern Plains averaged 12° warmer than normal. The South and Southeast were cooler than normal.

FIRST WEEK...A strong storm moved out of the West, dumping heavy snow from the central Plains to the western Great Lakes region. As one part of the storm moved eastward through the Lakes, frigid arctic air moved southward into the Plains and record warm air invaded the East. Another part of the same storm moved through the southern States and triggered severe weather, including heavy rain, hail, and tornadoes. More than a dozen tornadoes hit the Florida peninsula, causing local damage. Flooding was widespread across the South. As the colder air moved in late in the week snow fell through the Northeast and from the southern Appalachians to the mid-Atlantic States. Average temperatures for the week were much colder than normal through the central Plains and much warmer than normal in the Northeast and eastern Great Lakes region.

SECOND WEEK...A low-pressure system moved up the east coast early in the week, spreading rain through the Southeast, freezing rain and rain along the coast of Virginia, Maryland, and Delaware, and snow inland through the mountains of North Carolina, through the Northeast, and from the Ohio River northward. Later, another storm developed in the Gulf of Mexico and spread heavy rain and severe weather from eastern Texas through the Southeast. Violent thunderstorms flooded parts of southern Florida. The storm followed the same track as the earlier one but deepened off the North Carolina coast, resulting in a severe winter storm. Snow covered the Northeast from North Carolina northward, and blizzard to near-blizzard conditions reached from northern Virginia to New England. Record snow depths were measured in the latter area. Pacific storms spread heavy rain along the west coast and lighter showers across the Plateau to the Rockies. Average temperatures were warmer than normal in the West and northern Plains but as much as 6° cooler in the East.

THIRD WEEK...A storm developed in the southern Gulf of Mexico and moved over the Florida Peninsula on the first day of the week. The storm triggered very heavy rain over the already flooded southern Florida area and then moved northward, spreading light to moderate rain from Florida to southern Virginia before turning sharply eastward into the Atlantic. A series of storms from the Pacific brought heavy rain and high winds to the Northwest from central California to Washington and lighter showers over the Plateau to the Rockies and into the Plains. A storm in the western Gulf of Mexico spread showers and thunderstorms from southern Texas into Kansas and then spread its severe weather along the gulf coast and over the Southeast--excessive rain covered Florida again. The storm moved northward well off the east coast but triggered light rain along the coast to New England. The rain changed to snow before ending in New York and New England. Wet snow fell through the Great Lakes region from midweek on.

FOURTH WEEK...A cold front from the Pacific, having moved through the mountains, reorganized in the Plains, triggering snow from New Mexico northeastward to the Great Lakes. Very warm-air ahead of the front changed the snow to rain, and the rain covered most of the East. Only northern Michigan and the mountains of New England had snow. A low-pressure system formed on the southern end of the front in the Gulf of Mexico, triggering thunderstorms through the Rio Grande Valley and then from eastern Texas through the Southeast. This time Florida got off with only light showers. Storms continued to move onto the Pacific coast, and each storm seemed to be more intense than the previous one. High winds and heavy rain battered the entire west coast, and another, more severe storm, was poised to hit southern California as the month ended. After a brief respite, another Gulf storm poured heavy rain along the coast and over Florida. Most of the Nation averaged warmer than normal. The northern Plains were as much as 18° warmer than normal. (Prepared by NOAA/USDA Joint Agricultural Weather Facility.)

WINTER WHEAT

Winter wheat in good condition in Kansas and fair to good across rest of Nation at beginning of March. A major winter storm produced heavy snow across central and southern Plains during the first week of February. Snow cover from this storm temporarily protected crop from freezing temperatures and replenished soil moisture. Entire month dominated by mild temperatures melting most snow cover on Great Plains by midmonth and promoting early spring growth in south. By end of February, crop greening as far north as Nebraska. Producers in Corn Belt beginning land preparation for spring planting of small grains. Wet conditions prevailed in Southeast, limiting topdressing and delaying land preparation.

Kansas stands rated generally good as mild temperatures caused crop to break dormancy. Topsoil moisture adequate. Growers applied fertilizer, as field conditions permitted. Wheat in Oklahoma remained dormant until midmonth when warm weather and adequate moisture promoted excellent growth. Cattle producers began moving herds back onto wheat pastures across southern Plains by beginning of March. Producers in Texas rated crop fair to good, with minimal disease and insect problems. Moisture conditions on Texas Plains excellent. Stands making good growth.

In Arizona's Yuma County, early planted fields jointing. Later plantings in boot and tiller stage by end of February. Stands making average growth. Northern Plains wheatlands had little or no snowcover entire month but wind damage and winterkill were minimal and crop was in fair to good condition.

FEBRUARY FIELDWORK

Heavy snow fell from the southern Plains through the Corn Belt in early February, halting outdoor activities. Livestock producers incurred some losses and were forced to feed large amounts of feed. However, above normal temperatures at the end of the month melted most of the snowcover across the North and promoted growth of crops and pastures in the South. Early spring planting was continually delayed by widespread precipitation in the Southeast. However, by the end of the month, corn planting was underway in the extreme South from Texas to Florida. Southern Texas growers began planting grain sorghum by the last week in February. Seed bed preparation for the new cotton crop was active in the Southwest, as field conditions permitted. Tobacco producers prepared and seeded plantbeds across the South. Transplanting was underway in Florida, on a limited basis, at the end of the month. Northern deciduous fruit producers pruned trees, applied dormant sprays and planted new trees. Peach buds began to open from South Texas to Arkansas. Vegetable harvesting and spring planting was active in parts of Florida, Texas, Arizona and California.

ORANGES: The U.S. all orange crop is forecast at 222 million boxes (8.55 million metric tons) for 1982-83 season, 1 percent less than February 1 forecast, but 25 percent more than 1981-82 season. Florida's all orange crop estimated at 145 million boxes, down 1 percent from the February 1, but 15 percent more than last season's total. Production prospects for early and mid-season oranges in Florida -- 70.0 million boxes -- down 3 percent from last month. The Florida Valencia crop forecast continues at 75.0 million boxes, 45 percent greater than 1981-82 season.

Harvest of all U.S. oranges, as of March 1, about 42 percent complete, compared with 56 percent a year earlier. Harvest of Florida early and mid-season varieties 98 percent complete. Florida Valencia harvest just underway.

California production, at 67.0 million boxes, down 1 percent from last month, but 56 percent greater than last season. Navel orange output, forecast at 39.0 million boxes, 2 percent less than February 1, but 44 percent above 1981-82 harvest. As of March 1, 45 percent of California's navel crop harvested. California's Valencia orange crop forecast continues at 28.0 million boxes, 75 percent above last season. Light picking started.

Texas orange production forecast, at 6.20 million boxes, up 2 percent from last month, 4 percent above 1981-82. Arizona crop expected to total 3.40 million boxes, up 1 percent from last month's forecast, 11 percent above last season's production. Texas harvest 69 percent complete March 1, Arizona harvest 26 percent complete.

Changes in U.S. orange production between March 1 forecast and final production averaged 4.73 million boxes over past ten seasons, ranging from low of 170 thousand boxes in 1980-81 to high of 11.3 million boxes in 1979-80 season.

FLORIDA FROZEN CONCENTRATED JUICE YIELD: The 1982-83 Florida Frozen Concentrated Juice Yield for all oranges projected at 1.44 gallons per box at 42.0 degree brix equivalent. This compares with the freeze shortened 1981-82 crop final yield of 1.27832 gallons per 90 pound box at 42.0 degree brix equivalent.

FLORIDA GENERAL CITRUS COMMENTS: Citrus groves in Florida excellent condition during February. Record February rainfall most areas. Citrus trees showing pinhead bloom buds and feathery new growth. Open bloom expected by mid-March all areas of citrus belt. Most of February cool which helped suppress new growth. Early and midseason orange harvest declined through past month. Picking grapefruit active during February for fresh and processed markets. Volume of temples to processing plants about three times volume moved fresh during February. Harvest of tangelos and tangerines over for 1982-83 season.

GRAPEFRUIT: The 1982-83 crop (excluding California "Other Areas") forecast at 60.1 million boxes (2.23 million metric tons), down 4 percent from last month, 11 percent below last season. Florida's forecast at 41.5 million boxes, down 6 percent from last month, 14 percent below last season. Texas crop forecast 12.0 million boxes, unchanged from last month, 14 percent below last season. California "Desert Valley" forecast 3.90 million boxes, 14 percent above 1981-82. Arizona's forecast 2.70 million boxes, down 4 percent from February 1, 13 percent above last season.

Grapefruit harvest 58 percent complete March 1 compared with 55 percent same date last year. Picking in Florida 63 percent complete compared with 58 percent on March 1 last year. Harvest in Arizona and California active but behind last season. Harvest pace in Texas nearly the same as last year.

LEMONS: Forecast in Arizona and California, 26.8 million boxes (924 thousand metric tons), down 11 percent from last month, but 8 percent more than last season. California's crop decreased 7 percent to 21.3 million boxes, 15 percent above 1981-82. In Arizona, forecast for crop to be utilized fell 24 percent to 5.50 million boxes, 13 percent less than last season. Harvest about 90 percent complete in Arizona, 35 percent finished in California--behind last season's pace in both States.

TEMPLES: Florida forecast 4.90 million boxes (200 thousand metric tons), up 7 percent from February 1, 53 percent above last season's freeze damaged crop. Harvest about 81 percent complete.

TANGERINES: U.S. crop forecast 4.65 million boxes (179 thousand metric tons), 3 percent below last month, 7 percent less than 1981-82. Florida's crop to be utilized forecast at 2.25 million boxes. Harvest complete. Harvest in California about 80 percent complete.

TANGELOS: Crop forecast, at 3.80 million boxes (155 thousand metric tons), 5 percent less than February 1, 25 percent below 1981-82. Harvest complete March 1.

PAPAYAS: Hawaii fresh production forecast at 2.60 million pounds (1180 metric tons) for March, down 6 percent from February, 43 percent below a year ago. Fresh production will increase in coming months reaching around 3.50 million pounds (1590 metric tons) in June.

February fresh production estimated at 2.78 million pounds (1260 metric tons), down 24 percent from January. Dry weather conditions continue in major growing area where rainfall totaled less than 3.0 inches through February -- over 20 inches is normal.

Area harvested decreased fractionally in February, while total area in crop increased 2 percent to 3060 acres (1240 hectares).

POTATOES: Winter production forecast at 2.23 million cwt (101 thousand metric Tons), 1 percent below last year but 1 percent above record low crop of 1981. March 1 prospects 4 percent below February 1.

In Florida, excessive moisture a problem through most of growing season. Harvest underway all areas. So far, yields normal in southwest; Dade County yields well below normal and not expected to improve. California harvest brought to virtual standstill by excessive rainfall, some acreage underwater. Harvest about 50 percent complete.

Planted area of spring potatoes estimated at 80.3 thousand acres (32.5 thousand hectares), up 2 percent from past two years. Area expected for harvest totals 78.7 thousand acres (31.9 thousand hectares), up 1 percent from last year.

California planted area at 26.5 thousand acres, up 4 percent. Flooding prevalent in spring areas, earliest fields subject to seed rot. Crop progress slow because of heavy rainfall.

Florida planted area of 23.3 thousand acres equal to last year. Harvested acreage down 2 percent. Early plantings in Hastings area up to good stands, some seed rot in later plantings. Other Florida areas also have excessive moisture problems in later fields. Louisiana farmers waiting for fields to dry, little planting done in February.

Texas planted acreage down 2 percent. Rio Grande Valley conditions favorable. *Planting, harvest on time. Winter Garden area land preparation active, planting on schedule. Knox-Haskell area drying out from recent rains with some planting delays.*

POTATOES

| SEASONAL GROUP AND STATE | AREA | | | | YIELD | | PRODUCTION | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | PLANTED | | HARVESTED | | | | | | |
| | IND 1982 | IND 1983 | IND 1982 | IND 1983 | IND 1982 | IND 1983 | IND 1981 | IND 1982 | IND 1983 |
| | 1,000 ACRES | | | | CWT | | 1,000 CWT | | |
| WINTER | | | | | | | | | |
| CALIF | 3.8 | 4.7 | 3.8 | 4.7 | 245 | 260 | 896 | 931 | 1,222 |
| FLA | 7.5 | 6.8 | 7.2 | 6.3 | 185 | 160 | 1,302 | 1,332 | 1,008 |
| TOTAL | 11.3 | 11.5 | 11.0 | 11.0 | 206 | 203 | 2,198 | 2,263 | 2,230 |
| SPRING 1/ | | | | | | | | | |
| ALA | 4.2 | 4.5 | 4.2 | 4.5 | 170 | | 720 | 714 | |
| ARIZ | 4.7 | 4.8 | 4.7 | 4.8 | 305 | | 1,456 | 1,434 | |
| CALIF | 25.5 | 26.5 | 25.5 | 26.5 | 375 | | 10,296 | 9,563 | |
| FLA | | | | | | | | | |
| HASTINGS | 22.0 | 22.0 | 21.5 | 21.0 | 240 | | 5,023 | 5,160 | |
| OTHER | 1.3 | 1.3 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 210 | | 240 | 252 | |
| LA | 1.2 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 1.0 | 80 | | 128 | 88 | |
| N C | 14.0 | 14.0 | 13.8 | 13.8 | 160 | | 2,062 | 2,208 | |
| TEX | 6.2 | 6.1 | 6.0 | 5.9 | 190 | | 840 | 1,140 | |
| TOTAL | 79.1 | 80.3 | 78.0 | 78.7 | 264 | | 20,765 | 20,559 | |

1/ YIELD AND PRODUCTION FOR 1983 TO BE RELEASED APRIL 11, 1983.

PAPAYAS - HAWAII

| MONTH | AREA | | | | FRESH PRODUCTION | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|-------|-----------|-------|------------------|-------|------------------|
| | TOTAL IN CROP | | HARVESTED | | | | |
| | 1982 | 1983 | 1982 | 1983 | 1982 | 1983 | FORECAST 1983 |
| | ACRES | | | | 1,000 POUNDS | | |
| JAN | 3,180 | 3,010 | 2,265 | 2,080 | 3,397 | 3,640 | |
| FEB | 3,110 | 3,060 | 2,285 | 2,070 | 3,610 | 2,780 | |
| MAR | 3,120 | | 2,295 | | 4,528 | | 2,600 |
| APR | 3,035 | | 2,180 | | 3,938 | | 2,700 |
| MAY | 3,060 | | 2,180 | | 3,480 | | 3,200 |
| JUN | 3,040 | | 2,130 | | 3,745 | | 3,500 |
| CUMULATIVE FRESH PRODUCTION JAN-FEB | | | | | 7,007 | 6,420 | |

CITRUS FRUIT

1/

| CROP | PRODUCTION BOXES | | | PRODUCTION TON EQUIVALENT | | |
|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | UTILIZED | INDICATED | INDICATED | UTILIZED | INDICATED | INDICATED |
| STATE | 1980-81 | 1981-82 | 1982-83 | 1980-81 | 1981-82 | 1982-83 |
| | 1,000 UNITS 2/ | | | 1,000 UNITS | | |
| ORANGES, EARLY MID & NAVAL 3/: | | | | | | |
| ARIZ | 900 | 900 | 1,000 | 34 | 34 | 38 |
| CALIF | 38,750 | 27,000 | 39,000 | 1,453 | 1,013 | 1,463 |
| FLA | 105,600 | 74,000 | 70,000 | 4,752 | 3,330 | 3,150 |
| TEX | 2,600 | 3,610 | 3,800 | 110 | 153 | 162 |
| U S | 147,850 | 105,510 | 113,800 | 6,349 | 4,530 | 4,813 |
| ORANGES, VALENCIA | | | | | | |
| ARIZ | 1,700 | 2,150 | 2,400 | 64 | 80 | 90 |
| CALIF | 26,500 | 16,000 | 28,000 | 994 | 600 | 1,050 |
| FLA | 66,800 | 51,600 | 75,000 | 3,006 | 2,331 | 3,375 |
| TEX | 1,730 | 2,330 | 2,400 | 74 | 99 | 102 |
| U S | 96,730 | 72,280 | 107,800 | 4,138 | 3,110 | 4,617 |
| ALL ORANGES | | | | | | |
| ARIZ | 2,600 | 3,050 | 3,400 | 98 | 114 | 128 |
| CALIF | 65,250 | 43,000 | 67,000 | 2,447 | 1,613 | 2,513 |
| FLA | 172,400 | 125,800 | 145,000 | 7,758 | 5,661 | 6,525 |
| TEX | 4,330 | 5,940 | 6,200 | 184 | 252 | 264 |
| U S | 244,580 | 177,790 | 221,600 | 10,487 | 7,640 | 9,430 |
| TEMPLES | | | | | | |
| FLA | 3,600 | 3,200 | 4,900 | 162 | 144 | 221 |
| GRAPEFRUIT, WHITE SEEDLESS | | | | | | |
| FLA | 28,400 | 27,300 | 23,500 | 1,207 | 1,160 | 999 |
| GRAPEFRUIT, PINK SEEDLESS | | | | | | |
| FLA | 14,600 | 14,600 | 12,500 | 621 | 629 | 531 |
| OTHER GRAPEFRUIT | | | | | | |
| FLA | 7,300 | 6,000 | 5,500 | 310 | 255 | 234 |
| ALL GRAPEFRUIT | | | | | | |
| ARIZ | 2,800 | 2,400 | 2,700 | 90 | 77 | 86 |
| CALIF 4/: | | | | | | |
| DESERT | 4,260 | 3,410 | 3,900 | 136 | 109 | 125 |
| OTHER AREAS | 3,800 | 3,200 | | 127 | 107 | |
| TOTAL | 8,060 | 6,610 | | 263 | 216 | |
| FLA | 50,300 | 48,100 | 41,500 | 2,138 | 2,044 | 1,764 |
| TEX | 6,700 | 13,900 | 12,000 | 268 | 556 | 480 |
| U S | 67,860 | 71,010 | | 2,759 | 2,893 | |
| TANGERINES | | | | | | |
| ARIZ | 700 | 750 | 700 | 26 | 28 | 26 |
| CALIF | 1,860 | 1,730 | 1,700 | 70 | 65 | 64 |
| FLA | 3,000 | 2,500 | 2,250 | 143 | 119 | 107 |
| U S | 5,560 | 4,980 | 4,650 | 239 | 212 | 197 |
| LEMONS | | | | | | |
| ARIZ | 7,000 | 6,300 | 5,500 | 266 | 239 | 209 |
| CALIF | 24,300 | 18,500 | 21,300 | 923 | 703 | 809 |
| U S | 31,300 | 24,800 | 26,800 | 1,189 | 942 | 1,018 |
| TANGELOS | | | | | | |
| FLA | 4,900 | 5,100 | 3,800 | 221 | 230 | 171 |

- 1/ THE CROP YEAR BEGINS WITH THE BLOOM OF THE FIRST YEAR SHOWN AND ENDS WITH YEAR HARVEST IS COMPLETED.
- 2/ NET LBS PER BOX: ORANGES-CALIF & ARIZ-75, FLA-90, TEX-85; GRAPEFRUIT-CALIF DESERT & ARIZ-64, CALIF OTHER-67, FLA-85, TEX-80; LEMONS-76; TANGELOS & TEMPLES-90; TANGERINES- CALIF & ARIZ-75, FLA-95.
- 3/ NAVAL AND MISCELLANEOUS VARIETIES IN CALIFORNIA AND ARIZONA. EARLY AND MIDSEASON VARIETIES IN FLORIDA AND TEXAS, INCLUDING SMALL QUANTITIES OF TANGERINES IN TEXAS.
- 4/ THE FIRST FORECAST FOR CALIF GRAPEFRUIT "OTHER AREAS" WILL BE AS OF APR 1.



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| Monthly | -- | -- | | | |
| Annual | -- | -- | | | |
| Poultry: Production, Disposition, and Income | -- | -- | | | |
| Hatchery Prod. Annual | -- | -- | | | |
| Turkeys | -- | -- | | | |
| Poultry: Production, Disposition and Value | -- | -- | | | |
| Hatchery Prod. Annual | -- | -- | | | |
| Turkeys | -- | -- | | | |

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