**Weekly Weather and Crop Bulletin State Stories**

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**ALABAMA:** Days suitable for fieldwork 4.5. Topsoil moisture 0% very short, 0% short, 62% adequate, and 38% surplus. Corn 75% Harvested, 99% 2008, 98% average. Cotton Bolls Opening 80%, 99% 2008, 98% average. Cotton 17% Harvested, 54% 2008, 53% average. Peanuts Dug 35%, 74% 2008, 73% average. Peanuts Combined 25%, 59% 2008, 61% average. Soybeans Dropping Leaves 82%, 95% 2008, 96% average. Soybeans 31% Harvested, 56% 2008, 56% average. Corn Conditions 2% very poor, 15% poor, 35% fair, 42% good, and 6% excellent. Cotton Conditions 7% very poor, 17% poor, 39% fair, 35% good, 2% excellent. Peanut Conditions 0% very poor, 3% poor, 27% fair, 64% good, 6% excellent. Soybeans Conditions 0% very poor, 7% poor, 32% fair, 52% good, 9% excellent. Livestock were in mostly fair to good condition last week. Most pasture and range and hay crops remained in fair to good condition. Some reports indicated final hay crops were lost due to wet weather. Soybeans in the yellowing range condition 0% very poor, 3% poor, 17% fair, 61% good, and 19% excellent. Pasture and range condition 0% very poor, 2% poor, 24% fair, 60% good and 14% excellent. Warmer weather brought relief for crops last week, with less precipitation occurring across the state. The US Drought Monitor from October 20, 2009 indicated the state to be 100 percent free from drought, compared to 71.1 percent 3 months ago, and 8.7 percent a year ago. Daytime highs for the week ranged from 75 degrees in Russellville and Cullman to 85 degrees in Brewton. Overnight lows ranged from 30 degrees in Belle Mina and Pinson, to 39 degrees in Bay Minette, Mobile Bates, and Headland. Precipitation totals for the week ranged from no amounts of precipitation in Gadsden, Union Springs, and Highland Home, to 1.40 inches of rainfall in Geneva. Some producers have begun small grains plantings for grazing and wheat. A break in the rain allowed for harvesting to move forward this week, although there were some reports indicating that early soybeans were damaged to some degree. Corn was still sprouting but most was harvested and being accepted by the delivery points. Cotton continued to worsen but bollworms had almost disappeared. Producers had a good opportunity to get in pasture fields to cut hay this week.

**CALIFORNIA:** Harvested fields were being prepared to be planted to winter grains. Winter wheat and barley that was planted benefitted from the latest rainfall. Cotton was at various stages of harvest, with bolls being defoliated and harvest taking place in most areas. Corn, milo, and other grain crops were mostly harvested. Damage from the recent storms was not enough to affect the plants' ability to be harvested. Sunflower harvest continued in Sutter County. Alfalfa continued to be cut and baled where it wasn’t affected by rain. Dry bean harvest continued in Merced County, with some fields being baled for straw. Broccoli for seed was planted in Fresno County. Produce started planting and onion crops in Kern County. Rice harvest approached completion. Grape growers in the Central Valley and North Coast were checking for mold and other damage caused by the storm. The grape harvest in the Central Valley was nearly complete, with minor picking ongoing in table grape vineyards. The kiwi and apple harvests continued throughout the Central Valley. The peach, plum, and nectarine harvests were essentially finished. Wonderful pomegranates continued to be picked. Fall strawberries continued to be picked in the San Joaquin Valley, while the Satsuma mandarin harvest also continued. The Valencia orange harvest continued to near completion in the San Joaquin Valley, and navel oranges continue to develop in size. The lemon harvest continued in the desert region. Orchard activity continued to be hindered due to many orchard floods still being wet from earlier storms. Normal spraying and maintenance continued in orchards and vineyards, which included some fall fertilizer applications for fruit trees. The walnut harvest resumed after orchards recovered from the storm in the Sacramento Valley. The almond harvest was nearly complete as the walnut harvest continued to near completion in the Central Valley. The majority of pistachios have been harvested in the Central Valley. Orchard activity has been slowed due to the persistent wetness of orchard floors. Basil, fresh market tomatoes and bell peppers continued to be harvested in Merced County. The processing tomato harvest was winding down, while the harvest of watermelon and cantaloupe and honeydew melons were completed. Radicchio planting finished and wound sprays were applied to tomato fields. The last of the squash and vine cucumbers were picked in Tulare County. Broccoli, cauliflower and spinach were developing well. Head lettuce production was slowing down in Monterey County. Kern County’s fields were being staled bedded for early spring planting and carrots were still being harvested. In San Joaquin County, the fall harvest was slowing down and the last of the canning tomatoes were harvested along with some bell peppers. Green tomatoes were being picked. Fresno County’s carrots were irrigated, fertilized, and treated with herbicides. Winter lettuce and broccoli were both progressing normally. Rangeland and dry-land pasture in many central and southern areas entered early fall in critically dry condition, but continued to improve after recent rain events followed by warm temperatures. Suplemental feeding of cattle on lower-elevation range and dry pasture continued. Pasture in northern areas was reportedly in fair to good condition. Some dairy herd reduction continued in central areas. Sheep were grazing on dryland grain fields, older hay fields, and older vegetable and melon plantings. Most bands of sheep were moved into Imperial. Some honeybees remained in squash and melon crops, and both in-state and out-of-state hives were moved to winter storage.

**COLORADO:** Days suitable for field work 4.2. Topsoil moisture 2% very short, 24% short, 66% adequate 8% surplus. Subsoil moisture 5% very short, 30% short, 60% adequate 5% surplus. Alfalfa 96% 3rd cutting, 100% 2008, 100% avg.; 48% 4th cutting, 64% 2008, 67% avg.; condition 4% poor 22% fair, 52% good, 22% excellent. Dry Beans 88% remained in good to fair condition. Some reports indicated final hay crops were lost due to wet weather. Warmer weather brought relief for crops last week, with less precipitation occurring across the state. The US Drought Monitor from October 20, 2009 indicated the state to be 100 percent free from drought, compared to 71.1 percent 3 months ago, and 8.7 percent a year ago. Daytime highs for the week ranged from 75 degrees in Russellville and Cullman to 85 degrees in Brewton. Overnight lows ranged from 30 degrees in Belle Mina and Pinson, to 39 degrees in Bay Minette, Mobile Bates, and Headland. Precipitation totals for the week ranged from no amounts of precipitation in Gadsden, Union Springs, and Highland Home, to 1.40 inches of rainfall in Geneva. Some producers have begun small grains plantings for grazing and wheat. A break in the rain allowed for harvesting to move forward this week, although there were some reports indicating that early soybeans were damaged to some degree. Corn was still sprouting but most was harvested and being accepted by the delivery points. Cotton continued to worsen but bollworms had almost disappeared. Producers had a good opportunity to get in pasture fields to cut hay this week.

**ARIZONA:** Temperatures were mostly above normal across the State for the week ending October 25, ranging from 3 degrees below normal at Parker to 9 degrees above normal at four locations. The highest temperature of the week was 100 degrees at Phoenix and the lowest reading of 16 degrees occurred at Grand Canyon. Precipitation was reported at 4 of the 22 stations. Cotton harvesting is 48 percent complete, ahead of last year at 40 percent, and ahead of the five-year average of 37 percent.

**ARKANSAS:** Days suitable for fieldwork 3.4. Topsoil moisture 18% adequate, 82% surplus. Subsoil moisture 27% adequate, 73% surplus. Corn 91% harvested, 100% 2008, 100% avg. Soybeans 97% yellowing, 98% 2008, 99% avg.; 91% shedding, 91% 2008, 95% avg.; 81% mature, 80% 2008, 88% avg. Farmers were able to make some progress during the few dry days last week before they were once again stopped by wet weather. Corn harvested was 9% behind last year and the five-year average. Cotton opening bolls was 5% behind both 2008 and the five-year average. Cotton producers harvested an additional 7% of the crop by week's end, 55% behind last year and 59% behind the five-year average. Rice producers harvested an additional 14% of the crop last week, 12% behind last year and 17% behind the five-year average. Sorghum harvested increased 9%, 5% behind both 2008 and the five-year average. Soybeans in the yellowing stage was 1% behind 2008 and 2% behind the five-year average. Soybeans shedding increased 7%. Soybeans farmers harvested an additional 13% of their crop. Winter wheat producers were able to plant an additional 9% of the crop last week, 5% behind last year and 17% behind the five-year average. Winter wheat emerged was 3% behind 2008 and 10% behind the five-year average. Livestock were in mostly fair to good condition last week. Most pasture and range and hay crops remained in fair to good condition. Some reports indicated final hay crops were lost due to wet weather.
harvested, 88% 2008, 89% avg. Dry onions 99% harvested, 99% 2008, 99% avg. Sunflowers 2% very poor, 3% poor, 24% fair, 51% good, 20% excellent. Sugarbeets 77% harvested, 57% 2008, 57% avg. Fall potatoes 97% harvested, 99% 2008, 98% avg. Corn silage 99% harvested, 99% 2008, 99% avg. Precipitation and temperatures across most of Colorado were below normal to 7

DELAWARE: Days suitable for fieldwork 5.5. Topsoil moisture 0% very short, 1% short, 89% adequate, 10% surplus. Subsoil moisture 0% very short, 1% short, 90% adequate, 9% surplus. Hay supplies 0% very short, 1% short, 77% adequate, 22% surplus. Other Hay third cutting 100%, 91% 2008, 91% avg.; fourth cutting 55%, 20% 2008, 45% avg., Alfalfa hay third cutting 98%, 81% avg.; fifth cutting 51%, 31% 2008, 25% avg. Pasture condition 3% poor, 18% fair, 62% good, 17% excellent. Soybean condition 1% very poor, 3% poor, 13% fair, 41% good, 42% excellent. Corn 100% mature, 100% 2008, 100% avg. Corn harvested for grain 72%, 92% 2008, 91% avg. Soybeans turning color 94%, 96% 2008, 85% avg. Soybeans dropping leaves 82%, 80% 2008, 91% avg.; 27% harvested, 21% 2008, 90% 2008, 86% planted. Barley 86% planted, 83% 2008, 78% avg. Winter Wheat 39% planted, 44% 2008, 40% avg.; 18% emerged, 20% 2008, 7% avg. Lima Beans 100% harvested, 99% 2008, 90% avg. Apples 94% harvested, 78% 2008, 89% avg. Rains delayed harvest, but farmers were able to work in the fields last week, due to a few dry days. Soybean harvest is well underway.

FLORIDA: Topsoil moisture 3% very short, 34% short, 58% adequate, 5% surplus. Subsoil moisture 1% very short, 28% short, 66% adequate, 5% surplus. Peanuts 60% harvested, 82% 2008, 81% 5-yr avg., peanut condition 6% poor, 25% fair, 46% good, 23% excellent. Maize 86% planted, 86% 2008, 80% 2008, 78% avg. Winter瓜 71% planted for seed, 72% 2008, 60% 2008, 51% avg.; condition 2% very poor, 14% poor, 44% 2008, 77% avg.; condition 2% very poor, 7% poor, 28% fair, 50% good, 13% excellent. Soybeans 33% harvested 74% 2008, 86% avg.; condition 3% very poor, 10% poor, 31% fair, 45% good, 11% excellent. Sorghum 89% mature, 89% 2008, 97% avg.; 25% harvested, 38% 2008, 73% avg. Sorghum condition 35% fair, 64% good, 1% excellent. Winter Wheat 35% planted, 74% 2008, 82% avg.; 11% emerged, 37% 2008, 52% avg.; condition 2% very poor, 15% poor, 39% fair, 42% good, 2% excellent. Pasture condition 1% very poor, 8% poor, 25% fair, 53% good, 13% excellent. Farmers were able to get into the fields for harvest the early part of the week. Soybean harvest in particular made noteworthy progress before the rain. Total rainfall was 4.2 inches, 1.3 inches at above average. The Caribou County extension office reports that poor weather kept farm operators out of the fields for part of the week.

IDAHO: Days suitable for field work 5.6. Topsoil moisture 2% very short, 21% short, 72% adequate, 5% surplus. Field corn harvested for grain 22%, 50% 2008, 45% avg. Potatoes 98% harvested, 94% 2008, 95% avg. Apples 60% harvested, 84% 2008, 92% avg. Alfalfa hay 3rd cutting harvested 99%, 100% 2008, 100% avg. Alfalfa hay 4th cutting harvested 95%, 91% 2008, 96% avg. Irrigation water supply 0% very poor, 2% poor, 7% fair, 69% good, 22% excellent. Sugarbeets 68% harvested, 44% 2008, 59% avg. Field work continues throughout much of the state, although harvests for many crops are complete. Sugarbeets and potatoes were 97% and 88% harvested respectively, remained ahead of their 5 year average. Winter wheat planting and emergence is 94 and 61 percent complete, respectively. The Caribou County extension office reports that poor weather kept farm operators out of the fields for part of the week.

ILLINOIS: Days suitable for fieldwork 3.1. Topsoil moisture 30% very short, 70% surplus. Corn 85% planted, 88% 2008, 90% avg.; 11% emerged, 55% 2008, 52% avg.; condition 2% very poor, 7% poor, 28% fair, 50% good, 13% excellent. Soybeans 33% harvested 74% 2008, 86% avg.; condition 3% very poor, 10% poor, 31% fair, 45% good, 11% excellent. Sorghum 89% mature, 89% 2008, 97% avg.; 25% harvested, 38% 2008, 73% avg. Sorghum condition 35% fair, 64% good, 1% excellent. Winter Wheat 33% planted, 74% 2008, 82% avg.; 11% emerged, 37% 2008, 52% avg.; condition 2% very poor, 15% poor, 39% fair, 42% good, 2% excellent. Pasture condition 1% very poor, 8% poor, 25% fair, 53% good, 13% excellent. Farmers were able to get into the fields for harvest the early part of the week. Soybean harvest in particular made noteworthy progress before the rain. Total rainfall was 4.2 inches, 1.3 inches at above average. The Caribou County extension office reports that poor weather kept farm operators out of the fields for part of the week.

INDIANA: Days suitable for fieldwork 4.3. Topsoil moisture 2% short, 53% adequate, 45% surplus. Subsoil moisture 6% short, 68% adequate, 26% surplus. Corn 87% mature, 97% 2008, 99% avg.; 21% harvested, 56% 2008, 63% avg.; condition 3% very poor, 8% poor, 27% fair, 48% good, 14% excellent. Soybeans 52% harvested, 83% 2008, 81% avg.; condition 3% very poor, 8% poor, 27% fair, 48% good, 14% excellent. Pasture condition 2% very poor, 9% poor, 31% fair, 47% good, 11% excellent. Winter wheat 43% planted, 85% 2008, 83% avg.; 11% emerged, 55% 2008, 52% avg.; condition 2% very poor, 2% poor, 59% fair, 32% good, 5% excellent. Temperatures ranged from 2° below normal to 7° above normal with a low of 24° and a high of 73°. Total precipitation ranged from 0.45 inches to 2.58 inches. Farmers were making good progress harvesting both corn and soybeans early in the week until rain forced them out of the fields on Thursday. As of October 20, a new record low harvest pace had been set for soybeans with only 34 percent harvested. The old record low for that date was 39 percent harvested in 1990. Corn harvest is running about 23 days behind the 5-year average pace and soybean harvest is about 15 days behind average.

IOWA: Days suitable for fieldwork 1.9. Topsoil moisture 0% very short, 1% short, 45% adequate, and 54% surplus. Subsoil moisture 0% very short, 3% short, 62% adequate, and 35% surplus. Corn at or beyond the 50% mature average, 99% average. Corn harvested for grain 12%, average 49%, last year 19%. Corn condition 2% very poor, 5% poor, 17% fair, 55% good, and 21% excellent. Soybeans 47% harvested, 91% average, 86% last year. Soybean condition 2% very poor, 6% poor, 20% fair, 56% good, 16% excellent. Pasture and range condition 3% very poor, 13% poor, 29% fair, 44% good, 11% excellent. Wet, cold, and cloudy weather a common theme for this October in Iowa has again resulted in delays to corn and soybean harvest. While producers took full advantage of dry weather
Monday and Tuesday, field work came to a halt for the remainder of the week as heavy rain fell across the majority of the State. Several sunny, dry, and warmer days are needed to make significant gains in corn and soybean harvest. Harvest of wet and low-lying fields will be delayed into November. While some fields have been harvested, very few farmers have finished harvest, much less started post-harvest field work.

**KANSAS:** Days suitable for field work 2.2. Topsoil moisture 1% very short, 2% short, 72% adequate, and 25% surplus. Subsoil moisture 2% very short, 7% short, 83% adequate, and 8% surplus. Soybeans 96% dropping leaves, 93% 2008, 98% avg. Sunflowers 95% ray flowers dry, 100% 2008, 100% avg. Corn 98% mature, 98% 2008, 94% avg. Cotton 99% 2008, 99% avg. Average soybean harvest 72% mature, 77% 2008, 87% avg.; condition 2% very poor, 9% poor, 24% fair, 55% good, and 10% excellent. Alfalfa 81% fourth cutting complete, 99% 2008, 98% avg. Range and pasture condition 2% very poor, 8% poor, 29% fair, 52% good, and 9% excellent. Feed grain supplies 1% very short, 4% short, 91% adequate, and 4% surplus. Stock water supplies 1% very short, 4% short, 87% adequate, and 8% surplus. Widespread rains fell across the State with the western third, the northeast and the very southeast corner all receiving over an inch. Norton county received the most with 2.40 inches followed by Brown county with 2.04 inches. Corn 90% mature, 90% 2008, 97% avg. 5% very short, 2% short, 93% adequate, and 14% surplus. Wheat planting continued where conditions allowed. Moisture content of corn remains high as growers await drying weather. Progress of corn silage behind schedule, but nearly complete. Soybean harvest continued where conditions allowed. Wheat planting continued as field conditions allowed, but growth of planted crops slow. Some farmers decided not to plant wheat because of delayed soybean harvest. Sugarbeet harvest and piling continued. Most farmers busy harvesting other crops have put off their sugarbeet harvest. Dry bean harvest nearing completion. Apple harvest continued as weather permitted. Southeast, growers picked and shipped Ida Red and Fuji apple varieties. Grapes in the area, lack of processing markets had many growers considering not harvesting Ida Red and Rome varieties. Grape harvest winding down. Southwest, brix levels Concord grapes continued to be below normal. Harvest was complete for most vegetable crops. Southeast, a small amount of cabbage remained in a few locations, while Grand Rapids area harvest of cabbage reached 2008, and 98% avg.; 61% harvested, 88% 2008, 95% avg.; 29% very poor, 9% poor, 35% fair, 45% good, 9% excellent. Cool, wet weather limited harvest progress for the last week. Average temperatures were below normal at nearly all reporting stations. A large area of rain spread over central and southern Minnesota Tuesday night and continued into Wednesday. More snow fell across parts of east central and southeastern Minnesota on Friday. Since October 5th, less than 1 inch of rain has fallen in some areas. Minnesota weather conditions allow. Growers have focused on removing plastic and stakes from their fields, performing tillage operations, and planting winter cover crops as weather conditions allow.

**LOUISIANA:** Days suitable for field work 3.6. Soil moisture 34% adequate, 66% surplus. Subsoil moisture 2% very short, 55% adequate and 43% surplus. Burley 17% stripped, 21% last year, 21% average. Tobacco stripped condition 1% very poor, 5% poor, 22% fair, 51% good, 21% excellent. Winter wheat seeded 18%, 58% last year, 58% average. Winter wheat condition 1% poor, 26% fair, 61% good, 12% excellent. Farmers reporting adequate amount of harvest for Winter forage 98%, 4% short, 81% adequate, and 14% surplus. Cool, damp weather again slowed harvest this past week, with corn harvest 33 points behind the 5-year average, sorghum harvest 32 points behind the average, and soybean harvest 20 points behind average. The precipitation and wet soils across the State again made wheat planting difficult for many farmers. Soybean harvest 7% of the crop last week. Cotton condition declined 12 percentage points in the good to excellent category from the previous week. Limited activities for the week included harvesting corn, sorghum, sunflowers, and soybeans, along with planting winter wheat.

**KENTUCKY:** Days suitable for fieldwork 4.2. Topsoil moisture 1% short, 51% adequate and 48% surplus. Subsoil moisture 2% very short, 55% adequate and 43% surplus. Burley 17% stripped, 21% last year, 21% average. Tobacco stripped condition 1% very poor, 5% poor, 22% fair, 51% good, 21% excellent. Winter wheat seeded 18%, 58% last year, 58% average. Winter wheat condition 1% poor, 26% fair, 61% good, 12% excellent. Farmers reporting adequate amount of harvest for Winter forage 98%, 4% short, 81% adequate, and 14% surplus. Cool, damp weather again slowed harvest this past week, with corn harvest 33 points behind the 5-year average, sorghum harvest 32 points behind the average, and soybean harvest 20 points behind average. The precipitation and wet soils across the State again made wheat planting difficult for many farmers. Soybean harvest 7% of the crop last week. Cotton condition declined 12 percentage points in the good to excellent category from the previous week. Limited activities for the week included harvesting corn, sorghum, sunflowers, and soybeans, along with planting winter wheat.

**MINNESOTA:** Days suitable for fieldwork 1.9. Topsoil moisture 5% short, 54% adequate, 41% surplus. Corn 96% silage cut, 100% 2008, 100% avg. Soybean 16% moisture, 13% 2008, 12% avg. Dry Bean harvested, 100% 2008, 99% avg. Pasture condition 7% very poor, 14% poor, 34% fair, 42% good, 3% excellent. Sunflower condition 2% very poor, 9% poor, 35% fair, 45% good, 9% excellent. Cool, wet weather limited harvest progress for the last week. Average temperatures were below normal at nearly all reporting stations. A large area of rain spread over central and southern Minnesota Tuesday night and continued into Wednesday. More snow fell across parts of east central and southeastern Minnesota on Friday. Since October 5th, less than 1 inch of rain has fallen in some areas. Minnesota weather conditions allow. Growers have focused on removing plastic and stakes from their fields, performing tillage operations, and planting winter cover crops as weather conditions allow.

**MICHIGAN:** Days suitable for fieldwork 3. Topsoil 1% short, 61% adequate, 38% surplus. Subsoil 5% short, 83% adequate, 12% surplus. Corn silage harvested 95%, 100% 2008, 100% avg. Potatoes 91% harvested, 91% 2008, 89% avg. All hay 2% very poor, 10% poor, 34% fair, 42% good, 12% excellent. Fourth cutting hay 61%, 61% 2008, 69% avg. Dry beans 11% very poor, 16% poor, 30% fair, 33% good; 100% excellent. Leaf Hay 72% harvested, 89% 2008, 89% avg. Precipitation varied from 0.93 inch central Lower Peninsula to 3.89 inches central Lower Peninsula. Average temperatures ranged from 5 degrees below normal western Upper Peninsula to 2 degrees above normal south central and southeastern Lower Peninsula. More seasonal temperatures experienced early in the week, as growers took advantage of good weather to move harvest activities along. Growers worked to harvest a variety of crops and some progress made on winter wheat planting. However, favorable conditions short-lived as excessive rains returned and ended field activities. Many growers continue to wait for warm, dry weather to further dry down corn before beginning harvest. Rains halted harvest of field crops, and slowed crop dry down. Localized harvest did occur where conditions allowed. Moisture content of corn remains high as growers await drying weather. Progress of corn silage behind schedule, but nearly complete. Soybean harvest continued where conditions allowed. Wheat planting continued as field conditions allowed, but growth of planted crops slow. Some farmers decided not to plant wheat because of delayed soybean harvest. Sugarbeet harvest and piling continued. Most farmers busy harvesting other crops have put off their sugarbeet harvest. Dry bean harvest nearing completion. Apple harvest continued as weather permitted. Southeast, growers picked and shipped Ida Red and Fuji apple varieties. Grapes in the area, lack of processing markets had many growers considering not harvesting Ida Red and Rome varieties. Grape harvest winding down. Southwest, brix levels Concord grapes continued to be below normal. Harvest was complete for most vegetable crops. Southeast, a small amount of cabbage remained in a few locations, while Grand Rapids area harvest of cabbage reached 2008, and 98% avg.; 61% harvested, 88% 2008, 95% avg.; 29% very poor, 9% poor, 35% fair, 45% good, 9% excellent. Cool, wet weather limited harvest progress for the last week. Average temperatures were below normal at nearly all reporting stations. A large area of rain spread over central and southern Minnesota Tuesday night and continued into Wednesday. More snow fell across parts of east central and southeastern Minnesota on Friday. Since October 5th, less than 1 inch of rain has fallen in some areas. Minnesota weather conditions allow. Growers have focused on removing plastic and stakes from their fields, performing tillage operations, and planting winter cover crops as weather conditions allow.
slows harvest as normal temperatures returned across the State. Some damage was reported to late corn and soybeans from the previous week’s hard freeze. Temperatures were 2 degrees below average to 3 degrees above average across the State.

**MONTANA:** Days suitable for field work 4.0. Topsoil moisture 8% very short, 5% short, 35% short, 32% last year; 53% adequate, 58% last year; 4% surplus, 5% last year. Subsoil moisture 11% very short, 19% short, 46% short, 37% last year; 42% adequate, 42% last year; 1% surplus, 2% last year. Sugar beet condition 13% very poor, 33% poor, 28% fair, 9% good, 17% excellent. Winter wheat condition 2% very poor, 1% last year, 3% poor, 3% last year; 51% fair, 43% average; 46% last year; 1% excellent; 5% last year. Durum wheat 96% harvested, 98% last year. Winter wheat 95% planted, 99% last year; 75% emerged, 87% last year. Other hay second cutting 96% complete, 99% last year. Sugar beets 53% harvested, 69% last year. Montana experienced near normal temperatures with moderate precipitation for the week ending October 25th. Hights were in the 60s to 70s, and lows were mostly in the upper teens and 20s. Albion had the high temperature of 76 degrees, and Wisdom had the low temperature of 17 degrees. Stanford had the greatest amount of weekly precipitation with 1.80 inches. Range and pasture feed condition 15% very poor, 10% last year; 28% poor, 20% last year; 31% fair, 41% last year; 17% good, 24% last year; rain excellent, 5% last year. Cattle and calves moved from summer ranges 79%, 73% last year. Sheep and lambs moved from summer ranges 87%, 83% last year. Cattle receiving supplemental feed 18%, 17% last year. Sheep receiving supplemental feed 18%, 16% last year.

**NEBRASKA:** Days suitable for fieldwork 1.6. Topsoil moisture 0% very short, 5% short, 19% fair, 81% adequate, 6% surplus. Subsoil moisture 1% very short, 12% short, 81% adequate, and 6% surplus. Corn conditions 2% very poor, 6% poor, 12% fair, 53% good, and 27% excellent. Irrigated Corn conditions 83% good or excellent. Dryland Corn 76% good or excellent. Corn 87% mature, 86% 2008, 97% avg.; 15% harvested, 21% 2008, 47% avg. Soybean conditions 2% very poor, 5% poor, 13% fair, 48% good, and 23% excellent; 63% harvested, 81% 2008, 85% avg. Sorghum conditions 0% very poor, 3% poor, 21% fair, 55% good, and 21% excellent; 100% turning color, 100% 2008, 100% avg.; 88% mature, 70% 2008, 93% avg.; 8% harvested, 11% 2008, 43% avg. Winter Wheat conditions 1% very poor, 2% poor, 31% fair, 60% good, and 6% excellent; 97% seeded, 95% 2008, 99% avg.; 96% emerged, 89% 2008, 93% avg. Proso millet 65% harvested, 95% 2008, 93% avg. Dry beans 93% harvested for grain, 100% 2008, 96% avg. Pasture and Range conditions 2% very poor, 6% poor, 22% fair, 57% good, and 13% excellent. Little harvest progress was made due to wet, cool conditions. Snow fell the last half of the week in the eastern counties; 87%, 83% last year. Cattl eating 14% of the seventh cutting complete. Cotton 3% harvested, 100% 2008, 98% avg. Hay 95% harvested, 95% 2008, 96% avg.; 86% harvested. Irrigated sorghum 5% poor, 12% fair, 79% good, 4% excellent; 54% mature, 9% harvested for grain. Soybean harvest is similar to 2007 at eleven days behind the average. Corn harvest is now 58% of the seventh cutting complete. Cotton 2% poor, 46% good, 27% excellent; 91% bolls opening, 19% harvested. Corn 14% fair, 77% good, 9% excellent; 97% dent, 74% mature, 43% grain harvested. Irrigated sorghum 5% poor, 12% fair, 79% good, 4% excellent; 54% mature, 9% harvested for grain. Dry sorghum 8% very short, 33% poor, 24% fair, 4% adequate, 12% surplus. There were measurable amounts of rainfall during the week in all localities. Temperatures were above normal across the Garden State. Activities during the week were harvesting corn for grain and silage, harvesting soybeans, planting cover crops, baling hay and preparing fields for next year. Wet weather hampered corn and soybean drying. Emerged barley and wheat seedlings were rated in mostly good condition. Late-season vegetable harvest continued for spinach, cabbage, and lettuce. Producers continued picking remaining grapes and apples.

**NEW JERSEY:** Days suitable for field work 5.0. Topsoil moisture 70% adequate, 30% surplus. Subsoil moisture 80% adequate, 20% surplus. There were measurable amounts of rainfall during the week in all localities. Temperatures were above normal across the Garden State. Activities during the week were harvesting corn for grain and silage, harvesting soybeans, planting cover crops, baling hay and preparing fields, planting cover crops, spreading manure, cleaning and storing equipment for winter, and finishing the harvest of fall vegetables, as well as apples and pears.

**NEW MEXICO:** Days suitable for fieldwork 6.0. Topsoil moisture 22% very short, 34% short, 44% adequate. Wind damage 2% light with 2% of sorghum crops damaged by wind. Freeze damage 10% light. Hail damage 1% light with 1% of cotton and 2 % of sorghum crops damaged by hail. Alfalfa 3% poor, 11% fair, 72% good, 14% excellent; 100% of the fifth cut completed, 88% of the sixth cutting complete, 5% of the seventh cutting complete. Cotton 3% harvested, 25% fair, 46% good, 27% excellent; 91% bolls opening, 19% harvested. Corn 14% fair, 77% good, 9% excellent; 97% dent, 74% mature, 43% grain harvested. Irrigated sorghum 5% poor, 12% fair, 79% good, 4% excellent; 54% mature, 9% harvested for grain. Dry sorghum 8% very short, 33% poor, 24% fair, 4% adequate, 12% surplus. There were measurable amounts of rainfall during the week in all localities. Temperatures were above normal across the Garden State. Activities during the week were harvesting corn for grain and silage, harvesting soybeans, planting cover crops, baling hay and preparing fields for next year. Wet weather hampered corn and soybean drying. Emerged barley and wheat seedlings were rated in mostly good condition. Late-season vegetable harvest continued for spinach, cabbage, and lettuce. Producers continued picking remaining grapes and apples.

**NEW YORK:** Days suitable for fieldwork 5.0. Soil moisture 1% short, 69% adequate and 30% surplus. Pastures 3% very poor, 24% poor, 38% fair, 30% good, and 5% excellent. Corn condition 8% poor, 26% fair, 54% good, 12% excellent. Hay 25% poor, 37% fair, 28% good,
10% excellent, Alfalfa 3rd cutting 99%, 99% average. Silage corn 89%, 94% 2008, 92% average. Grain corn 13%, 23% 2008, 31% average. Potatoes 93%, 98% 2008, 94% average. Dry beans 83%, 82% 2008, 79% average. Soybeans 36%, 45% 2008, 44% average. Apple condition 1% poor, 2% fair, 10% good, 87% excellent. Grapes 30% poor, 33% fair, 37% good, 9% excellent. Apples 70% fair, 20% good, 9% excellent. Grapes 83%, 95% 2008, 92% average. The Finger Lakes grape region welcomed warm temperatures and a break from the rain. The Hudson Valley grape region experienced a warming trend, which helped boost sugars in late red varieties. Tomato 100% harvest. Onions 100%. Sweet corn 98%, 100% average. Snap beans 100%. Cabbage 94%. Cabbage conditions 1% poor, 48% fair, 51% good. Temperatures averaged above normal for the week in nearly all regions of the state. Most areas received above normal amounts of precipitation for the week.

**NORTH CAROLINA:** Days suitable for fieldwork 5.4. Topsoil moisture 1% very short, 10% short, 80% adequate, 9% surplus. The state received some 5% fair, 15% very short last week, with precipitation ranging from no rain to 5.05 inches in Hatteras. Average temperatures were normal, ranging from 50 to 62 degrees. Activities included harvesting cotton, soybeans, peanuts, and apples, and planting small grains.

**OREGON:** Days suitable for fieldwork 5.1. Topsoil moisture 7% very short, 23% short, 62% adequate, 8% surplus. Subsoil moisture 16% very short, 34% short, 50% adequate, 0% surplus. Winter Wheat 87% planted, 86% 2008, 81% avg.; 49% emerged, 36% 2008, 47% avg.; Condition 0% very poor, 0% poor, 59% fair, 33% good, 8% excellent. Range, Pasture 15% very poor, 23% poor, 44% fair, 18% good, 0% excellent. Weather Leaves continued to show fall colors this week. High temperatures (33 to 44 degrees) and rainfall (5 to 12 inches) are common in most areas of Oregon. A total of 25 areas had rainfall exceeding 10 inches. Rainfall was below average in central Oregon. Rainfall was below average in central Oregon. Rainfall was below average in central Oregon. Rainfall was below average in central Oregon. Rainfall was below average in central Oregon. Rainfall was below average in central Oregon. Rainfall was below average in central Oregon. Rainfall was below average in central Oregon. Rainfall was below average in central Oregon. Rainfall was below average in central Oregon. Rainfall was below average in central Oregon.

**OHIO:** Days suitable for fieldwork 5.0. Soil moisture 0% very short, 2% short, 81% adequate, 17% surplus. Corn 1% very poor, 4% poor, 21% fair, 48% good, 26% excellent. Livestock condition 0% very poor, 1% poor, 13% fair, 70% good, 16% excellent. Pasture and Range 2% very poor, 8% poor, 30% fair, 48% good, 12% excellent. Soybeans 1% very poor, 3% poor, 31% fair, 51% good, 10% excellent. Wheat 0% very poor, 5% poor, 28% fair, 54% good, 13% excellent. Corn 90% Mature, 98% 2008, 99% avg.; harvested for grain 17%, 52% 2008, 45% avg. Soybeans 75% harvested, 87% 2008, 78% avg. Winter wheat 79% planted, 99% 2008, 86% avg.; 35% emerged, 68% 2008, 55% avg. Alfalfa hay fourth cutting 90%, 99% 2008, 95% avg. Other hay third cutting 94%, 100% 2008, 99% avg. Apples fall & winter varieties harvested 87%, 94% 2008, 86% avg. Grapes 91% harvested, 82% 2008, 89% avg. Potatoes 85% harvested, 100% 2008, 100% avg. **OKLAHOMA:** Days suitable for fieldwork 2.6. Topsoil moisture 2% very short, 6% short, 66% adequate, 26% surplus. Subsoil moisture 7% very short, 8% short, 73% adequate, 12% surplus. Rye condition 1% very poor, 2% poor, 9% fair, 51% good, 47% excellent. Fall plowing continued this week, 90% last week, 94% last year, 90% average. Oats seedbed prepared 84% this week, 82% last week, 74% last year, 84% average; 41% planted this week, 38% last week, 40% last year, 50% average; 35% emerged this week, 31% last week, 30% last year, 38% average. Corn mature 97% this week, 95% last week, 97% last year, 99% average; harvested 80% this week, 77% last week, 88% last year, 96% average. Soybeans condition 2% very poor, 6% poor, 30% fair, 42% good, 20% excellent; 60% mature this week, 45% last week, 67% last year, 77% average; 27% harvested this week, 19% last week, 29% last year, 44% average. Peanuts 87% mature this week, 81% last week, 94% last year, 97% average; 59% this week, 36% last week, 66% last year, 68% average. Alfalfa condition 2% very poor, 7% poor, 38% fair, 46% good, 7% excellent; 5th cutting 70% this week, 55% last week, 81% last year, 81% average; 6th cutting this week, 9% last week, 24% last year, 31% average. Other hay 2nd cutting 82% this week, 76% last week, 88% average. Livestock condition 2% poor, 4% poor, 25% fair, 58% good, 11% excellent. Pasture and Range condition 2% very poor, 8% poor, 34% fair, 50% good, 6% excellent. Livestock Prices for feeder steers less than 800 pounds averaged $96 per cwt. Prices for heifers less than 800 pounds averaged $87 per cwt. Livestock conditions continued to rate in the mostly good to fair range. Average livestock marketings were reported last week.

**Pennsylvania:** Days suitable for fieldwork 4. Soil moisture is 0% very short, 2% short, 67% adequate, 31% surplus. Fall plowing 60% complete, 70% 2008, 73% avg. Corn 81% mature, 95% 2009, 98% avg.; 32% harvested, 56% 2008, 57% avg.; 91% Silage, 100% 2008, 100%; Hay 66% planted, 93% 2008, 94% avg.; 56% emerged, 80% 2008, 78% avg. Winter Wheat 62% planted, 84% 2008, 82% avg.; 38% emerged, 64% 2008, 56% avg. Soybeans harvest 33% complete, 58% 2008, 47% avg. Alfalfa fourth cutting 88% complete, 100% 2008, 91% avg. Apples harvested 94% complete, 87% 2008, 91% avg. Grape harvest is 80% complete, 81% 2008, 82% avg. Corn crop condition 1% very poor, 47% poor, 17% fair, 66% good, 16% excellent. Soybeans 1% poor, 13% fair, 70% good, 16% excellent. Pasture and Range 15% very poor, 23% poor, 44% fair, 18% good, 0% excellent. Range, Pasture 15% very poor, 23% poor, 44% fair, 18% good, 0% excellent. Weather Leaves continued to show fall colors this week. High temperatures (above average) were common in most areas of Pennsylvania. Rainfall was below average in central Pennsylvania. Rainfall was below average in central Pennsylvania. Rainfall was below average in central Pennsylvania. Rainfall was below average in central Pennsylvania. Rainfall was below average in central Pennsylvania. Rainfall was below average in central Pennsylvania. Rainfall was below average in central Pennsylvania. Rainfall was below average in central Pennsylvania. Rainfall was below average in central Pennsylvania. Rainfall was below average in central Pennsylvania. Rainfall was below average in central Pennsylvania. Rainfall was below average in central Pennsylvania.
conditions returned to South Carolina last week. Fall field activities resumed in full force. Cotton harvest resumed with 33% of the crop reportedly harvested by week’s end. Cotton conditions improved with the drier week. Soybeans continued to mature ahead of the 5 year average. Ninety percent had turned color and 95% had dropped leaves. Both headed and corn are 50% planted. 96% of soybeans were mature and 16% of the crop had been harvested. Growers remained optimistic on yield prospects. Dry weather allowed peanut producers to continue digging and combining fields. Harvest was completed on 76% of the acres by week’s end. Small grain plantings remained behind the 5-year average. Eighteen percent of winter wheat and 20% of oats had been planted with 10% and 8% respectively, emerged. Livestock conditions shifted slightly to 1% very poor, 1% poor, 18% fair, 78% good and 2% excellent. Winter grazings progressed slowly with 70% planted and 40% emerged. Pasture conditions remained favorable and were reported as 2% poor, 45% fair, 52% good and 1% excellent.

SOUTH DAKOTA: Days suitable for fieldwork 2.0 Topsoil moisture 3% very short, 6% short, 78% adequate, 13% surplus. Subsoil moisture 5% very short, 15% short, 73% adequate, 7% surplus. Corn silage harvested 93%, 100% 2008, 100% avg. Sorghum silage harvested 95%, 100% 2008, 99% avg. Sunflower mature 93%, 85% 2008, 92% avg. Soybeans 99%, 100% 2008, 100% avg. Wheat condition 1% poor, 11% fair, 86% good, 22% excellent. Pasture condition 1% poor, 10% fair, 63% good, 26% excellent. Crop production was at the midpoint of the growing season.

TENNESSEE: Days suitable for fieldwork 4. Topsoil moisture 57% adequate, 20% short, 23% surplus. Subsoil moisture 6%, 43% adequate, and 35% surplus. Winter Wheat 29% seeded, 35% 2008, 39% average; Emerged 6%, 9% 2008, 15% average. Burley harvested, 98% 2008, 100% average; Burley Stripped 26%, 23% 2008, 34% average; Dark Fire-Cured 98% harvested, 100% 2008, 100% average. Pastures 2% poor, 16% fair, 63% good, 22% excellent. High pressure dominated the weather through the middle part of last week, keeping the state dry enough to allow farmers to advance harvest somewhat. With harvest weeks behind schedule, producers are concerned about the quality of the crop left in the fields. Over a quarter of the state’s winter wheat has been seeded with 6 percent emerged, both behind normal as producers wait for irrigation to make up for losses and fields to dry down. More wet weather, across the state, did not help the already wet conditions. Some of the major farm activities include harvesting row-crops, caring for livestock, and finishing winter wheat seeding.

TEXAS: Top soil moisture was mostly adequate to surplus across the state. Corn condition was mostly fair to good statewide. Soybean condition was mostly very poor to fair statewide. Peanut condition was mostly fair to good statewide. Wheat condition was mostly fair to good statewide. Pasture condition was mostly fair to good statewide. Rain and pasture condition was mostly fair to good statewide. Showers swept across the central and eastern part of the state leaving up to 2 to 6 inches of moisture in isolated areas. The rest of the state observed light to moderate amounts of rainfall. Winter wheat planting continued in the High Plains. Cool temperatures have accelerated cotton maturity in the Northern High Plains. Rain delayed cotton harvest and milo matured in the Southern High Plains. Winter wheat in the Northern Low Plains continued to emerge. Wheat and oat planting continued in the Cross Timbers and the Edwards Plateau. Winter wheat responded well to the recent rainfall in South Central Texas. Cotton bolls were opening in the Edwards Plateau. Pecan scab increased in North East Texas. Pecan shoot splitting was active in the Trans-Pecos. Supplemental feeding of livestock took place in localized areas of the state but continued to decline due to increased forage growth in the southern part of the state. Range and pasture continued to improve due to the recent rainfall across most of the state.

UTAH: Days suitable for field work 7. Subsoil moisture 8% very short, 35% short, 57% adequate, 0% surplus. Winter Wheat, Planted For Harvest Next Year 96%, 94% 2008, 95% avg. Winter Wheat emerged 51%, 54% 2008, 71% avg. Corn mature 96%, 91% 2008, 94% avg. Corn harvested (grain) 51%, 31% 2008, 52% avg. Corn condition 0% very poor, 1% poor, 22% fair, 64% good, 13% excellent. Alfalfa Hay 3rd Cutting 100%, 100% 2008, 100% avg. Alfalfa Hay 4th Cutting 77%, 100% 2008, 72% 2008, 80% avg. Onions harvested 100%, 99% 2008, 99% avg. Cotton and calves moved From Summer Range 83%, 83% 2008, 87% avg. Cattle and calves condition 0% very poor, 1% poor, 15% fair, 74% good, 10% excellent. Sheep and lambs moved From Summer Range 88%, 85% 2008, 89% avg. Sheep Condition 0% very poor, 1% poor, 8% fair, 81% good, 10% excellent. Stock Water Supplies 13% very short, 21% short, 66% adequate, 0% surplus. Apples harvested 95%, 95% 2008, 89% avg. Peaches harvested 97%, 100% 2008, 100% avg. Pears harvested 93%, 100% 2008, 100% avg. Field work is coming to an end in most counties. Days suitable for work were 6.5 days. Crop and livestock conditions are doing well for this time of year. Box Elder County reports harvest continues on safaflower and grain corn. Grain corn producers have slowed down on the harvest due to the moisture content of the corn. The moisture has dropped below the point that it can be harvested as high moisture but is too high to be harvested and stored at normal moisture content. The harvest on other crops is all but complete. Planting of fall wheat continues on fields where the corn or safafower is being harvested. Cache County reports there is some safafower still being harvested and a few acres of silage corn. Corn grain harvest is underway while most of the winter wheat is planted. Timely fall storms have resulted in impressive germination. Lots of moisture is being applied to fields prior to planting. Salt Lake reports receiving light rain on Tuesday which limited field work. Corn grain harvest continues to progress in the Green River area. Crop production for the year was good as there were adequate irrigation water supplies. Cooler fall weather is upon us. Duchesne County report strong winds the past few days, but the weather has allowed producers to finish harvesting some hay they have had cut. They are still working on harvesting earlage while the grain corn harvest will begin in the next couple of weeks. Box Elder reports livestock producers have their cattle home from the summer ranges. Cattle in the area are either on fall pastures or grazing residue fields throughout the county. Most cattle producers have weaned their calves and some are being shipped to cattle buyers. Range conditions look fair too good for the most part. Some of the winter allotments do not have much grass as rains came too late in the season to benefit the cheat grass and other annuals. Sagebrush and greasewood put on a large amount of growth this year with all the moisture in late May and June. Halogenet is also plentiful on most winter ranges that have salt content in the soil. Cache County reports beef calves are being weaned and sold. Duchesne County reports that the storm in the mountains has increased the movement of livestock to lower elevations. Most producers are working on get the stragglers located and home. Livestock in general are in very good shape and benefited from all the June rain. Producers who winter on the desert are very worried as there has been no significant moisture. This means winter feed is scarce and they will be having winter water. Summit County reports most livestock coming off summer ranges with calves/lambs, are being sold. Producers report calves coming off summer ranges are heavier than normal. Uintah County reports livestock producers are moving livestock off summer ranges onto fall pastures, weaning and shipping. Emery County reports grazing on winter allotments are going to be limited by the BLM due to lack of adequate moisture this summer. There is also very little livestock water available so producers will have to haul water in order to graze on these allotments. Most livestock have been moved home from summer ranges and will soon be moved to winter range if available. Producers are expected to feed much more this fall and winter, or sell their livestock in order to get through this winter. Beaver County reports farm work includes hauling manure and gathering cattle of the range. Garfield and Kane counties report spotty thunder showers brought some moisture to very dry rangelands. Most producers have weaned their calves and have moved cattle to fall/winter pastures. Several ranches do not have adequate stock water, so supplying water will be a challenge this year.

VIRGINIA: Days suitable for fieldwork 5.10. Topsoil moisture 2% very short, 17% short, 76% adequate, 5% surplus. Subsoil moisture 5% very short, 24% short, 70% adequate, 1% surplus. Pasture 4% very poor, 11% poor, 38% fair, 38% good, 9% excellent. Livestock 1% very poor, 3% poor, 21% fair, 54% good, 21% excellent. Corn harvested for grain 79%; 82% 2008; 87% 5-yr avg. Soybeans dropping leaves 95%; 81% 2008; 92% 5-yr avg; harvested 28%; 17% 2008; 27%
WASHINGTON: Days suitable for fieldwork 4.7. Topsoil Moisture Conditions 11% very short, 21% short, 64% adequate, 4% surplus. Much needed rain for emerging winter wheat was received on the eastern side of the state, and many counties reported the new rainfall was sufficient to sprout the new crop. Wheat in Walla Walla County continues to look the best as they have had adequate moisture throughout the fall planting season. In other counties, most of the seeding was done but some re-cropping of the wheat crop, due to wind and drought, continued. In the central portion of the State, dry corn harvest was under way; potato harvest was winding down and processing carrot harvest was on going. Christmas tree growers were sharpening their chain saws for the harvest. In the Yakima Valley, apple harvest continued with Red Delicious, Granny Smith and Fuji apple varieties coming into the packing houses. Fruit quality was good considering the early season freeze although producers are cautious about what goes into long-term storage. In Pacific County, cranberry production continued to exceed last year’s harvest. The dry harvest of berries in the northern county was nearly complete. Range and pasture conditions 9% very poor, 15% poor, 49% fair, 25% good and 2% excellent. In Stevens County, about 80 percent of the livestock are being fed hay. Cheaper hay had renewed interest in owning pregnant cows. Some people who sold out have started talking about what cow prices need to be for them to get back in. Not much movement of weaned calves as prices are way below production costs and hay prices will allow producers to carry calves over the winter if they want to gamble on improved spring demand. In Pacific County, oyster and clam harvest was ongoing with good production levels and prices.VELO:: Days suitable for fieldwork 4.9. Topsoil moisture 13% short, 78% adequate and 9% surplus compared with 29% very short, 38% short and 33% adequate last year. Corn conditions were 2% poor, 16% fair, 57% good and 25% excellent. Corn was 96% mature, 93% in 2008, 5-yr avg. not available. Corn was 36% harvested, 47% in 2008, 49% of 5-yr avg. Soybean conditions were 9% fair, 85% good and 6% excellent. Soybeans were 59% harvested, 49% in 2008, 5% of 5-yr avg. Wheat conditions were 87% fair and 13% good. Wheat was 86% planted, 78% in 2008, 59% 5-yr avg. Wheat was 23% emerged, 48% in 2008, 29% 5-yr avg. Hay third cutting was reported 89% complete, 85% in 2008, 5-yr avg. not available. Apple conditions were 45% fair, 53% good and 2% excellent. Apples were 83% harvested, 80% in 2008, 80% 5-yr avg. Cattle and calves were 2% poor, 12% fair, 83% good and 3% excellent. Sheep and lambs were 1% poor, 17% fair, 80% good and 2% excellent. Farming activities included: cutting hay, harvesting corn, soybeans and apples, preparing for the winter season. WISCONSIN: Days suitable for fieldwork 2.6. Topsoil moisture 0% very short, 3% short, 56% adequate, and 41% surplus. Temperatures ranged from 1 degree above to 2 degrees below normal. Average high temperatures ranged from 50 to 58 degrees across the state. Lows averaged from 37 to 43 degrees for the week. Across the reporting stations, precipitation ranged from 1.47 inches in Madison to 2.86 inches in La Crosse. Corn in the mature stage was 81 percent complete. Corn harvested for silage was 91 percent complete, while corn harvested for grain was 9 percent complete. Soybeans harvested was 25 percent complete. Fall tillage was 21 percent complete. Winter Wheat planting was reported at 65 percent complete and 37 percent emerged. Corn and soybean harvest was slow due to rainfall. Planting of winter wheat was also slowed by the wet conditions. WYOMING: Days suitable for fieldwork 5. Topsoil Moisture Conditions 1% very short, 3% short, 86% adequate. Sugarbeets in some areas were poor, 12% fair, 83% good and 3% excellent. Farming activities included: cutting hay, harvesting corn, soybeans and apples, preparing for the winter season.