



Crop Progress

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Corn Harvested – Selected States

[These 18 States harvested 94% of the 2014 corn acreage]

State	Week ending			2010-2014 Average
	November 8, 2014	November 1, 2015	November 8, 2015	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Colorado	70	45	69	83
Illinois	86	96	100	94
Indiana	69	92	97	84
Iowa	79	85	93	91
Kansas	91	94	97	95
Kentucky	91	94	96	95
Michigan	41	61	79	66
Minnesota	87	91	96	93
Missouri	85	97	100	94
Nebraska	76	75	87	87
North Carolina	97	97	98	99
North Dakota	69	83	91	82
Ohio	65	88	95	70
Pennsylvania	63	70	79	71
South Dakota	81	79	89	89
Tennessee	98	97	98	98
Texas	89	84	87	96
Wisconsin	48	61	76	72
18 States	78	85	93	88

Soybeans Harvested – Selected States

[These 18 States harvested 92% of the 2014 soybean acreage]

State	Week ending			2010-2014 Average
	November 8, 2014	November 1, 2015	November 8, 2015	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	91	90	92	90
Illinois	90	96	100	96
Indiana	83	96	98	92
Iowa	95	96	98	98
Kansas	82	84	91	89
Kentucky	62	75	83	79
Louisiana	99	98	98	100
Michigan	83	90	95	91
Minnesota	99	100	100	99
Mississippi	96	94	94	98
Missouri	79	80	86	85
Nebraska	98	97	99	99
North Carolina	39	36	42	36
North Dakota	100	100	100	99
Ohio	84	96	99	88
South Dakota	100	98	99	99
Tennessee	71	76	80	78
Wisconsin	89	95	97	94
18 States	89	92	95	93

Cotton Harvested – Selected States

[These 15 States harvested 99% of the 2014 cotton acreage]

State	Week ending			2010-2014 Average
	November 8, 2014	November 1, 2015	November 8, 2015	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	75	66	68	68
Arizona	49	40	50	47
Arkansas	90	86	89	93
California	89	75	91	78
Georgia	72	43	47	62
Kansas	20	20	33	39
Louisiana	97	96	97	99
Mississippi	91	87	89	95
Missouri	70	72	76	81
North Carolina	63	48	53	62
Oklahoma	40	39	47	51
South Carolina	76	42	46	63
Tennessee	59	60	68	73
Texas	40	40	53	56
Virginia	58	51	65	68
15 States	60	50	58	65

Sugarbeets Harvested – Selected States

[These 4 States harvested 84% of the 2014 sugarbeet acreage]

State	Week ending			2010-2014 Average
	November 8, 2014	November 1, 2015	November 8, 2015	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Idaho	95	75	92	95
Michigan	91	72	83	86
Minnesota	100	100	100	100
North Dakota	100	100	100	100
4 States	97	91	96	97

Peanuts Harvested – Selected States

[These 8 States harvested 97% of the 2014 peanut acreage]

State	Week ending			2010-2014 Average
	November 8, 2014	November 1, 2015	November 8, 2015	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Alabama	88	77	80	83
Florida	93	92	94	95
Georgia	86	73	78	87
North Carolina	85	65	69	88
Oklahoma	76	74	84	78
South Carolina	95	51	56	93
Texas	77	57	65	84
Virginia	93	75	88	90
8 States	87	72	77	88

Sorghum Harvested – Selected States

[These 11 States harvested 98% of the 2014 sorghum acreage]

State	Week ending			2010-2014 Average
	November 8, 2014	November 1, 2015	November 8, 2015	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	100	100	100	100
Colorado	59	55	64	68
Illinois	82	91	94	88
Kansas	65	77	84	79
Louisiana	100	100	100	100
Missouri	81	81	87	88
Nebraska	82	70	84	89
New Mexico	16	35	50	34
Oklahoma	75	81	85	76
South Dakota	90	74	85	92
Texas	81	83	86	84
11 States	74	79	85	82

Sunflowers Harvested – Selected States

[These 4 States harvested 84% of the 2014 sunflower acreage]

State	Week ending			2010-2014 Average
	November 8, 2014	November 1, 2015	November 8, 2015	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Colorado	60	71	83	75
Kansas	58	55	70	72
North Dakota	69	70	83	73
South Dakota	67	69	78	77
4 States	67	69	80	74

Winter Wheat Planted – Selected States

[These 18 States planted 87% of the 2014 winter wheat acreage]

State	Week ending			2010-2014 Average
	November 8, 2014	November 1, 2015	November 8, 2015	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	79	60	69	79
California	49	45	50	47
Colorado	100	99	99	100
Idaho	100	98	100	100
Illinois	82	89	96	94
Indiana	90	93	97	95
Kansas	96	96	100	98
Michigan	95	95	100	98
Missouri	71	79	85	84
Montana	100	99	100	97
Nebraska	100	100	100	100
North Carolina	49	32	36	50
Ohio	94	95	99	95
Oklahoma	96	91	94	96
Oregon	99	89	93	99
South Dakota	100	99	100	100
Texas	88	71	76	87
Washington	100	98	100	100
18 States	93	88	92	94

Winter Wheat Emerged – Selected States

[These 18 States planted 87% of the 2014 winter wheat acreage]

State	Week ending			2010-2014 Average
	November 8, 2014	November 1, 2015	November 8, 2015	
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	61	35	53	56
California	34	15	20	27
Colorado	100	91	95	95
Idaho	92	79	86	89
Illinois	50	69	86	76
Indiana	67	79	87	76
Kansas	87	77	87	88
Michigan	77	80	91	87
Missouri	42	50	65	60
Montana	98	91	95	84
Nebraska	99	97	98	97
North Carolina	30	13	26	24
Ohio	73	79	92	75
Oklahoma	91	79	86	85
Oregon	72	46	62	71
South Dakota	90	95	97	83
Texas	73	55	59	68
Washington	87	75	79	88
18 States	82	72	80	80

Winter Wheat Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 8, 2015

[National crop conditions for selected States are weighted based on 2014 planted acreage]

State	Very poor	Poor	Fair	Good	Excellent
	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)	(percent)
Arkansas	3	5	46	43	3
California	-	5	35	40	20
Colorado	1	10	43	42	4
Idaho	-	-	34	50	16
Illinois	1	8	31	49	11
Indiana	1	3	34	53	9
Kansas	2	11	41	41	5
Michigan	1	2	21	59	17
Missouri	1	11	48	39	1
Montana	-	2	25	57	16
Nebraska	-	5	31	56	8
North Carolina	-	-	10	76	14
Ohio	-	3	32	50	15
Oklahoma	4	12	38	35	11
Oregon	-	18	75	7	-
South Dakota	-	1	31	54	14
Texas	3	9	41	28	19
Washington	4	11	37	45	3
18 States	2	9	38	41	10
Previous week	2	10	39	40	9
Previous year	1	5	34	50	10

- Represents zero.

Days Suitable for Fieldwork - Selected States

[Days suitable for Fieldwork are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Week ending		
	November 8, 2014 (Days)	November 1, 2015 (Days)	November 8, 2015 (Days)
Alabama	6.0	2.4	2.0
Arizona	7.0	6.6	7.0
Arkansas	4.1	2.6	2.6
California	7.0	6.2	6.6
Colorado	6.6	5.8	5.3
Connecticut	5.2	6.0	7.0
Delaware	6.0	5.5	2.5
Florida	6.4	6.3	6.1
Georgia	6.6	5.0	2.5
Idaho	6.3	5.2	3.8
Illinois	5.8	4.2	4.9
Indiana	4.1	4.5	5.4
Iowa	6.6	4.2	5.5
Kansas	6.7	4.8	5.4
Kentucky	4.5	3.5	4.5
Louisiana	5.9	1.7	1.0
Maine	1.7	5.9	5.5
Maryland	5.1	5.5	6.0
Massachusetts	5.3	5.9	6.8
Michigan	4.2	4.2	5.5
Minnesota	5.8	4.0	4.6
Mississippi	5.4	1.8	1.6
Missouri	5.7	4.2	4.5
Montana	5.9	6.2	4.3
Nebraska	6.6	5.6	6.2
Nevada	6.8	7.0	6.4
New Hampshire	6.2	5.4	6.7
New Jersey	5.6	6.0	5.0
New Mexico	6.5	6.5	6.0
New York	4.6	4.7	6.0
North Carolina	6.0	4.0	1.6
North Dakota	5.3	5.3	4.6
Ohio	4.5	4.2	5.3
Oklahoma	5.5	4.7	5.5
Oregon	5.3	6.1	4.7
Pennsylvania	4.6	4.5	6.0
Rhode Island	6.0	6.0	7.0
South Carolina	6.6	4.5	2.4
South Dakota	6.3	5.8	5.8
Tennessee	4.1	2.3	3.1
Texas	4.9	3.8	4.9
Utah	6.5	5.6	5.7
Vermont	3.7	3.0	5.2
Virginia	5.8	5.0	4.4
Washington	5.6	5.6	5.3
West Virginia	5.0	4.9	6.0
Wisconsin	5.3	4.1	4.9
Wyoming	6.4	6.8	5.6

Topsoil Moisture Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 8, 2015

[National topsoil moisture conditions for selected States are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Very short (percent)	Short (percent)	Adequate (percent)	Surplus (percent)
Alabama	2	10	63	25
Arizona	1	11	78	10
Arkansas	1	10	64	25
California	55	35	10	-
Colorado	6	30	63	1
Connecticut	9	39	52	-
Delaware	4	13	70	13
Florida	1	21	71	7
Georgia	2	12	55	31
Idaho	5	24	66	5
Illinois	5	21	69	5
Indiana	5	28	60	7
Iowa	-	11	83	6
Kansas	9	34	55	2
Kentucky	3	13	74	10
Louisiana	-	3	30	67
Maine	-	1	85	14
Maryland	-	2	88	10
Massachusetts	-	22	78	-
Michigan	-	8	79	13
Minnesota	1	15	79	5
Mississippi	4	7	40	49
Missouri	6	28	60	6
Montana	10	24	59	7
Nebraska	7	29	63	1
Nevada	10	25	65	-
New Hampshire	3	11	77	9
New Jersey	5	19	71	5
New Mexico	13	34	51	2
New York	2	7	72	19
North Carolina	4	6	50	40
North Dakota	3	20	72	5
Ohio	5	19	68	8
Oklahoma	11	29	57	3
Oregon	33	36	31	-
Pennsylvania	3	12	84	1
Rhode Island	-	30	70	-
South Carolina	-	-	41	59
South Dakota	7	24	68	1
Tennessee	-	6	77	17
Texas	2	10	67	21
Utah	6	33	61	-
Vermont	-	10	81	9
Virginia	-	11	82	7
Washington	17	42	38	3
West Virginia	2	23	72	3
Wisconsin	1	9	77	13
Wyoming	5	39	56	-
48 States	6	20	65	9
Previous week	7	23	62	8
Previous year	9	23	62	6

- Represents zero.

Subsoil Moisture Condition - Selected States: Week Ending November 8, 2015

[National subsoil moisture conditions for selected States are weighted based on cropland acreage]

State	Very short (percent)	Short (percent)	Adequate (percent)	Surplus (percent)
Alabama	3	8	71	18
Arizona	1	8	83	8
Arkansas	5	20	66	9
California	45	40	15	-
Colorado	8	32	59	1
Connecticut	6	45	49	-
Delaware	6	13	72	9
Florida	1	14	77	8
Georgia	2	17	61	20
Idaho	10	32	56	2
Illinois	6	29	61	4
Indiana	7	34	55	4
Iowa	2	13	80	5
Kansas	12	34	54	-
Kentucky	2	19	75	4
Louisiana	-	4	48	48
Maine	-	1	85	14
Maryland	-	4	86	10
Massachusetts	-	20	80	-
Michigan	1	17	75	7
Minnesota	3	18	77	2
Mississippi	5	10	60	25
Missouri	12	31	54	3
Montana	11	33	47	9
Nebraska	6	29	64	1
Nevada	25	35	40	-
New Hampshire	3	12	76	9
New Jersey	4	13	80	3
New Mexico	9	24	66	1
New York	1	9	73	17
North Carolina	4	5	63	28
North Dakota	4	25	67	4
Ohio	7	22	65	6
Oklahoma	16	35	48	1
Oregon	36	42	22	-
Pennsylvania	3	15	80	2
Rhode Island	-	30	70	-
South Carolina	-	-	35	65
South Dakota	7	27	65	1
Tennessee	3	15	73	9
Texas	3	17	67	13
Utah	9	40	49	2
Vermont	-	23	77	-
Virginia	-	10	85	5
Washington	15	45	39	1
West Virginia	5	23	71	1
Wisconsin	2	12	81	5
Wyoming	9	37	54	-
48 States	7	24	63	6
Previous week	8	27	60	5
Previous year	10	25	61	4

- Represents zero.

Crop Progress and Condition Tables Expected Next Week

Corn: Harvested

Cotton: Harvested

Peanuts: Harvested

Sorghum: Harvested

Sunflowers: Harvested

Winter Wheat: Planted, Emerged, Condition

Days Suitable for Fieldwork

Topsoil Moisture

Subsoil Moisture

Statistical Methodology

Survey Procedures: Crop progress and condition estimates are based on survey data collected each week from early April through the end of November. The non-probability crop progress and condition surveys include input from approximately 4,000 respondents whose occupations provide them opportunities to make visual observations and frequently bring them in contact with farmers in their counties. Based on standard definitions, these respondents subjectively estimate the progress of crops through various stages of development, as well as the progress of producer activities. They also provide subjective evaluations of crop conditions.

Most respondents complete their questionnaires on Friday or early Monday morning and submit them to the National Agricultural Statistics Service (NASS) Field Offices in their States by mail, telephone, fax, e-mail, or through a secured internet website. A small number of reports are completed on Thursday, Saturday, and Sunday. Regardless of when questionnaires are completed, respondents are asked to report for the entire week ending on Sunday. For reports submitted prior to the Sunday reference date, a degree of uncertainty is introduced by projections for weekend changes in progress and condition. By the end of the 2014 season, over 90 percent of the data were being submitted through the internet website. As a result, the majority of all data are submitted on Monday morning, significantly reducing projection uncertainty.

Respondents are sent written reporting instructions at the beginning of each season and are contacted periodically to ensure proper reporting. Terms and definitions of crop stages and condition categories used as reporting guidelines are available on the NASS website at www.nass.usda.gov/Publications/National_Crop_Progress.

Estimating Procedures: Reported data are reviewed for reasonableness and consistency by comparing with data reported the previous week and data reported in surrounding counties for the current week. Each State Field Office summarizes the reported data to district and State levels, weighting each county's reported data by NASS county acreage estimates. Summarized indications are compared with previous week estimates, and progress items are compared with earlier stages of development and historical averages to ensure reasonableness. Weather events and respondent comments are also taken into consideration. State estimates are submitted to the Agricultural Statistics Board (ASB) along with supporting comments, where they are compared with surrounding States and compiled into a National level summary by weighting each State by its acreage estimates.

Revision Policy: Progress and condition estimates in the *Crop Progress* report are released after 4:00 pm ET on the first business day of the week. These estimates are subject to revision the following week.

Information Contacts

Listed below are the commodity statisticians in the Crops Branch of the National Agricultural Statistics Service to contact for additional information. E-mail inquiries may be sent to nass@nass.usda.gov

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Angie Considine – Cotton, Cotton Ginnings, Sorghum.....	(202) 720-5944
Tony Dahlman – Oats, Soybeans.....	(202) 690-3234
Chris Hawthorn – Corn, Flaxseed, Proso Millet.....	(202) 720-9526
James Johanson – County Estimates, Hay.....	(202) 690-8533
Scott Matthews – Crop Weather, Barley.....	(202) 720-7621
Jean Porter – Rye, Wheat.....	(202) 720-8068
Bianca Pruneda – Peanuts, Rice.....	(202) 720-7688
Travis Thorson – Sunflower, Other Oilseeds.....	(202) 720-7369

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- All reports are available electronically, at no cost, on the NASS web site: <http://www.nass.usda.gov>
- Both national and state specific reports are available via a free e-mail subscription. To set-up this free subscription, visit <http://www.nass.usda.gov> and click on “National” or “State” in upper right corner above “search” box to create an account and select the reports you would like to receive.

For more information on NASS surveys and reports, call the NASS Agricultural Statistics Hotline at (800) 727-9540, 7:30 a.m. to 4:00 p.m. ET, or e-mail: nass@nass.usda.gov.

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