Weekly Weather and Crop Bulletin
State Stories

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ALABAMA: Days suitable for fieldwork 6.4. Topsoil moisture 75% very short, 20% short, 4% adequate, 0% surplus. Corn condition 69% very poor, 19% poor, 9% fair, 3% good, 0% excellent. Soybeans 91% planted, 96% 2006, 82% avg.; 75% emerged, 8666% 2006, 69% avg.; 6% blooming, 5% 2006, 5% avg.; condition 65% very poor, 23% poor, 10% fair, 2% good, 0% excellent. Winter wheat condition 5% very poor, 1% poor, 2% fair, 1% good, 0% excellent. Pasture condition 58% very poor, 27% poor, 13% fair, 2% good, 0% excellent. Livestock condition 40% very poor, 27% poor, 25% fair, 8% good, 0% excellent. Even with a week of some rainfall, exceptional drought conditions continued to spread across Alabama from central parts of the state to the Tennessee border. Alabama’s range, pasture condition remained virtually unchanged, with the majority reported in very poor or poor condition. Most of the state’s livestock were reported in very poor to poor condition.

ALASKA: Days suitable for fieldwork 6.0. Topsoil moisture supplies 30% short, 70% adequate. Subsoil moisture supplies 20% short, 80% adequate. Barley 100% pre-boot, condition 10% fair, 40% good; 50% excellent. Oats 100% pre-boot. Potatoes 60% emerged. Hay 1st cutting complete 20%. Oat condition 10% fair, 60% good,30% excellent. Hay condition 5% poor, 5% fair, 50% good, 40% excellent. Crop growth 10% slow, 55% moderate, 35% rapid. Wind, rain damage to crops 85% none, 5% light, 10% moderate. The main farm activities for the week were harvesting hay, weed control, seeding forage crops.

ARIZONA: Temperatures were mostly above normal in the State for the week ending June 24. No precipitation was reported at any of the 22 reporting stations. There remains only four stations with above normal precipitation for the year to date. Alfalfa harvest continues in Arizona with over three quarters of the State’s acreage active. Small grain harvesting is at least 50 percent complete, slightly behind the 5-year average. Cotton squaring is 65 percent complete across the State, slightly ahead of the 5-year average of 59 percent.

ARKANSAS: Days suitable for field work 5.3. Topsoil moisture 5% very short, 25% short, 65% adequate, 5% surplus. Subsoil moisture 3% very short, 29% short, 66% adequate, 2% surplus. Corn 76% silked, 89% 2006, 71% avg.; 10% dough, 3% 2006, 1% avg. Alfalfa hay condition 31% fair, 53% good, 16% excellent. Other hay condition 5% poor, 35% fair, 48% good, 12% excellent. Last week, all of the state’s crops were rated at least 60% good to excellent, all had progressed ahead of their 5-year averages except sorghum headed. By week’s end, the corn crop in the silk stage had a jump of 29 percentage points from the previous week. As a result of normal temperatures, beneficial rains, the state cotton crop squaring was 10 points ahead of normal. By the end of the week, only 3% of the soybeans were left to be planted, 10% were yet to emerge. Soybeans in the blooming stage were 5 percentage points ahead of normal. Winter wheat harvest was nearing completion with only 5% of the crop left to be harvested. Cattle conditions were reported as mostly good, pasture conditions were fair to excellent. Producers continued spraying pastures, harvesting hay, and controlling brush growth.

CALIFORNIA: The fourth cutting of alfalfa was underway in some areas of the State. Irrigation, fertilization continued in rice fields. Rice fields were also treated for weeds. Cotton squaring, boll setting progressed, though development was slower in some areas due to cool nights. Cotton was looking good in Kern County, was being irrigated, sprayed for insects. Wheat harvest had ended in Stanislaus County. New sugar beet fields were still being cultivated, irrigated while fall sugar beets were still being harvested. Corn for grain, silage was in various stages of growth in Fresno County. In Merced County winter forage cutting for silage, hay was winding down. Sunflower, safflower were blooming in Sutter County, with an early safflower harvest expected. Blackeye beans were being irrigated in Tulare County with good growth reported. Grape, stone fruit growers continued to fertilize, irrigate, apply sprays to control weeds, diseases, insects. Grape bunch thinning also occurred. Some thinning, normal harvest continued in stone fruit. Harvests of Black Velvet, Patterson, Judy’s Delight apricots remained underway. Apricot harvest was winding down in Tulare County. Brittany Lane, Honey Sweet, Ice Princess, Earlirich, Crimson Lady, Sierra Snow, Snow Blaze, Super Rich peaches and Kay Sweet, Red Roy, Zee Fire, June Pearl, Candy Pearl, Ruby Pearl, Royal Glow nectarines were still being harvested. Black Beaut, Yummy Beaut, flavor Green, Flavorosa, Rich Red, Yummy Rosa, Showtime plum varieties were also harvested, as were Early Dapple, Flavorosa, Tropical Plumana plutos. Golden Sweet, Honey Gold apriums were harvested. Cherry harvest was winding the end. Apples were sprayed for codling moth. Pomegranates, figs were forming fruit. Valencia harvest was slowing down. The January freeze caused internal drying to fruit requiring packers to separate damaged fruit. A few lemons, grapefruit were being packed. Irrigation to citrus, olives was expected to increase with continuing hot weather. Blackberries, blueberries, boysenberries, strawberries were harvested in Stanislaus County. Raspberries were harvested in San Benito County. The heavy almond crop continued to do well. Almond orchards were sprayed for weeds, mites. Walnut growers were irrigating orchards, some groves were treated for coding moth. Fresh market tomatoes, cantaloupe, honeydew were still being planted in Merced County while watermelon planting was winding down. Honeydew melons were also being planted in San Joaquin County. Harvests for watermelons, cantaloupes had already begun in Kern County. Eggplant, tomatoes, melons, squash, peppers, sweet corn were growing well in Tulare County. In Fresno County, melons, asparagus, processing and fresh market tomatoes, lettuce fields continued to be weeded, irrigated, fertilized, treated to control insects and mildew. Harvests of bok choy, broccoli, cabbage, carrots, cilantro, collard, dandelion greens, cucumbers, daikon, garlic, green onions, kale, leaf, head lettuce, leeks, mustard greens, parsley, parsnips, rutabaga, spinach, tomatoes were ongoing in Fresno County. Fire danger was at a high level due to very dry conditions in California. Some beef cows remained on dry foot soil pastures in the central, northern areas, were receiving supplemental feed and/or protein supplements. Many calves, stocker cattle bought at auctions the past month have gone to out-of-State locations where they have better pasture conditions. Milk production has dropped off in central California due to hotter weather. Sheep were grazing on dryland wheat, retired farmland, older alfalfa fields. Bee hives were being placed into alfalfa, onion seed fields as well as melon, cucumber, squash fields in the central area. Due to the bee shortage, more growers are using leaf cutter bees, particularly in alfalfa seed fields in the Imperial Valley, central California.

COLORADO: Days suitable for fieldwork 6.7. Topsoil moisture 5% very short, 20% short, 73% adequate, 2% surplus. Subsoil moisture 5% very short, 25% short, 67% adequate, 3% surplus. Spring barley 45% headed, 67% 2006, 66% avg.; 4% turning color, 4% 2006, 5% avg.; condition 3% poor, 26% fair, 45% good, 26% excellent. Spring wheat
DELAWARE: Days suitable for fieldwork 6.7. Topsoil moisture 20% very short, 36% short, 44% adequate, 0% surplus. Subsoil moisture 13% very short, 43% short, 44% adequate, 0% surplus. Corn condition very poor 3%, poor 21%, fair 19%, 35% good, 22% excellent. Soybean condition very poor 2%, poor 16%, fair 8%, good 63%, 11% excellent; 79% planted, 77% 2006, 72% avg.; 62% emerged, 69% 2006, 62% avg. Barley condition 0% very poor, 4% poor, 27% fair, 66% good, 3% excellent; 100% turned, 85% 2006, 86% avg. Pasture condition 3% very poor, 15% poor, 22% fair, 59% good, 1% excellent. Strawberries 100% harvested, 98% 2006, 95% avg. Other hay 1st cutting 100%, 100% 2006, 89% avg.; 2nd cutting 23%, 21% 2006, 24% avg. Alfalfa hay 1st cutting 100%, 100% 2006; 2nd cutting 2%, 9% 2006, 4% avg. Apple condition 2% very poor, 6% poor, 68% good, 2% excellent. Peach condition 2% very poor, 4% poor, 16% fair, 76% good, 2% excellent. Cucumbers 73% planted, 59% 2006, 60% avg. Lima beans 67% planted, 56% 2006, 50% avg. Snap beans 89% planted, 91% 2006, 92% avg. Sweet corn 92% planted, 82% 2006, 83% avg. Green peas 87% harvested, 76% 2006, 69% avg. Tomatoes 98% planted, 86% 2006, 84% avg. Hay supply a short supply, 82% fair, 13% very short, 4% surplus. Dry conditions continue with sporadic rain during the week. Double crop Soybeans will be hard to plant unless we get more rain.

FLORIDA: Topsoil moisture 41% very short, 29% short, 30% adequate. Subsoil moisture 50% very short, 30% short, 20% adequate. Peanuts 15% pegged, 32% pr yr, 38% -5 yr avg. Cotton, peanut growth boosted, localities getting recent rains; some fields, very poor condition; plants wilted due high temperatures, lack of moisture. Fall potatoes, 89% emerged, 91% 2006, 88% avg.; condition 9% poor, 42% fair, 40% good. 9% excellent. Yeast 3% harvested, 100% 2006, 96% avg.; 60% emerged, 89% 2006, 76% avg.; condition 2% poor, 7% fair, 81% good, 10% excellent. Colorado experienced near record high temperatures last week with very little precipitation. The warmer temperatures along with high winds have advanced winter wheat maturity.

HAWAII: Days suitable for fieldwork 7. Soil moisture was variable. Soil moisture in most areas continued to experience short levels with only a few areas receiving scattered showers. Crop progress for bananas, papayas were fair to good. Non-irrigated vegetables made fair progress. Irrigated vegetables made good progress. Harvesting was active, expected to increase for some vegetable crops. Pasture conditions ranged from fair to poor. Spraying for insect control increased in some areas. Irrigation levels were moderate to high to combat dryness. Moderate trade winds generated mostly sunny skies with warm temperatures. The trade wind flow brought in light and scattered showers and increased in some areas. Irrigation water supply 1% very poor, 10% poor, 48% fair, 39% good, 2% excellent. There was a relatively dry week this past week. Therefore, irrigation was not needed across the state. The irrigation water supply outlook was unchanged. Statewide average precipitation was above normal. Although hay and wheat harvesting were delayed slightly, these good, soaking rains helped rejuvenate fields across the state. Producers continue to look for more precipitation this coming week.

IDAHO: Days suitable for fieldwork 6.8. Topsoil moisture 9% very short, 24% short, 67% adequate, 0% surplus. Winter wheat 9% turning color, 5% 2006, 4% avg. Spring wheat 95% jointed, 80% 2006, 87% avg.; 63% boot stage, 55% 2006, 59% avg. Barley 87% jointed, 73% 2006, 84% avg.; boot stage 57%, 53% 2006, 56% avg. Potato condition 0% very poor, 0% poor, 1% fair, 81% good, 9% excellent. Peaches 97% emerged, 98% 2006, 95% avg.; 12 inches high 42%, 43% 2006, 36% avg.; closing middles 10%, 7% 2006, 6% avg. Alfalfa hay 1st cutting 82%, 82% 2006, 76% avg.; 2nd cutting 3%, 8% 2006, 4% avg. Dry beans 94% emerged, 99% 2006, 93% avg. Cherries 19% harvested, 7% 2006, 26% avg. Irrigation water supply 1% very poor, 10% poor, 48% fair, 39% good, 2% excellent.

INDIANA: Days suitable for fieldwork 5.4. Topsoil moisture 29% very short, 37% short, 33% adequate. 1% surplus. Subsoil moisture 25% very short, 44% short, 31% adequate. Corn condition 5% very poor, 14% poor, 32% fair, 44% good, 5% excellent. Soybeans 98% emerged, 92% 2006, 92% avg.; condition 6% very poor, 17% poor, 34% fair, 39% good, 4% excellent. Winter wheat 36% harvested, 23% 2006, 26% avg.; condition 4% very poor, 17% poor, 47% fair, 29% good, 6% excellent. Pasture condition 8% very poor, 3% poor, 63% fair, 22% good, 13% fair, 13% good. Livestock remain in mostly good condition. Average temperatures ranged from 2° below normal to 3° above normal with a high of 98° and a low of 51°. Precipitation averaged from .25 to 3.61 inches. Most of the state received some much needed precipitation over the weekend. Stress to major crops, pastures was becoming serious in many fields until last week’s rain. Farmers were still spraying for weeds, insect control, and blackleg was being treated. Second cutting of hay is underway. Reporters indicate some cattle, calves have been sold due to poor pasture conditions, high hay prices. Activities included harvesting wheat, planting double crop soybeans, scouting fields, spraying herbicides, cutting, baling hay, mowing roadsides, ditches, hauling manure and taking care of livestock.

GEORGIA: Days suitable for fieldwork 6.1. Topsoil moisture 31% very short, 38% short, 31% adequate, 0% surplus. Corn 20% very poor, 21% poor, 29% fair, 27% good, 3% excellent. Soybeans 4% very poor, 8% poor, 42% fair, 45% good, 1% excellent. Sorghum 13% very poor, 18% poor, 45% fair, 23% good, 1% excellent. Apples 80% very poor, 14% poor, 6% fair, 0% good, 0% excellent. Hay 37% very poor, 31% poor, 22% fair, 9% good, 1% excellent. Peaches 85% very poor, 0% poor, 7% fair, 8% good, 0% excellent. Pecans 15% very poor, 23% poor, 34% fair, 23% good, 5% excellent. Tobacco 2% very poor, 15% poor, 30% fair, 47% good, 6% excellent. Watermelons 3% very poor, 13% poor, 51% fair, 29% good, 4% excellent. Corn 80% silked, 81% 2006, 79% avg.; 26% dry, 38% 2006, 37% avg.; 2% dent, 4% 2006, 8% 2006. Soybeans 81% planted, 93% 2006, 92% avg.; 66% emerged, 83% 2006, 83% avg.; 1% blooming, 5% 2006, 8 avg. Sorghum 81% planted, 90% 2006, 85% avg. Winter wheat 98% harvested, 98% 2006, 91% avg. Peaches 44% harvested, 32% 2006, 40% avg. Peanuts 26% blooming, 50% 2006, 58% avg. Tobacco 1% harvested, 2% 2006, 3% avg. Watermelons 30% harvested, 36% 2006, 34% avg. Enough rain fell this week to prevent crop conditions from deteriorating any further in most areas. Some areas reported a below average rainfall conditions. Farmers in northwest Georgia were able to resume planting after receiving the first significant rainfall in some time. Dryland crops continued to be in much worse shape than irrigated crops.
IOWA: Days suitable for fieldwork 4.8. Topsoil moisture 3% very short, 12% short, 73% adequate, 12% surplus. Subsoil moisture 1% very short, 7% short, 79% adequate, 13% surplus. Oats 86% headed, 11% turning color, condition 0% very poor, 2% poor, 19% fair, 64% good, 15% excellent. Corn average height 36 inches, condition 1% very poor, 4% poor, 17% fair, 56% good, 22% excellent. Soybeans 5% blooming, condition 0% very poor, 3% poor, 22% fair, 57% good, 8% excellent. Alfalfa 1st cutting of is complete. Hay condition 2% very poor, 9% poor, 32% fair, 49% good, 8% excellent. Pasture condition 1% very poor, 5% poor, 27% fair, 57% good, 10% excellent. Scattered showers brought needed moisture to parts of the state while others received little to no moisture, causing concern over crop conditions.

KANSAS: Days suitable for fieldwork 5.5. Topsoil moisture 1% very short, 15% short, 74% adequate, 10% surplus. Subsoil moisture 1% very short, 11% short, 17% adequate, 79% surplus. Wheat 100% harvested, 100% 2006, 94% avg.; 26% setting pods, 30% 2006, 12% avg. Hay, forage supplies 6% very short, 20% short, 71% adequate, 3% surplus. Stock water supplies 5% short, 85% adequate, 10% surplus. Light to moderate amounts of rainfall fell throughout the state with heavier amounts falling in the northeastern counties. Temperatures were average for this time of year. Harvesting wheat and row crop planting were the primary activities.

KENTUCKY: Days suitable for fieldwork 6.1. Topsoil moisture 52% very short, 31% short, 16% adequate, 1% surplus. Subsoil moisture 47% very short, 36% short, 17% adequate, 3% surplus. Wheat 100% harvested, 100% 2006, 90% 5-year avg.; 2nd cutting 18%, 2006, 21% 5-year avg.; 10% silking, 7% 2006, 12% 5-yr avg. Soybean average height 8 in. Soybeans 93% planted, 96% 2006, 85% 5-yr avg. This is an aggregate that includes both single crop and double crop beans. Tobacco height 95% 2006, 94% avg. Hay supplies 6% very short, 14% short, 74% adequate, 1% surplus. Potato leafhoppers continued to be active, require monitoring. Dry bean planting near completed with most fields nodded. Soybeans 7% 2006, 5% avg.13% very poor, 16% poor, 34% fair, 32% good, 19% excellent; condition 30% very poor, 34% poor, 29% fair, 6% good, 1% excellent. Most of the state received scattered showers but more rain is needed. Most rainfall for the state in Past 7 weeks. Hay crops extremely short. Very few second hay cuttings statewide. Growing concern over the drying up of livestock watering systems.

LOUISIANA: Days suitable for fieldwork 5.2. Soil moisture 7% very short, 23% short, 62% adequate, 8% surplus. Corn 100% silky, 99% 2006, 98% avg.; 85% silking, 43% 2006, 55% avg.; 5% very poor, 6% poor, 28% fair, 47% good, 14% excellent. Hay 1st cutting 9%, 99% 2006, 98% avg.; 2nd cutting 8%, 8% 2006, 3% avg. Peaches 41% harvested, 33% 2006, 37% avg. Soybeans 99% planted, 99% 2006, 94% avg.; 26% setting pods, 30% 2006, 12% avg. Sweet potatoes 93% planted, 93% 2006, 81% avg. Wheat 100% harvested, 100% 2006, 100% avg. Sugarcane 6% poor, 5% fair, 9% good, 21% excellent. Corn average height 36 inches, condition 1% very poor, 18% poor, 34% fair, 72% good, 6% excellent; Vegetable 2% very poor, 12% poor, 28% fair, 55% good, 3% excellent; Range, pasture 1% very poor, 5% poor, 24% fair, 63% good, 7% excellent. Day suitable for fieldwork 6.6. Topsoil moisture 25% very short, 34% short, 41% adequate, 0% surplus. Subsoil moisture 15% very short, 36% short, 49% adequate, 0% surplus. Corn condition 3% very poor, 7% poor, 23% fair, 55% good, 12% excellent. Soybean condition 4% very poor, 11% poor, 21% fair, 52% good, 34% excellent. Soybeans 85% planted, 83% 2006, 75% avg.; 79% emerged, 63% 2006, 60% avg. Barley condition 0% very poor, 6% poor, 21% fair, 59% good, 14% excellent; 99% turned, 100% 2006, 98% avg.; 86% harvested, 100% 2006, 67% avg. Winter wheat condition 0% very poor, 3% poor, 17% fair, 71% good, 9% excellent; 91% turned, 95% 2006, 89% avg.; 23% harvested, 15% 2006, 21% avg. Pasture condition 8% very poor, 19% poor, 31% fair, 34% good, 8% excellent. Corn average height 36 inches, condition 1% very poor, 1% poor, 1% fair, 95% good, 0% excellent. Peach condition 8% very poor, 5% poor, 8% fair, 79% good and 0% excellent. Cucumbers 4% planted, 70% 2006, 62% avg. Lima beans 75% planted, 60% 2006, 59% avg.; Beans 3% planted, 97% 2006, 73% avg. 2006, 67% avg. Sweet corn 94% planted, 92% 2006, 90% avg. Green peas 65% harvested, 83% 2006, 71% avg. Tomatoes 92% planted, 95% 2006, 94% avg. Hay supplies 6% very short, 14% short, 74% adequate, 6% surplus. Dry conditions continue with sporadic rain during the week. Double crop Soybeans will be hard to plant unless we get more rain.

MICHIGAN: Days suitable for fieldwork 6. Topsoil moisture 4% very short, 20% short, 63% adequate, 13% surplus. Corn 39 in. height, 27 in. 2006, 20 in. avg. Soybeans 10 in. height, 8 in. 2006, 6 in. avg. Spring wheat 93% jointed, 87% 2006, 72% avg.; 2% ripening, 0% 2006, 0% avg. Oats 94% jointed, 93% 2006, 85% avg.; 2% ripening, 0% 2006, 0% avg. Barley 88% jointed, 79% 2006, 71% avg.; 1% ripening, 0% 2006, 0% avg. Alfalfa 90% 1st cutting, 97% 2006, 80% avg.; Condition 2% very fair, 54% fair, 3% excellent, 22% 14% excellent. Pasture feed 1% very poor, 10% poor, 29% fair, 46% good, 14% excellent. Sugarbeets 1% very poor, 5% poor, 29% fair, 43% good, 22% excellent. Potatoes 1% poor, 11% fair, 50% good, 38% excellent. Green peas 5% poor, 14% fair, 66% good, 15% excellent. Dry beans 5% poor, 26% fair, 54% good, 15% excellent. Canola 7% poor, 23% fair, 40% good, 30% excellent. Sunflowers 7% poor, 25%
MISSOURI: Days suitable for fieldwork 5.5. Soil moisture 54% very short, 16% short, 15% adequate, Corn 92% siled, 90% 2006, 79% avg.; 38% gouh, 36% 2006, 21% avg.; 12% very poor, 22% poor, 23% fair, 36% good, 7% excellent. Cotton 100% emerged, 100% 2006, 100% avg.; 77% squaring, 70% 2006, 59% avg.; 4% setting boils, 14% 2006, 6% avg.; 1% very poor 5% poor, 17% fair, 62% good, 15% excellent. Peanuts 10% pegging, 14% 2006, NA% avg.; 0% very poor, 2% poor, 13% fair, 40% good, 45% excellent. Rice 0% heading, 4% 2006, 2% avg.; 0% very poor, 0% poor, 11% fair, 45% good, 14% excellent. Sorghum 32% headling, 31% 2006, 22% avg.; 3% very poor, 5% poor, 23% fair, 68% good, 1% excellent. Soybeans 100 planted, 100% 2006, 100% avg.; 100% emerged, 100% 2006, 98% avg.; 72% blooming, 78% 2006, 54% avg.; 14% setting pods, 42% 2006, 23% avg.; 2% very poor, 7% poor, 25% fair, 55% good, 11% excellent. Wheat 100% mature, 100% 2006, 100% avg.; 100% harvested, 99% 2006, 94% avg. Hay (1st crop) 98% (Harvested warm), 93% very short, 31% (Harvested warm), 33% 2006, 37% avg.; 25% very poor, 17% poor, 37% fair, 18% good, 3% excellent. Sweetpotatoes 87% planted, 69% 2006, 70% avg.; 0% very poor, 0% poor, 16% fair, 58% good, 26% excellent. Blueberries 1% very poor, 15% poor, 18% fair, 43% good, 23% excellent. Cattle 10% very poor, 15% poor, 15% fair, 39% good, 27% very poor, 27% poor, 28% fair, 18% good, 0% excellent. Scattered showers across much of the state provided temporary relief to moisture starved crops, in a few low-lying areas, flooding was reported due to an excess of rain. For the most part, the majority of row crops have shown a noticeable improvement, although much more rainfall is needed to further assist the crops along. Watermelon producers in South Mississippi have been working hard to harvest their crop on time for the Forth of July and despite the extreme dry weather, the irrigated crop is looking good.

NEBRASKA: Days suitable for fieldwork 5.7. Topsoil moisture 6% very short, 16% short, 15% adequate, 6% excess, 6% depleted, 0% surplus. Corn conditions 8% very short, 14% short, 77% adequate, 1% surplus. Corn conditions 0% very poor, 1% poor, 14% fair, 61% good, 24% excellent. Soybean conditions 0% very poor, 1% poor, 18% fair, 67% good, 14% excellent; 3% blooming, 3% 2006, 2% avg. Wheat conditions 3% very poor, 13% poor, 30% fair, 45% good, 9% excellent; turning color was 85%, 93% 2006, 81% avg.; 10% ripe, 39% 2006, 23% avg. Wheat harvest has begun in most areas with conditions 1% very poor, 2% poor, 26% fair, 59% good, 12% excellent; 93% emerged, 92% 2006, 94% avg. Alfalfa conditions 3% very poor, 7% poor, 23% fair, 56% good, 11% excellent; of 2nd cutting taken 6%, 28% 2006, 13% avg. Proso millet 86% planted, 60% 2006, 74% avg. Dry beans 85% emerged, 85% 2006, 76% avg. Pasture, range conditions 3% very poor, 4% poor, 19% fair, 59% good, 15% excellent. Temperatures were 1 to 3 degrees above normal. Rainfall for the week averaged 0.83 inches. Activities soybean planting, herbicide spraying; sorghum planting; irrigation; insecticide spraying; 2nd cutting alfalfa, other hay, residue removal, depending on where rain fell. The critical corn pollination stage is approaching. Topsoil moisture shortages are still present in the eastern third of the state. Dry areas are struggling with double-crop soybean germination. Spider mite spraying was reported in Bootheel cotton. Temperatures were 1 to 3 degrees above normal. Rainfall for the week averaged 0.83 inches. Activities soybean planting, herbicide spraying; sorghum planting; insecticide spraying; 2nd cutting alfalfa, other hay, residue removal, depending on where rain fell. The critical corn pollination stage is approaching. Topsoil moisture shortages are still present in the eastern third of the state. Dry areas are struggling with double-crop soybean germination. Spider mite spraying was reported in Bootheel cotton. Temperatures were 1 to 3 degrees above normal. Rainfall for the week averaged 0.83 inches. Activities soybean planting, herbicide spraying; sorghum planting; insecticide spraying; 2nd cutting alfalfa, other hay, residue removal, depending on where rain fell. The critical corn pollination stage is approaching. Topsoil moisture shortages are still present in the eastern third of the state. Dry areas are struggling with double-crop soybean germination. Spider mite spraying was reported in Bootheel cotton.

NEVADA: Days suitable for fieldwork 7.0. Dry, windy conditions dominated the state last week as most locations recorded daily high temperatures in the low to mid nineties. Las Vegas reached 109 degrees for the week’s high temperature while Ely recorded the week’s low at 33 degrees. No precipitation was reported for the period. Groun-d water conditions across the state are worsening and dry, warm, windy conditions. Producers continue to monitor feed supplies as declining rangeland conditions may necessitate an early withdraw of livestock from summer ranges. Crop producing regions report winter wheat heading nearly completely and onions in primarily good condition. Main farm, ranch activities include harvest of alfalfa, other hay, we control, irrigation, equipment maintenance.

NEW ENGLAND: Days suitable for fieldwork 6.4. Topsoil moisture 3% very short, 25% short, 70% adequate, 2% surplus. Subsoil moisture 2% very short, 21% short, 75% adequate, 2% surplus. Pasture condition 5% poor, 20% fair, 55% good, 20% excellent. Maine potatoes 100% planted, 100% 2006, 100% avg.; 90% emerged, 90% 2006, 75% avg.; condition good/excellent. Rhode Island potatoes 100% emerged, 100% 2006, 100% avg.; condition excellent/good. Massachusetts potatoes 100% emerged, 95% 2006, 95% avg.; condition excellent. Maine oats 100% emerged, 100% 2006, 98% avg.; condition excellent. Maine barley 100% emerged, 100% 2006, 99% avg.; condition excellent. Field corn 99% planted, 90% 2006, 95% avg.; 95% emerged, 75% 2006, 80% avg.; condition good/excellent in New Hampshire, Rhode Island and good elsewhere. Sweet corn 95% planted, 85% 2006, 90% avg.; 85% emerged, 70% 2006, 80% avg.; condition good/excellent. Shade tobacco 100% transplanted, 100% 2006, 100% avg.; condition good. Blueberries, cranberries early bloom to full bloom; fruit set average, condition good/fair in Connecticut and good elsewhere. Maine cranberries early bloom to full bloom; fruit set average, condition good/fair in Connecticut, good elsewhere. Pears fruit set average; Fruit size average; condition good/fair in Connecticut and good elsewhere. Strawberries 30% harvested, 25% 2006, 20% average; fruit set average/above average in Maine and Rhode Island, average elsewhere; fruit size average/above average in Maine, average elsewhere; condition good/excellent. Massachusetts cranberries early bloom to full bloom; fruit set average, condition good/fair in Massachusetts, good elsewhere. Highbush blueberries petal fall; fruit set average/above average in Maine, Rhode Island, average elsewhere; fruit size average; condition good/excellent. Maine wild blueberries petal fall; fruit set average; fruit size average/above average; condition good. The week began partly cloudy with average temperatures across the region. Scattered showers, thunderstorms occurred Wednesday through Friday, with hail damage to fruit crops reported in most areas. Major farm activities included transplanting broadleaf tobacco,
nitrate testing and topdressing field corn, side dressing fields with fertilizer, planting, transplanting summer, fall vegetables, harvesting strawberries, early season vegetables, cultivating early planted potatoes, chopping grass for dry hay and haylage, spreading manure

NEW JERSEY: Days suitable for field work 6.0. Topsoil moisture 60% short, 40% adequate, 10% surplus; irrigation not necessary. There were measurable amounts of rainfall during the week in most localities. Temperatures were near or below normal for the week in most areas of the Garden State. Soybeans continued to emerge. Producers continued preparing fields, spraying, side dressing corn, planting soybeans and summer vegetables. Barley harvest near completed in the northern district. Winter wheat harvest began in the central district. Planting pumpkins, alfalfa, flax, and melons continued. Blueberry harvest continued. Apples were sizing across the state. The northern, southern districts reported some fire blight, some scab on apples. Japanese beetles were seen on grapes, pumpkins in the northern district. Producers continued harvesting hay. There was a report of some cereal rust mite in timothy hay fields in the central district. Irrigation was necessary in some southern localities.

NEW MEXICO: Days suitable for field work 5.9. Soil moisture 14% very short, 36% short, 50% adequate. Pastures 5% very poor, 28% fair, 9% good, 32% excellent. Days suitable for fieldwork 2.0. Topsoil moisture 4% very short, 79% adequate, 15% surplus. There were measurable amounts of rainfall during the week in most localities. Temperatures were near or below normal for the week in most areas of the State. Oklahoma reported 1.12 inches from thunderstorms and Roswell reporting 0.63 inches.

NEW YORK: Days suitable for fieldwork 5.9. Soil moisture 14% very short, 36% short, 50% adequate. Pastures 5% very poor, 28% fair, 9% good, 32% excellent. Days suitable for fieldwork 2.0. Topsoil moisture 4% very short, 79% adequate, 15% surplus. There were measurable amounts of rainfall during the week in most localities. Temperatures were near or below normal for the week in most areas of the State. Oklahoma reported 1.12 inches from thunderstorms and Roswell reporting 0.63 inches.

NORTH CAROLINA: Days suitable for fieldwork 6.2. Soil moisture 32% very short, 40% short, 28% adequate, 0% surplus. Activities during the week included planting sorghum, soybeans, sweetpotatoes, and burley tobacco. First and second cuttings of hay, as well as harvesting truck crops, potatoes, and small grains, continued to progress. Another week scattered showers, which brought much needed rain, especially to the western part of the State.

NORTH DAKOTA: Days suitable for fieldwork 5.6. Topsoil moisture 4% short, 75% adequate, 21% surplus. Subsoil moisture 1% very short, 6% short, 74% adequate, 19% surplus. Durum wheat 54% jointed, 64% 2006, 49% avg.; boot 25%, 28% 2006, 19% average; 7% headed, 13% 2006, 7% average; condition 10% fair, 75% good, 15% excellent. Spring wheat 87% jointed, 90% 2006, 74% avg.; 57% boot, 68% 2006, 45% avg.; 27% headed, 42% 2006, 21% average. Oats 87% jointed, 88% 2006, 73% avg.; 56% boot, 69% 2006, 43% average. Barley 88% jointed, 91% 2006, 74% avg.; 63% boot, 65% 2006, 41% average. Canada 91% rosette, 90% 2006, 73% avg.; 78% blooming, 40% 2006, 25% average; condition 12%, 63% average. Yellow wheat 90% harvested. Dry edible beans 94% emerged, 100% 2006, 94% avg.; 3% blooming, 9% 2006, 2% avg.; condition 4% very poor, 7% poor, 24% fair, 56% good, 9% excellent. Dry edible peas 60% flowering, 49% 2006, average not available; condition 8% fair, 71% good, 21% excellent. Flaxseed 10% blooming, 16% 2006, 7% avg.; condition 9% fair, 79% good, 12% excellent. Potatoes 95% emerged, 100% 2006, 93% avg.; 13% blooming, 29%, 8% 2006, 6% very poor, 6% fair, 16% fair, 61% good, 11% excellent. Broad leaf springing was 85% complete, wild oat spraying 92% complete. Alfalfa 1st cutting complete 31%. Other hay cutting complete 15%. Sugarbeet conditions 1% very poor, 6% poor, 25% fair, 63% good, 5% excellent. Sunflower 90% emerged, 97% 2006, 89% avg.; conditions 2% poor, 14% fair, 69% good, 15% excellent. Hay conditions 1% very poor, 2% poor, 19% fair, 61% good, 17% excellent. Stockwater supplies 1% very short, 5% short, 79% adequate, 15% surplus. Pasture, range conditions 1% very poor, 2%, 14% fair, 62% good, 21% excellent. Above average temperatures dried out fields, pushed the development progress of all crops. Dry windy days allowed producers to get back into the fields. Humid environmental conditions pressured crops with leaf disease and insect problems.

OHIO: Days suitable for field work 6.3. Topsoil moisture 38% very short, 39% short, 23% adequate, 0% surplus. Winter wheat turning 99% color, 90% 2006, 78% avg.; 27% ripe, 3% 2006, 5% average. Harvested, 2006, N/A avg. Soybeans 5% blooming, 5% 2006, 3% avg. Oats 95% headed, 88% 2006, 72% avg.; 1% ripe, 1% 2006, 1% avg. Cucumbers 82% planted, 72% 2006, 72% average. Strawberries 85% harvested, 79% 2006, 76% avg. Alfalfa hay 2nd cutting 30%, 20% 2006, 6% average. Winter wheat 92% jointed, 98% 2006, 95% avg.; condition 6% very poor, 13% poor, 30% fair, 41% good, 10% excellent. Hay condition 13% very poor, 26% poor, 34% fair, 24% good, 3% excellent. Oats condition 2% very poor, 14% poor, 31% fair, 48% good, 5% excellent. Pasture condition 16% very poor, 27% poor, 32% fair, 24% good, 1% excellent. Soybean condition 6% very poor, 14% poor, 34% fair, 38% good, 8% excellent. Strawberries condition 4% very poor, 11% poor, 10% good, 47% fair, 5% excellent. Winter wheat condition 5% very poor, 18% poor, 41% fair, 33% good, 3% excellent. Last week was the seventh consecutive week with over five days favorable for field work. Field activities for this past week included cutting, baling hay, harvesting winter wheat, strawberries, and planting cucumbers. Other field activities for the week included corn, soybean post-emergent spraying, sidedressing corn, preparing equipment for the winter wheat harvest, cultivating corn, soybeans, mowing roadways, spraying for weed control, spreading lime, applying pesticides, insecticides, scouting, sweet corn, tomato harvest in the Southeast. Most areas throughout the State still need more rain than was received last week to replenish topsoil moisture. Dry weather and high temperatures throughout the State are showing stress on corn and late planted soybeans. Northwest district reported aphids, spider mites in soybean fields, slugs in strawberry fields. The Central district reported potato leaf hoppers in alfalfa hay fields.

OKLAHOMA: Days suitable for fieldwork 2.0. Topsoil moisture 4% short, 54% adequate, 42% surplus. Subsoil moisture 1% very short, 5% short, 78% adequate 16% surplus. Winter wheat planted 6% this week, N/A last week, 55% last year, 35% average. Rye condition 7% very poor, 13% poor, 46% fair, 29% good, 5% excellent; 44% harvested this week, 39% last week, 95% last year, 59% average. Oats condition 2% very poor, 9% poor, 37% fair, 26% good, 16% excellent. Corn condition 6% very poor, 13% poor, 30% fair, 41% good, 10% excellent. Soybeans 84% seedbed prepared this week, 82% last week, 96% last year, 94% avg.; 49% planted this week, 46% last week, 89% last year, 84% avg.; 37% emerged this week, 34% last week, 66% last year, 74% average. Peanuts 35% pegging this week, 10% last week, 33% last year, 33% average. Cotton 93% planted this week, 91% last week, 100% last year, 98% avg.; 91% emerged this week, 77% last
week, 90% last year, 94% average. Alfalfa condition 1% very poor, 4% poor, 27% fair, 53% good, 15% excellent; 2nd cutting 64% this week, 54% last week, 81% last year, 81% average. Other hay condition 1% very poor, 3% poor, 28% fair, 52% good, 16% excellent; 1st cutting 66% this week, 64% last week, 70% last year, 73% average. Watermelon setting fruit 85% this week, 67% last week, 63% last year, 61% average. Livingston conditions 1% poor, 19% fair, 52% good, 12% excellent. Pasture, range condition 3% very poor, 11% poor, 50% fair, 29% excellent. Livestock, Pasture, range Livestock conditions improved slightly from last week, were rated mostly in the excellent to good range. Of the feeder cattle under 800 pounds, steers averaged $111 per cwt. and feeder heifers averaged $103 per cwt. Livestock marketing conditions were average last week. Pasture conditions also improved and were rated mostly in the excellent to good range.

OREGON: Days suitable for fieldwork 6.9. Topsoil 17% very short, 45% short, 38% adequate. Subsoil 17% very short, 43% short, 40% adequate. Range, pasture condition 3% very poor, 17% poor, 41% fair, 37% good, 2% excellent. Barley condition 42% fair, 57% good, 1% excellent. Corn condition 6% fair, 62% good, 32% excellent. Winter wheat condition 12% poor, 39% fair, 47% good, 2% excellent. Spring wheat condition 4% very poor, 22% poor, 40% fair, 33% good, 1% excellent. Winter wheat harvest 3% this week, 1% last year. Spring wheat 95% headed this week, 63% last year, 62% 5 year average. Alfalfa 1st cutting this week 98%, 82% last year, 16% 5 year average. Alfalfa 2nd cutting this week 24%, 17% last year, 4% 5 year average. Weather. Cooler temperatures overall have been welcomed throughout the State, but precipitation is still the missing ingredient for a good crop production year. High temperatures ranged from 63 degrees in Crescent City, up to 99 degrees in Richland. Low temperatures ranged from 28 degrees in Christmas Valley, up to 49 degrees in Portland. The Dalles. Precipitation was again scarce with most stations receiving only a few hundreds-of-an-inch. The largest accumulation was reported at the Tillamook station with .67 inches. Twenty-six out of the forty-three stations reported no precipitation at all. Field Crops In Portland, The Dalles. Alfalfa 1st cutting this week 98%, 82% last year, 16% 5 year average. Alfalfa 2nd cutting this week 24%, 17% last year, 4% 5 year average. Weather. Cooler temperatures overall have been welcomed throughout the State, but precipitation is still the missing ingredient for a good crop production year. High temperatures ranged from 63 degrees in Crescent City, up to 99 degrees in Richland. Low temperatures ranged from 28 degrees in Christmas Valley, up to 49 degrees in Portland. The Dalles. Precipitation was again scarce with most stations receiving only a few hundreds-of-an-inch. 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TENNESSEE: Days suitable for fieldwork 6. Topsoil moisture 48% very short, 41% short, 11% adequate. Subsoil moisture 56% very short, 34% short, 10% adequate. Wheat 96% harvested 96% 2006, 73% avg. Tobacco 94% transplanted, 93% 2006, 94% avg.; 7% very poor, 16% poor, 47% fair, 29% good, 1% excellent. Hay 30% very poor, 33% poor, 1% fair, 6% good. Pastures 40% very poor, 32% poor, 22% fair, 6% good. Two weather systems passed through the State last week that brought needed rainfall which neared 2” of wetting and helped to increase topsoil moisture. However, the effectiveness of these rains was lessened by daytime highs reaching into the low-to-mid 90s in most areas. Condition ratings for the State’s row crops all declined from the week earlier with corn and soybeans showing the largest increase in the very poor-to-poor categories. Wheat growers took advantage of the hot weather to nearly wrap-up harvest, more than a week ahead of normal. Other agricultural activities included side-dressing cotton, transplanting tobacco, and feeding hay. Temperatures averaged slightly above normal last week, while rainfall was above normal for the Plateau region, but below normal elsewhere.

TEXAS: Agricultural Summary. Topsoil moisture was adequate across all areas of the state. Statewide, corn conditions were mostly fair to good. Cotton was mostly fair to good. Peanuts were mostly fair to good. Rice was mostly fair to good. Sorghum was mostly good to excellent. Soybean conditions were mostly good to excellent. Wheat conditions were good to excellent. Oats were mostly fair to good. Range, pasture conditions were mostly good to excellent. Most areas of the state received moderate to heavy amounts of moisture. In some areas of the state, additional rainfall kept soils too wet for harvesting. Range conditions remained in good condition. Haying, baling continued in some areas where conditions allowed. Livestock remained in good to excellent condition throughout the state as conditions improved across all areas of the state. Harvest was in full swing with excellent yields reported in the High Plains. Some unharvested wheat was damaged by extremely high winds midweek in the Northern Low Plains. Conditions remained too wet to plant cotton in the Northern Low Plains with some fields severely damaged by high winds. In South Texas, cotton was looking more promising than earlier this season. There were some reports of a new disease, a brown rot disease in peaches due to the wet humid conditions. There were also some reports of disease, insect problems in tomatoes. Although recent rains have been beneficial to crops, pastures, baling of hay was slowed due to continued rainfall across most areas of the state. There were reports of good hay yields in North East Texas, despite the effects of recent storms. Fly, grasshopper populations continue to increase across most of the state. Cattle were in good condition with plenty of lush forage and tank water in the Southern Low Plains.

UTAH: Days suitable for field work 7. Subsoil moisture 12% very short, 45% short, 43% adequate, 0% surplus. Irrigation water supplies 10% very short, 38% short, 52% adequate, 0% surplus. Winter wheat 1% harvested, 97% headed, 97% 2006, 94% avg.; condition 0% very poor, 9% poor, 38% fair, 45% good, 8% excellent. Spring wheat 72% headed, 53% 2006, 60% avg.; 5% very poor, 17% poor, 41% fair, 30% good, 5% excellent. Barley 96% head, 86% 2006, 89% avg.; condition 0% very poor, 2% poor, 25% fair, 55% good, 18% excellent. Oats 53% headed, 39% 2006, 41% avg.; 0% harvested (grain). Corn 99% emerged, 100% 2006, 99% avg.; 1% silked (tasseled). Corn condition 0% very poor, 0% poor, 17% fair, 66% good, 17% excellent; height 21 inches, 17 inches 2006, 15 inches avg. Alfalfa height 27%, 21% 2006, 23% avg. Alfalfa hay 1st cutting 93%, 91% 2006, 88% avg.; 2nd cutting 7%, 7% 2006, 4% avg. Other hay cut 60%, 42% 2006, 48% avg. Cattle, calves moved to summer range 93%, 94% 2006, 92% avg. Cattle, calves condition 0% very poor, 0% poor, 27% fair, 63% good, 7% excellent. Sheep, lambs moved to summer range 93%, 93% 2006, 88% avg. Sheep condition 0% very poor, 0% poor, 17% fair, 80% good, 2% excellent. Stock water supplies 4% very short, 27% short, 69% adequate, 0% surplus. Crops continue to progress around the state. Weather continues to be hot and dry making this a very dry year, which is showing the largest increase in the very poor-to-poor categories. Wheat harvest will begin on the dry land areas south of Snowville in a couple of weeks. Corn, onions continue to look very good. We have had a dry, hot week with no precipitation. No news on the Mormon cricket infestation but spraying was underway. In Cache County most of the first crop alfalfa is now harvested, some farmers have started with second cutting also. Most corn is looking good, is responding well to the hot weather where irrigation water has been applied. Wheat is starting to turn already, safflower looks exceptionally well, while there was some frost damage spotted in winter wheat, winter barley. Duchesne County reports areas of the County are now very dry due to the lack of irrigation, rain water. Some producers will not cut grass hay this year, but will save it in hopes of having some grass for cattle coming off the range in the fall. Farmers whose crops are irrigated from storage reservoirs report pretty good yield. Beaver County reports that hay is high priced this year, reports of grasshopper problems have been reported within the county. Beaver County reports that hay is very dry and pastures, ranges are “burning up.” Box Elder County reports producers are continuing to want to cut high feed as ranges are deteriorating rapidly without adequate moisture. Emery and Wayne counties report pastures look good now, but will quickly dry out without timely rains.

VIRGINIA: Days suitable for fieldwork 6.4. Topsoil moisture was mostly short. Dry weather conditions continue to take its toll on all crops and forage throughout most of the Commonwealth. Producers are harvesting wheat but are holding off on planting double cropped soybeans until later this week. Other agricultural activities included side-dressing cotton, transplanting tobacco, and feeding hay. Days suitable for fieldwork were 6.3. Soil moisture 9% very short, 28% short, 61% adequate, 2% surplus. Major grain growing counties have reported that wheat, barley has headed out, progressing rapidly but in real need of rain. First cutting of alfalfa continued, in general looks good as producers were able to bale under clear skies but Stevens County reported severe weevil infestation. In Southwest Virginia, bluegrass sod had begun and dry edible peas were in bloom, looking promising. Christmas tree growers are finishing up on insecticide, fungicide applications. Field corn, dry beans, potatoes are showing healthy growth. Cherry harvest is in progress, some producers are blowing moisture off their cherry crop to prevent splitting. Strawberry harvest also began with some reports of high yield for first picking. Raspberries, blueberries were ripening. Some soybean growers reported excellent hay yields due to a dry period. Reported yields were good to very good. Hay making continues with yields ranging from average to above average. Cattle markets are reporting larger numbers of livestock for sale as producers reduce herd size. Calves are being weaned early, shipped to market to conserve feed and pasture. Corn is beginning to tassel, is entering a critical stage for ear and kernel growth. Tobacco layby and early topping continued. Other activities this week include: grass seed harvest, picking flowers, scouting fields for weeds and insects, and finalizing the wheat harvest.

WASHINGTON: Days suitable for fieldwork were 6.3. Topsoil moisture was mostly very poor, 28% short, 61% adequate, 2% surplus. Major grain growing counties have reported that wheat, barley has headed out, progressing rapidly but in real need of rain. First cutting of alfalfa continued, in general looks good as producers were able to bale under clear skies but Stevens County reported severe weevil infestation. In Southwest Virginia, bluegrass sod had begun and dry edible peas were in bloom, looking promising. Christmas tree growers are finishing up on insecticide, fungicide applications. Field corn, dry beans, potatoes are showing healthy growth. Cherry harvest is in progress, some producers are blowing moisture off their cherry crop to prevent splitting. Strawberry harvest also began with some reports of high yield for first picking. Raspberries, blueberries were ripening. Some soybean growers reported excellent hay yields due to a dry period. Reported yields were good to very good. Hay making continues with yields ranging from average to above average. Cattle markets are reporting larger numbers of livestock for sale as producers reduce herd size. Calves are being weaned early, shipped to market to conserve feed and pasture. Corn is beginning to tassel, is entering a critical stage for ear and kernel growth. Tobacco layby and early topping continued. Other activities this week include: grass seed harvest, picking flowers, scouting fields for weeds and insects, and finalizing the wheat harvest.

WISCONSIN: Days suitable for fieldwork 5.5. Topsoil moisture 4% very short, 32% short, 62% adequate, 2% surplus. Oats 78% headed. Average height of corn at record 31 inches. Corn condition at 1% very poor, 3% poor, 15% fair, 82% good, 8% excellent. Oats condition 0% very poor, 0% poor, 22% fair, 56% good, 19% excellent. Hay 1st cutting complete 77%, 73% 2006, 67% 5-yr avg. Apple conditions 2% very poor, 0% poor, 42% fair, 44% good, 8% excellent. Peach conditions 15% poor, 43% fair, 35% good, 7% excellent. Cattle, calves condition 1% very poor, 0% poor, 31% fair, 61% good, 3% excellent. Sheep, lambs 2% poor, 14% fair, 81% good, 3% excellent. Farming activities included planting vegetables, haying, feeding hay, harvesting season vegetables, transporting water for livestock, equipment maintenance, cutting haylage, making hay. Pasture conditions continued to be a concern as dry weather persisted throughout most of the state.
poor, 23% fair, 61% good, 12% excellent. Temperatures were 1 to 3
degrees above normal. Average high temperatures were in the high
70s to low 80s. Average low temperatures were in the mid 50s to low
60s. A few light showers throughout most of the state helped to
improve crop conditions, but more rain is needed. Rainfall totals ranged
from 0.52 in. in Madison to 1.49 in. in La Crosse.

**WYOMING:** Days suitable for fieldwork 6.9. Topsoil moisture 5%
very short, 43% short, 51% adequate, 1% surplus. Sub soil moisture
20% very short, 38% short, 42% adequate. Stock water supplies 1%
very short, 20% short, 74% adequate, 5% surplus. Winter wheat 95%
headed, 97% 2006, 95% avg.; 28% turning color, 50% 2006, 33% avg.;
3% mature, 3% 2006, 6% avg.; condition 6% poor, 41% fair, 52% good,
1% excellent. Barley 87% jointed, 93% 2006, 92% avg.; 64% boot, 68%
2006, 70% avg.; 50% headed, 41% 2006, 46% avg.; 5% turning color,
6% 2006, 3% avg.; condition 34% fair, 63% good, 3% excellent. Oats
98% emerged, 100% 2006, 99% avg.; 73% jointed, 87% 2006, 76%
avg.; 50% boot, 57% 2006, 45% avg.; 27% headed, 26% 2006, 22%
avg.; 4% turning color, 3% 2006, 4% avg.; condition 30% fair, 62%
good, 8% excellent. Sugarbeets condition 33% fair, 67% good. Spring
wheat 98% emerged, 100% 2006, 100% avg.; 86% jointed, 92% 2006,
92% avg.; 48% boot, 71% 2006, 61% avg.; 21% headed, 31% 2006,
31% avg.; condition 42% fair, 49% good, 9% excellent. Corn 11 inches
avg. height, 19 inches 2006, 13 inches avg.; condition 4% poor, 26%
fair, 70% good. Dry beans 91% emerged, 92% 2006, 90% avg.; 1%
bloom, 3% 2006, 1% avg.; condition 29% fair, 71% good. Alfalfa hay
1st cutting 49%, 61% 2006, 39% avg.; Other hay 1st cutting 9%, 12%
2006, 9% avg. Range, pasture conditions 1% very poor, 10% poor,
40% fair, 40% good, 9% excellent.